

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

FOR THE TEMPORARY IMPORT OF HORSES INTO THE KINGDOM OF BAHRAIN FROM JAPAN FOR COMPETITION

NO. OF CERTIFICATE-----

COUNTRY OF DISPATCH (1) -----

MINISTRY RESPONSIBLE-----

I. IDENTIFICATION OF THE EQUIDAE:

Species	Breed – Age – Sex	Method of identification and identification *
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• A passport identifying the equine may be attached to this certificate provided that its number is stated. <p>A. No. of identification documents(passport): -----</p> <p>B. Validated by :-----</p> <p>(Name of competent authority)</p>		

I. ORIGIN AND DESTINATION OF THE HORSE:

The horse is to be sent from: -----
(Place of export)

Directly to: -----
(Country and place of destination in Bahrain)

Means of transportation: -----
(By truck/ aircraft)

(Indicate means of transport & registration marks, flight number or registered name as appropriate)

Name and address of consignor:

Name and address of consignee:

III. HEALTH INFORMATION:

I, the undersigned, certify that the Equidae described above meets the following requirements.

- (a) It comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African Horse Sickness, Dourine, Glanders, Equine Encephalomyelites (of all types including VEE), Equine Infectious Anaemia, Vesicular Stomatitis, Rabies, and Anthrax.
- (b) It has been examined today and shows no clinical sign of disease, free from external parasites and fit to travel (2).
- (c) It is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication.
- (d) During the 40 days immediately preceding the exportation (or since birth if the animal is less than three months old) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of export and / or European Union.
- (e) It comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization agreed by Bahrain, from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - i. Venezuelan Equine Encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - ii. Dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - iii. Glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - iv. Vesicular Stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3);

Or

the animal was tested on a sample of blood taken within 10 days of export on (4) by a virus neutralization test for Vesicular stomatitis with negative results at a dilution of 1 in 12 (3).

(f) It does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with WOAH definitions, as infected with African Horse Sickness (African Horse Sickness has not occurred in the last 2 years).

- either it was not vaccinated against African Horse Sickness (3)

Or

- it was vaccinated against African Horse Sickness on (3) (4).

(g) It does not come from a holding, which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons, nor had contact with Equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons.

- i. During six months in the case of Equine Encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the Equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered.
- ii. In the case of Equine Infectious Anaemia, until the date on which, the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart.
- iii. During six months in the case of Vesicular Stomatitis.
- iv. During one month from the last recorded case, in the case of Rabies.
- v. During 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of Anthrax.

Or

If all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals

were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of Anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days.

(h) To the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with Equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration.

(i) It was subject to the following tests carried out with negative results on samples of blood taken within 30 days of export on(4).

- A Coggins test for Equine Infectious Anaemia.

(j) It was subject to the following tests carried out with negative results on samples of nasopharyngeal swabs within 5 days of export on(4)..

- RT-PCR for Equine influenza

(k) It was not vaccinated against Venezuelan Equine Encephalomyelitis during the last six months.

(l) It was vaccinated against Japanese B Encephalitis on(4) this being within 12 months of and at least 30 days prior to export (6).

(m) During the 90 days immediately prior to export, but not within 14 days of export, the horse received. Either (i) at least two primary vaccinations against Equine Influenza, given between 21 and 42 days apart.*

Or (ii) It received a booster vaccination against equine influenza which was given within 12 months of a certified primary course, or within 12 months of a certified booster vaccination where it, and any other previous booster vaccinations, had been administered annually within a regular 12-month period since the primary course (7).

Batch No	Vaccine Type	Date	
			1st Primary Vaccination
			2nd Primary Vaccination
			Last Booster Vaccination

Enter both dates of a primary course or the date of a valid booster vaccination (where applicable).

NB: *Where a booster only is entered, certified proof of previous vaccinations must travel with the horse.*

(n) During the past 60 days the equidae have not been resident on holdings on which cases of Hendra disease have been confirmed by the competent authorities. (5)

The equidae have not been in direct contact with equidae which have been resident on infected holdings during the last 60 days. (5)

IV. I have a written Declaration signed by the Owner or the Representative stating that;

The animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispatch to the premises of destination without coming into contact with other equine animals not accompanied by such a certificate, in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance, with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch.

The conditions of point III (d) are fulfilled.

IV. The following declaration is signed by the owner or representative part of the certificate.

DECLARATION

I, the undersigned, ----- (insert name in block capital)

(Owner or representative of the animal described above)

Declare:

1. The horse will be resident inside Bahrain for a period not longer than days.
2. I agree with the statement indicated in paragraph IV
3. The animal has either remain in since birth or entered the country on from (country of origin)

.....

Signature

.....

Place, Date

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian

.....

(Name in block letters, qualification, and title)

(*) the color of the stamp must be different to that of the printing

(1) Territory or part of territory officially approved by MMAA, Bahrain for the import of horses.

(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to Bahrain or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.

(3) Delete as appropriate.

(4) Insert Date.

(5) Only applies for horses originating from Australia

(6) Does not apply to horses from Australia or New Zealand

(7) For Bahrain import purposes a primary course of vaccinations will be considered to consist of at least two doses of the same vaccine given 21-42 days apart. Consideration will be given to primary courses given at intervals outside these limits but ONLY if it can be shown that they are in line with the vaccine manufacturer's recommendations.