

# Status of countries and regions introduced import measures on Japanese food after the TEPCO Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station accident

✓ Total 55 countries and regions have introduced import measures on Japanese food following the nuclear power station accident, and nearly 90% of them, 48 have eliminated the measures.

(As of 24 August 2023)

Type of measures and number of countries or regions <sup>※</sup>			Name of countries or regions	
Introduced additional measures after the accident	Lifted all the measures	48	Canada, Myanmar, Serbia, Chile, Mexico, Peru, Guinea, New Zealand, Colombia, Malaysia, Ecuador, Vietnam, Iraq, Australia, Thailand, Bolivia, India, Kuwait, Nepal, Iran, Mauritius, Qatar, Ukraine, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Argentina, Turkey, New Caledonia, Brazil, Oman, Bahrain, Congo DR, Brunei, Philippines, Morocco, Egypt, Lebanon, United Arab Emirates, Israel, Singapore, USA, UK, Indonesia, EU, Iceland, Norway, Switzerland, Liechtenstein	
			55	7
		<b>Import ban</b>		

※ Countries and regions are classified by type of measures. Prefectures and items subject to the measures differ with countries and regions.

# Import ban on Japanese food by countries and regions after discharge of ALPS treated water

✓ Some countries and regions introduced import ban after discharge of ALPS treated water.

Type of measures and number of countries or regions <sup>※</sup>			Name of countries or regions
Import ban after discharge	3	<b>Import ban</b> on fishery products from <b>all the prefectures</b>	China
		<b>Import ban</b> on fishery products etc. from <b>10 prefectures</b>	Hong Kong
		<b>Import ban</b> on fresh food etc. from <b>10 prefectures</b>	Macau

※ Measures such as reinforcement of import inspection on Japanese fishery products are conducted by Russia, Thailand and Malaysia