1. Background Cont'

SHEP Approach essential steps

Essential 4 Steps	Activities in the Project		
1. Selection of Targets & Sharing Vision/Goal	 Sensitization Workshop Selection of Target Sub-county through Proposal System Selection of Target Groups by Sub-county 		
2. Farmers' Awareness of Current Situation & New Information	 Participatory Baseline Survey Stakeholder Forum Gender Mainstreaming & Group Empowerment Training ToT on Market Survey, Crop Selection & Action Plan Market Survey by farmers 		
3. Decision Making by Farmers	 Crop Selection by farmers Crop Action Plan by farmers 		
4. Provision of Technical Solutions	 ToT on Crop Production for Extension Workers In-field Trainings for Farmers Engineering Based Activities 		
"SHEP Approach" (Small Holder Empowerment & Promotion Approach)			

1. Background Cont'



Farmers' awareness and behavior changed from "grow and sell" to "grow to sell"

Sustainable increase in their income from horticulture

1. Background Cont'

The SHEP Approach has been implemented in 3 phases

- ✓ 1st phase: SHEP (2006-2009)
 ✓ 2nd phase: SHEP UP (2010-2015)
 ✓ 3rd phase: SHEP PLUS (2015-2020)
- Overall Goal: " To improve the Livelihood of the Smallholder Horticulture farmers"

2.0: Achievements

Project Phase	Project Phase Name	No of Counties	No. of direct beneficiaries (Farmers)
1	Smallholder Horticulture Empowerment Project (SHEP :2006-2009)	4	2,500
2	Smallholder Horticulture Empowerment and Promotion Unit Project (SHEP UP: 2010-2015)	33	14,000
3	Smallholder Horticulture Empowerment and Promotion Project for Local and Up Scaling (SHEP PLUS: 2015-2020)	18	4,500
Total			21,000

*Training of staff from **23** African countries on SHEP Approach-**133** officials trained in Kenya and Japan

3.0: Outcomes

- Improved productivity
- One group is now an exporter of flowers
- On average farmers' net income from horticulture increased by at least 80%
- Average Net-Income Difference between Male & Female farmers decreased by about 15%
- 840 farmer groups linked to Various Business Service providers

3.0: Outcomes: Improved productivity



Arabicum

Mollucella flower



Snowpeas



Bullet Chillies





3.0: Outcomes: Improved productivity



Cauliflower

Amaranthus

Banana

4.0: Impact

- Improved food security & livelihood support (Some farmers have diversified to on farm & off farm enterprises
- Higher income to households has led to improved standards of living
- Improvement in job creation
- Increase in community resource mobilization & creation of revolving funds
- Some groups have evolved to Community Based Organizations (CBOs)

4.0 Impacts: Diversification



Dairy Cows





Seedling production



Truck

Motor Cycle

Agrovet

4.0 Impacts: Implementation of Gender action plans





5.0: Challenges & Way forward

	Challenge	Way forward
1	Weak group leadership and problem of group dynamics in some groups	Involved Social Services Department
2	High dependence on rain fed Agriculture	Trained on water harvesting & utilization technologies

6.0: Lessons Learnt

- Vulnerable groups can also engage in profitable horticulture production as long as they are guided to select the crops they can manage such as local vegetables
- Market survey is a key ingredient to success ("Grow to Sell" and Not "GROW and then SELL")
- Focused stakeholder forum is necessary for sustainability
- Training on Gender Mainstreaming & Joint Family resources management (Family budgeting) helps farmers utilize their income wisely

Asante Sana Domo Arigato Gozaimasu













Welcome to Kenya

Abbreviation

• "SHEP Approach":Smallholder Horticulture Empowerment & Promotion Approach