# IV Farm Management

# Explanation

Statistics on farm management, production costs, records of payments related to the farming income stabilization measures, etc., number of certified farmers and situation of basic plans formulation are recorded in this part.

Brief explanations for respective statistics are as follows:

## 1 Farm Management

"Statistics on Management by Farming Type" among "Statistical Survey on Farm Management" by the Statistics Department of MAFF is recorded.

This is conducted to clarify the actual situation of management to agricultural entities which sell agricultural products.

## (1) Statistics on Management by Farming Type

a. Definition of Management Entities

As for definition of agriculture management entities, individual management entities, and Corporate management entities, see page 121, explanation of "II Agriculture and Forestry Management Entities."

b. Farming Types and Classification Standards
Farming types and classification standards are as follows:

Farming Type	Classification Standards		
Paddy field farming	Farming whose sales income totaling all the crops (rice, wheat and barley		
	miscellaneous cereals, potatoes, beans and industrial crops) cultivated in paddy		
	fields is the largest, compared to that from other types of farming		
Upland field farming	Farming whose sales income totaling all the crops (rice, wheat and barle		
	miscellaneous cereals, potatoes, beans and industrial crops) cultivated in upland		
	fields is the largest, compared to that from other types of farming		
Vegetable farming	Farming whose sales income from vegetables is the largest, compared to that		
	from other types of farming		
- Outdoor grown	- Farming whose sales income from outdoor grown vegetables exceeds that		
vegetables	from greenhouse grown vegetables		
- Greenhouse	- Farming whose sales income from greenhouse grown vegetables exceeds that		
grown vegetables	from outdoor grown vegetables		
Fruit farming	Farming whose sales income from fruit is the largest, compared to that from		
	other types of farming		
Flower farming	Farming whose sales income from flowers is the largest, compared to that from		
	other types of farming		
- Outdoor grown	- Farming whose sales income from outdoor grown flowers exceeds that from		
flowers	greenhouse grown flowers		
- Greenhouse	- Farming whose sales income from greenhouse grown flowers exceeds that		
grown flowers	from outdoor grown flowers		
Dairy farming	Farming whose sales income from dairy farming is the largest, compared to that		
	from other types of farming		
Beef cattle farming	Farming whose sales income from beef cattle farming is the largest, compared		
	to that from other types of farming		
- Breeding cattle	- Farming where the number of breeding cattle farmed exceeds that of those		

	being fattened among the beef cattle farming operation
- Fattening cattle	- Farming where the number of cattle being fattened exceeds that of the
	breeding cattle being farmed among the beef cattle farming operation
Pig farming	Farming whose sales income from pig farming is the largest, compared to that
	from other types of farming
Poultry farming	Farming whose sales income from poultry farming is the largest, compared to
	that from other types of farming
Broiler farming	Farming whose sales income from broiler farming is the largest, compared to
	that from other types of farming
Other farming	Farming that is not classified into any of the above types

c. Sectors to Grasp Income and Expenditure in "Statistics on Management by Farming Type" Sectors to grasp income and expenditure by farming type are as follows:

Sectors for Statistics on Management by Farming Type (Individual Management)		
Farming Type	Sectors	
Upland field farming	sweet potato farming, potato farming, tea farming	
Outdoor grown	Outdoor grown cucumber farming, outdoor grown tomato (large) farming,	
vegetable farming	outdoor grown eggplant farming, outdoor grown cabbage farming, outdoor	
	grown spinach farming, outdoor grown onion farming, outdoor grown lettuce	
	farming, outdoor grown Chinese cabbage farming, outdoor grown welsh onion	
	(white) farming, outdoor grown Japanese radish farming, outdoor grown carrot	
	farming	
Greenhouse grown	Greenhouse grown cucumber farming, greenhouse grown tomato (large)	
vegetable farming	farming, greenhouse grown mini tomato farming, greenhouse grown eggplant	
	farming	
Fruit farming	Apple farming, outdoor grown mandarin orange farming, greenhouse grown	
	mandarin orange farming, outdoor grown grape farming, greenhouse grown	
	grape farming, nashi pear farming, peach farming, persimmon farming, plum	
	farming, cherry farming, kiwifruit farming, Japanese plum farming	
Greenhouse grown	Greenhouse grown flower (rose) farming	
flower farming		

## d. Statistics on Management by Type of Management

This is compiled by the data of agriculture management entities classified into each farming type, from paddy field farming to broiler farming, as classified farming type, besides adding the agriculture management entities classified into other agriculture management entities to the data.

As for definition of "Status of Farm Business," see page 121, explanation of "II Agriculture and Forestry Management Entities."

#### 2 Production Costs

## (1) Production Cost of Crops

"Statistics on Production Cost of Crops" of which, "Statistical Survey on Farm Management" by the Statistics Department of MAFF is recorded.

This is conducted to grasp concerning Production costs of rice and wheat etc.

Estimated unit for Production costs are as follows:

Item	Unit
Rice	paddy field brown rice 60kg
Wheat, naked barley	husked wheat per 60 kg
Two-row barley, six-row barley	husked wheat per 50 kg
Sweet potato (for processing),	100 kg
Potato (for processing)	
Soybean, rape seeds	60 kg
Sugar cane, sugar beet	1 t
Buckwheat	45 kg

#### a. Production Costs of Rice

The statistics data by year, by agricultural region and by prefecture shows production costs per 60 kg of paddy field brown rice and production cost per 10a of paddy rice planted area by cost elements.

- b. Production Costs of Wheat, Two-Row Barley, Six-Row Barley, and Naked Barley Statistics show production cost of wheat, two-row barley, six-row barley, and naked barely per unit and per planted 10 ares by cost elements.
- c. Production Costs of Potatoes, Soybeans, and Industrial Crops
  Statistics show production cost of sweet potatoes (for processing), potatoes (for processing), soybeans, sugar cane, sugar beet, rape seeds and buckwheat per unit and per planted 10 ares by cost elements.
- d. The Survey Period of Production Costs

The survey period of production costs is one year from the start of cultivation to the end of the harvest of the relevant crops.

#### (2) Statistics on Production Cost of Livestock

"Statistics on Production Cost of Livestock" of which, "Statistical Survey on Farm Management" by the Statistics Department of MAFF is recorded.

This is conducted to grasp concerning Production costs of Milk and Beef Cattle and Fattening Pigs.

a. Production Costs of Milk

Statistics show production cost of raw milk per 100 kg by cost elements.

b. Production Costs of Beef Cattle

Statistics show production cost for fattening castrated young cattle, fattening dairy bulls, fattening hybrid type cattle, raising dairy bulls, raising hybrid type cattle and raising calves, per head by cost elements.

c. Production Costs of Fattening Pigs

Statistics show production cost for fattening pigs, per head by cost elements.

d. The Survey Period of Production Costs

The survey period of production costs is from January to December of the survey year.

3 Results of Payments under Farming Income Stabilization Measures, etc.

The data from the Crop Production Bureau of MAFF is recorded.

This is compiled results of nationwide payments of grants under farming income stabilization measures.

4 Number of Certified Farmers and Status of Basic Plans Formulation

The data from the Management Improvement Bureau of MAFF is recorded.

#### (1) Certified Farmers

It means the farmers or corporations that submitted their agricultural management improvement plan (to municipalities, etc.) and received approval, and specified agricultural corporations considered equivalent to certified farmers.

# (2) Basic Plan

It means that the goal for the effective and stable farming management is planned by the actual situation of each municipality based on the Act on Promotion of Improvement of Agricultural Management Foundation.