

Certificate number: \_\_\_\_\_

## Health Certificate for Live Crustaceans Exported from the United States of America to Japan

1. Competent Authority:						
2. Consignor Name: Address:						
3. Consignee Name: Address:						
4. Place of origin Name: Address:						
5. Place of destination Name: Address:						
6. Port of embarkation:				7. Date of departure:		
8. Means of transport:				9. Flight number/ship name:		
10. Container and seal number:				11. Source (cultured/wild):		
12. Commodities intended for use as: <input type="checkbox"/> Aquaculture <input type="checkbox"/> Ornamental <input type="checkbox"/> Research <input type="checkbox"/> Feed <input type="checkbox"/> Other (      )						
13. Identification of commodities						
Species		Total quantity	Total weight (kg)	Age/ Life stage		
Scientific name	Common name					
14. Latest examination						
Disease	Isolation period	Date of sampling	Sample size	Date of test	Test method	Test result
YHD						
NHP						
TS						
IHHN						
AHPND						
IMN						
BP						
CMD						
GAV						
MBV						
DIV1						

15. Zoosanitary information

I, the undersigned official inspector, hereby certify that the aquatic animals above satisfy the following requirements.

**General information**

1. The Japanese authority consults with the competent authority in the exporting country in light of occurrences of the target diseases and regulatory framework for disease control in the exporting country, and notifies beforehand the competent authority in the exporting country of which status will be assigned to the country, zone, compartment or establishment for each target disease, status 1.A, status 1.B or status 1.B'. Status 1.B' is applicable only to Non WOAHA listed diseases. When the status previously notified to the Japanese authority is changed, the competent authority in the exporting country shall immediately notify to the Japanese authority and receive confirmation from the Japanese authority.

1.A) The country, zone, compartment or establishment is free of the target disease:

- |                                                                    |                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Yellow head disease                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Necrotising hepatopancreatitis                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Taura syndrome                            | <input type="checkbox"/> Infectious hypodermal and haematopoietic necrosis |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Acute hepatopancreatic necrosis disease   | <input type="checkbox"/> Infectious myonecrosis                            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Tetrahedral baculovirus (BP)              | <input type="checkbox"/> Covert mortality disease of shrimp                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Gill-associated disease                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Spherical baculovirus (MBV)                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Infection with decapod iridescent virus 1 |                                                                            |

- a) The exported aquatic animal is confirmed to be from the country, zone, compartment or establishment that is confirmed to be free of the target disease under the surveillance by the competent authority in the exporting country based on the WOAHA code or, if relevant WOAHA code does not exist, by reference to the WOAHA code.

AND

- b) In the event of an outbreak of the target disease, it shall be notified to the competent authority in the exporting country.

AND

- c) The target disease is designated as the target of the official surveillance program of the exporting country in accordance with the WOAHA code.

1.B The country, zone, compartment or establishment is not free of the target disease:

- |                                                                    |                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Yellow head disease                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Necrotising hepatopancreatitis                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Taura syndrome                            | <input type="checkbox"/> Infectious hypodermal and haematopoietic necrosis |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Acute hepatopancreatic necrosis disease   | <input type="checkbox"/> Infectious myonecrosis                            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Tetrahedral baculovirus (BP)              | <input type="checkbox"/> Covert mortality disease of shrimp                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Gill-associated disease                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Spherical baculovirus (MBV)                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Infection with decapod iridescent virus 1 |                                                                            |

- a) No occurrence of the target disease has been reported in aquaculture facilities or fishing areas of the exported aquatic animal at least for one year before the export. Mass mortality of unknown cause has not occurred and the competent authority in the exporting country has not imposed any restriction with the intent of disease control.

AND

- b) Before exports, the exported aquatic animals (if the exported aquatic animal is eggs or juvenile shrimp, including their broodstock) should be isolated from aquatic animals under different health situation at least for detention periods in the attachment at the isolation facility designated by the competent authority in the exporting country. No clinical signs of diseases should be observed during the isolation period. During the isolation period, a sample of the exported aquatic animals should be taken based on the sampling criteria in accordance with the WOAHA code (prevalence: 2%,

confidence: 95%) under the supervision of the competent authority in the exporting country. All tests must be thoroughly conducted in the following methods and all test results should be negative.

**1.B' The country, zone, compartment or establishment is not free of the target disease:**

- Tetrahedral baculovirus (BP)
- Covert mortality disease of shrimp
- Gill-associated disease
- Spherical baculovirus (MBV)

a) Mass mortality of unknown cause has not occurred at least for one year before the export and the competent authority in the exporting country has not imposed any restriction with the intent of disease control.

AND

b) Before exports, the exported aquatic animals (or, if the exported animal is eggs or juvenile shrimp, including their broodstock) should be isolated from aquatic animals under different health situation at least for detention periods indicated in the attachment at the isolation facility designated by the competent authority in the exporting country. No clinical signs of the target disease should be observed during the isolation period. During the isolation period, a sample of the exported aquatic animals should be taken based on the sampling criteria in accordance with the WOA code (prevalence: 5%, confidence: 95%) under the supervision of the competent authority in the exporting country. All tests must be thoroughly conducted in the following methods and all test results should be negative.

	Diseases	Samples	Diagnostic methods
i	Yellow head disease	RNA extracted from gills, lymphoid organ or pleopod	RT-PCR
ii	Necrotising hepatopancreatitis	DNA extracted from hepatopancreas	PCR or Real-time PCR
iii	Taura syndrome	RNA extracted from hemolymph or pleopod	RT-PCR
iv	Infectious hypodermal and haematopoietic necrosis	DNA extracted from gills, cuticular epithelium, hemolymph or pleopod	PCR
v	Acute hepatopancreatic necrosis disease	DNA extracted from hepatopancreas	Nested-PCR or Duplex PCR
vi	Infectious myonecrosis	RNA extracted from muscle, lymphoid organ or pleopod	Nested RT-PCR or Real-time RT-PCR
vii	Tetrahedral baculovirus (BP)	DNA extracted from hepatopancreas	PCR
viii	Covert mortality disease of shrimp	RNA extracted from hepatopancreas and midgut or pleopod	RT-PCR or Nested RT-PCR
ix	Spherical baculovirus (MBV)	DNA extracted from hepatopancreas and midgut	PCR

x	Gill-associated virus disease	RNA extracted from gills or lymphoid organ	Nested RT-PCR
xi	Infection with decapod iridescent virus 1	DNA extracted from gills, lymphoid organ or hepatopancreas	PCR or Real-time PCR

2. The thorough inspections must be conducted by the competent authority or at the facility designated by the competent authority in the exporting country.
3. Aquaculture facilities of the exported aquaculture animals must be equipped with basic biosecurity control in accordance with the WOAHP code under the supervision of the competent authority in the exporting country.
4. The competent authority in the exporting country should confirm that the animals from aquaculture farms were produced at the facility specified on the health certificate, based on the production records etc.
5. The exported aquatic animal should be inspected within 10 days prior to the export and should not demonstrate any clinical signs of infectious diseases.
6. The exported aquatic animal should not be given any live vaccine for the target disease.

**Transport information**

1. Materials such as containers and equipment used for transporting the exported aquatic animal should be new, or washed and disinfected properly.
2. Water used for transporting the animals should be free of the pathogen of the target disease or disinfected properly.

**USDA-Accredited Veterinarian**

Date of Health Inspection:

Name and Address of Veterinarian:

Signature:

**Certifying Official**

Date of Issue:

Name and address of Issuing Authority:

Position and Name of Certifying Official:

Signature:

Stamp