Table 36: Articles of unclear relevance (category C) after detailed assessment: sorted by data requirement(s)

No	Data requirement (indicated by the corresponding CA / CP data point No.)	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Justification
673	CA 5.3	Aitbali Y. et al.	2018	Glyphosate based- herbicide exposure affects gut microbiota, anxiety and depression-like behaviors in mice.	Neurotoxicology and teratology (2018), Vol. 67, pp. 44	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This study uses Roundup administered at half of or at the NOAEL concentration via a stomach tube. The surfactant is irritating and any negative results are not surprising. The acidic effect of glyphosate is also a concern.
675	CA 5.8	Bote K. et al.	2019	Minimum Inhibitory Concentration of Glyphosate and of a Glyphosate-Containing Herbicide Formulation for Escherichia coli Isolates - Differences Between Pathogenicand Non-pathogenic Isolates and Between Host Species.	Frontiers in microbiology (2019), Vol. 10, pp. 932	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. The study uses a system designed to measure antibiotic MICs that are usually done by culturing bacteria in a specific media for antibiotiic diffusion in ug/ml range. Instead the paperlooks at glyphosate in mg/ml range following MIC procedures. There is no justification for the dose, which should be at about 100000X lower dose. Most gut microbes microbes are anaerobes.
680	CA 5.8	Kruger M. et al.	2013	Glyphosate suppresses the antagonistic effect of Enterococcus spp. on Clostridium botulinum.	Anaerobe (2013), Vol. 20, pp. 74	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. Moreover, the doses used in this study are not justified and are unrealistically high. Cultures are batch culture and it is unclear if conditions are to get values in growing phase. Comparisons between glyphosate and Roundup are completely different so they cannot be compared.
679	CA 5.8.2	Good P.	2018	Evidence the U.S. autism epidemic initiated by acetaminophen (Tylenol) is aggravated by oral antibiotic amoxicillin/clavulanate (Augmentin) and now exponentially by herbicide glyphosate (Roundup).	Clinical nutrition ESPEN (2018), Vol. 23, pp. 171	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This paper contains no new data. It uses computer algorithms to make associations that are not proved. It claims that glyphosate impacts methionine and tryptophan and ignores that these amino acids are not only essential for the human diet but that microbially derived amino acids are only available via coprophagy.

No	Data requirement (indicated by the corresponding CA / CP data point No.)	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Justification
681	CA 5.8.2	Lozano V. L. et al.	2018	Sex-dependent impact of Roundup on the rat gut microbiome.	Toxicology reports (2018), Vol. 5, pp. 96	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This study has a number of issues related to design: Rats are at the end of their life when feces were sampled. It is not clear of feces were sampled pre- or post mortem. Results are confounded by advanced age or even tumor status of these rats, predominantly mammary. The smaller than expected number of phyla may be related to age of the rats. Short-term responses are not surprising: cells in direct contact with a substance in a test tube (liquid medium) will respond differently than cells exposed to that same substance within their natural environment. So in vitro data usually show cells have a greater sensitivity to the substance than in vivo data. And within the intestinal environment there is much to dilute, diminish or mask the substance's effect. This diminished effect in vivo has been documented repeatedly for a large number of test substances.
682	CA 5.8.2	Mao Q. et al.	2018	The Ramazzini Institute 13-week pilot study on glyphosate and Roundup administered at human-equivalent dose to Sprague Dawley rats: effects on the microbiome.	Environmental Health (2018), Vol. 29, No. 17, pp 50	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. In this publication there was no clinical evidence of alterations in activity or behavior in pups. Body weight, water and feed consumption both in dams and pups were no different across the groups. Litter sizes were fully comparable among groups. To identify changes in microbes with multiple analyses in groups of animals is not unexpected and not necessarily indicative of a specific effect of the active substance. Changes within all rats due to maturation are greater than the differences between treatment groups. Moreover there are several points limiting the significance of the results: 1) information to calculate dose is not in the paper and seems intentional, 2) ADI is not the same as exposure which averages 1% of the ADI, and clinical signs were by definition not observed at the NOAEL which is 100-fold greater than the ADI. Animals in these toxicity studies had gut microbes, 3) Claims of exposure via milk are unfounded. The statistical analysis results in some differences but they do not put these changes into the context of whether they are normal.

No	Data requirement (indicated by the corresponding CA / CP data point No.)	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Justification
672	CA 6.4	Ackermann W. et al.	2015	The influence of glyphosate on the microbiota and production of botulinum neurotoxin during ruminal fermentation.	Current microbiology (2015), Vol. 70, No. 3, pp. 374.	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. The system used in this study was not developed for microbiological research. Instead it was developed for comparing rates of digestion of feed. It is not a dynamic system like a rumen but a batch culture system. In 48 hrs they showed that adding glyphosate resulted in greater drops in pH as a result of inadequate buffering. The endpoints are consistent with decreased pH. They are inconsistent with more sophisticated rumen simulation techniques that found no effects from glyphosate.
676	CA 6.4	Bote K. et al.	2019	Effect of a Glyphosate-Containing Herbicide on Escherichia coli and Salmonella Ser. Typhimurium in an In Vitro Rumen Simulation System.	European journal of microbiology & immunology, (2019), Vol. 9, No. 3, pp. 94	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This study used a rumen simmulation technique that resonably replicated rumen conditions that allowed for dynamic effects of feeding and removal of waste products. In the absence of a suitable dossier datapoint it was allocated to point CA 6.4 as it concerns livestock. However, it is important to note that it is not a residue study and does not provide any data on the transfer of residues from feed to food of animal origin.
678	CA 6.4	Gerlach H. et al.	2014	Oral application of charcoal and humic acids to dairy cows influences Clostridium botulinum blood serum antibody level and glyphosate excretion in urine.	Journal of Clinical Toxicology (2014), Vol. 4, No. 2, pp. 186	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. Additionally there significant difficiencies (lack of control group, treatments). Glyphosate concentrations in urine would be highly impacted by urine volume which is affected by milk production and environmental temperature. Interestingly, aerobes from feces are tested and ruminants rely on strict anaerobes in the rumen and colon.
684	CA 6.4	Nielsen L. N. c. r. et al.	2017	Glyphosate has limited short-term effects on commensal bacterial community composition in the gut environment due to sufficient aromatic amino acid levels	Environmental pollution (2018), Vol. 233, pp. 364	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This study shows that aromatic amino acids in culture conditions can negate impact on gut microbes from glyphosate because microbes with sensitive EPSPS can get these amino acids from the media.
685	CA 6.4	Riede S. et al.	2016	Investigations on the possible impact of a glyphosate-containing herbicide on ruminal metabolism and bacteria in vitro by means of the 'Rumen Simulation Technique'.	Journal of applied microbiology (2016), Vol. 121, No. 3, pp. 644	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. In this study a system was developed for studying ruminal organisms that is dynamic, used mixed population of microbes, and is periodically fed with removal of waste products. There were no impacts of glyphosate formulation to this system.

No	Data requirement (indicated by the corresponding CA / CP data point No.)	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Justification
686	CA 6.4	Schrodl W. et al.	2014	Possible effects of glyphosate on Mucorales abundance in the rumen of dairy cows in Germany.	Current microbiology (2014), Vol. 69, No. 6, pp. 817	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. Methodological shortcomings of the approaches used reduce the significance of the results (rumen fungi are stricly anaerobic, but they use aerobic cultures; 2) spot-urine concentrations are highly affected by the level of milk production 3) the ELISA is not validated and the LOD ws not used, no validation is described for other assays.
687	CA 6.4	Shehata A. A. et al.	2014	Neutralization of the antimicrobial effect of glyphosate by humic acid in vitro.	Chemosphere (2014), Vol. 104, pp. 258	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. In the absence of a suitable dossier datapoint it was allocated to point CA 6.4 as it concerns livestock. However, it is important to note that it is not a residue study and does not provide any data on the transfer of residues from feed to food of animal origin.
688	CA 6.4	Shehata A. A. et al.	2013	The effect of glyphosate on potential pathogens and beneficial members of poultry microbiota in vitro.	Current microbiology (2013), Vol. 66, No. 4, pp. 350	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. The publication does not provide new information (potential effects on microorganims with sensitive EPSPS are well known) and real world conditions of the gut are not replicated (study conducted on minimal media; microorganisms exposed to extremely high doses of glyphosate (1000x); aged cultures inducing additional stress).
689	CA 6.4	Vicini J. L. et al.	2019	Glyphosate in livestock: feed residues and animal health.	Journal of animal science (2019), Vol. 97, No. 11, pp. 4509	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. Review article.
677	CA 6.5	Clair E. et al.	2012	Effects of Roundup(®) and glyphosate on three food microorganisms: Geotrichum candidum, Lactococcus lactis subsp. cremoris and Lactobacillus delbrueckii subsp. bulgaricus.	Current microbiology (May), Vol. 64, No. 5, pp. 486	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. However, based on the results presented, it is not possible to reach a scientifically sound conclusion that the ability to make cheese using these organisms has been compromised by Roundup formulations. Application of dilutions (1%) of glyphosate were shown to inhibit a yeast-like organism, which is unsurprising. Surfactant solutions are routinely used to sanitize food processing equipment at concentrations at or above those tested by Clair et al. These concentrations are vastly higher than the concentrations of glyphosate or possible surfactant present (if any) in incoming milk.

No	Data requirement (indicated by the corresponding CA / CP data point No.)	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Justification
690	CA 8.2.8	Yang X. et al.	2019	Effects of the glyphosate-based herbicide roundup on the survival, immune response, digestive activities and gut microbiota of the Chinese mitten crab, Eriocheir sinensis	Aquatic toxicology (2019), Vol. 214, pp. 105243	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This study uses a high dose of roundup formulation. The surfactants in Roundup are known to be toxic to aquatic animals. This publication indicates a potentially significant decline in survivial due to Roundup. Therefore, results obtained for other endpoints beyond survival may be secondary to known toxicity of the surfactants.
674	CA 8.3.1.2	Blot N. et al.	2019	Glyphosate, but not its metabolite AMPA, alters the honeybee gut microbiota	PloS one (2019), Vol. 14, No. 4, pp. e0215466	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. In this publication, experiments were conducted with a dose (10x increased) and an exposure for a longer period than is expected to occur from field exposure. Results indicated no effect on survival but some effect on profile of gut microbes. AMPA did not affect profile which could be due to AMPA does not inhibit EPSPS.
683	CA 8.3.1.2	Motta E. V. S. et al.	2018	Glyphosate perturbs the gut microbiota of honey bees.	Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2018), Vol. 115, No. 41, pp. 10305	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This papers describes exposure of bees to glyphosate and its impact on gut microbiota.

Table 37: Articles of unclear relevance (category C) after detailed assessment: sorted by author(s)

No	Author(s)	Data requirement (indicated by the corresponding CA / CP data point No.)	Year	Title	Source	Justification
672	Ackermann W. et al.	CA 6.4	2015	The influence of glyphosate on the microbiota and production of botulinum neurotoxin during ruminal fermentation.	Current microbiology (2015), Vol. 70, No. 3, pp. 374.	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. The system used in this study was not developed for microbiological research. Instead it was developed for comparing rates of digestion of feed. It is not a dynamic system like a rumen but a batch culture system. In 48 hrs they showed that adding glyphosate resulted in greater drops in pH as a result of inadequate buffering. The endpoints are consistent with decreased pH. They are inconsistent with more sophisticated rumen simulation techniques that found no effects from glyphosate.
673	Aitbali Y. et al.	CA 5.3	2018	Glyphosate based- herbicide exposure affects gut microbiota, anxiety and depression-like behaviors in mice.	Neurotoxicology and teratology (2018), Vol. 67, pp. 44	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This study uses Roundup administered at half of or at the NOAEL concentration via a stomach tube. The surfactant is irritating and any negative results are not surprising. The acidic effect of glyphosate is also a concern.
674	Blot N. et al.	CA 8.3.1.2	2019	Glyphosate, but not its metabolite AMPA, alters the honeybee gut microbiota	PloS one (2019), Vol. 14, No. 4, pp. e0215466	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. In this publication, experiments were conducted with a dose (10x increased) and an exposure for a longer period than is expected to occur from field exposure. Results indicated no effect on survival but some effect on profile of gut microbes. AMPA did not affect profile which could be due to AMPA does not inhibit EPSPS.
675	Bote K. et al.	CA 5.8	2019	Minimum Inhibitory Concentration of Glyphosate and of a Glyphosate-Containing Herbicide Formulation for Escherichia coli Isolates - Differences Between Pathogenicand Non-pathogenic Isolates and Between Host Species.	Frontiers in microbiology (2019), Vol. 10, pp. 932	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. The study uses a system designed to measure antibiotic MICs that are usually done by culturing bacteria in a specific media for antibiotiic diffusion in ug/ml range. Instead the paperlooks at glyphosate in mg/ml range following MIC procedures. There is no justification for the dose, which should be at about 100000X lower dose. Most gut microbes microbes are anaerobes.

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676	Bote K. et al.	CA 6.4	2019	Effect of a Glyphosate-Containing Herbicide on Escherichia coli and Salmonella Ser. Typhimurium in an In Vitro Rumen Simulation System.	European journal of microbiology & immunology, (2019), Vol. 9, No. 3, pp. 94	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This study used a rumen simmulation technique that resonably replicated rumen conditions that allowed for dynamic effects of feeding and removal of waste products. In the absence of a suitable dossier datapoint it was allocated to point CA 6.4 as it concerns livestock. However, it is important to note that it is not a residue study and does not provide any data on the transfer of residues from feed to food of animal origin.
677	Clair E. et al.	CA 6.5	2012	Effects of Roundup(®) and glyphosate on three food microorganisms: Geotrichum candidum, Lactococcus lactis subsp. cremoris and Lactobacillus delbrueckii subsp. bulgaricus.	Current microbiology (May), Vol. 64, No. 5, pp. 486	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. However, based on the results presented, it is not possible to reach a scientifically sound conclusion that the ability to make cheese using these organisms has been compromised by Roundup formulations. Application of dilutions (1%) of glyphosate were shown to inhibit a yeast-like organism, which is unsurprising. Surfactant solutions are routinely used to sanitize food processing equipment at concentrations at or above those tested by Clair et al. These concentrations are vastly higher than the concentrations of glyphosate or possible surfactant present (if any) in incoming milk.
678	Gerlach H. et al.	CA 6.4	2014	Oral application of charcoal and humic acids to dairy cows influences Clostridium botulinum blood serum antibody level and glyphosate excretion in urine.	Journal of Clinical Toxicology (2014), Vol. 4, No. 2, pp. 186	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. Additionally there significant difficiencies (lack of control group, treatments). Glyphosate concentrations in urine would be highly impacted by urine volume which is affected by milk production and environmental temperature. Interestingly, aerobes from feces are tested and ruminants rely on strict anaerobes in the rumen and colon.
679	Good P.	CA 5.8.2	2018	Evidence the U.S. autism epidemic initiated by acetaminophen (Tylenol) is aggravated by oral antibiotic amoxicillin/clavulanate (Augmentin) and now exponentially by herbicide glyphosate (Roundup).	Clinical nutrition ESPEN (2018), Vol. 23, pp. 171	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This paper contains no new data. It uses computer algorithms to make associations that are not proved. It claims that glyphosate impacts methionine and tryptophan and ignores that these amino acids are not only essential for the human diet but that microbially derived amino acids are only available via coprophagy.

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680	Kruger M. et al.	CA 5.8	2013	Glyphosate suppresses the antagonistic effect of Enterococcus spp. on Clostridium botulinum.	Anaerobe (2013), Vol. 20, pp. 74	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. Moreover, the doses used in this study are not justified and are unrealistically high. Cultures are batch culture and it is unclear if conditions are to get values in growing phase. Comparisons between glyphosate and Roundup are completely different so they cannot be compared.
681	Lozano V. L. et al.	CA 5.8.2	2018	Sex-dependent impact of Roundup on the rat gut microbiome.	Toxicology reports (2018), Vol. 5, pp. 96	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This study has a number of issues related to design: Rats are at the end of their life when feces were sampled. It is not clear of feces were sampled pre- or post mortem. Results are confounded by advanced age or even tumor status of these rats, predominantly mammary. The smaller than expected number of phyla may be related to age of the rats. Short-term responses are not surprising: cells in direct contact with a substance in a test tube (liquid medium) will respond differently than cells exposed to that same substance within their natural environment. So in vitro data usually show cells have a greater sensitivity to the substance than in vivo data. And within the intestinal environment there is much to dilute, diminish or mask the substance's effect. This diminished effect in vivo has been documented repeatedly for a large number of test substances.
682	Mao Q. et al.	CA 5.8.2	2018	The Ramazzini Institute 13-week pilot study on glyphosate and Roundup administered at human-equivalent dose to Sprague Dawley rats: effects on the microbiome.	Environmental Health (2018), Vol. 29, No. 17, pp 50	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. In this publication there was no clinical evidence of alterations in activity or behavior in pups. Body weight, water and feed consumption both in dams and pups were no different across the groups. Litter sizes were fully comparable among groups. To identify changes in microbes with multiple analyses in groups of animals is not unexpected and not necessarily indicative of a specific effect of the active substance. Changes within all rats due to maturation are greater than the differences between treatment groups. Moreover there are several points limiting the significance of the results: 1) information to calculate dose is not in the paper and seems intentional, 2) ADI is not the same as exposure which averages 1% of the ADI, and clinical signs were by definition not observed at the NOAEL which is 100-fold greater than the ADI. Animals in these toxicity studies had gut microbes, 3) Claims of exposure via milk are unfounded. The statistical analysis results in some differences but they do not put these changes into the context of whether they are normal.

No	Author(s)	Data requirement (indicated by the corresponding CA / CP data point No.)	Year	Title	Source	Justification
683	Motta E. V. S. et al.	CA 8.3.1.2	2018	Glyphosate perturbs the gut microbiota of honey bees.	Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2018), Vol. 115, No. 41, pp. 10305	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This papers describes exposure of bees to glyphosate and its impact on gut microbiota.
684	Nielsen L. N. c. r. et al.	CA 6.4	2017	Glyphosate has limited short-term effects on commensal bacterial community composition in the gut environment due to sufficient aromatic amino acid levels	Environmental pollution (2018), Vol. 233, pp. 364	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This study shows that aromatic amino acids in culture conditions can negate impact on gut microbes from glyphosate because microbes with sensitive EPSPS can get these amino acids from the media.
685	Riede S. et al.	CA 6.4	2016	Investigations on the possible impact of a glyphosate-containing herbicide on ruminal metabolism and bacteria in vitro by means of the 'Rumen Simulation Technique'.	Journal of applied microbiology (2016), Vol. 121, No. 3, pp. 644	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. In this study a system was developed for studying ruminal organisms that is dynamic, used mixed population of microbes, and is periodically fed with removal of waste products. There were no impacts of glyphosate formulation to this system.
686	Schrodl W. et al.	CA 6.4	2014	Possible effects of glyphosate on Mucorales abundance in the rumen of dairy cows in Germany.	Current microbiology (2014), Vol. 69, No. 6, pp. 817	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. Methodological shortcomings of the approaches used reduce the significance of the results (rumen fungi are stricly anaerobic, but they use aerobic cultures; 2) spot-urine concentrations are highly affected by the level of milk production 3) the ELISA is not validated and the LOD ws not used, no validation is described for other assays.
687	Shehata A. A. et al.	CA 6.4	2014	Neutralization of the antimicrobial effect of glyphosate by humic acid in vitro.	Chemosphere (2014), Vol. 104, pp. 258	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. In the absence of a suitable dossier datapoint it was allocated to point CA 6.4 as it concerns livestock. However, it is important to note that it is not a residue study and does not provide any data on the transfer of residues from feed to food of animal origin.
688	Shehata A. A. et al.	CA 6.4	2013	The effect of glyphosate on potential pathogens and beneficial members of poultry microbiota in vitro.	Current microbiology (2013), Vol. 66, No. 4, pp. 350	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. The publication does not provide new information (potential effects on microorganims with sensitive EPSPS are well known) and real world conditions of the gut are not replicated (study conducted on minimal media; microorganisms exposed to extremely high doses of glyphosate (1000x); aged cultures inducing additional stress).

No	Author(s)	Data requirement (indicated by the corresponding CA / CP data point No.)	Year	Title	Source	Justification
689	Vicini J. L. et al.	CA 6.4	2019	Glyphosate in livestock: feed residues and animal health.	Journal of animal science (2019), Vol. 97, No. 11, pp. 4509	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. Review article.
690	Yang X. et al.	CA 8.2.8	2019	Effects of the glyphosate-based herbicide roundup on the survival, immune response, digestive activities and gut microbiota of the Chinese mitten crab, Eriocheir sinensis	Aquatic toxicology (2019), Vol. 214, pp. 105243	5.4.1 case c) Relevance cannot be determined: Potential effects to gut microbes are not part of the EU risk assessments. Suitable scientific approaches to assess effects are not specified, thus relevance of the effects remained unclear. This study uses a high dose of roundup formulation. The surfactants in Roundup are known to be toxic to aquatic animals. This publication indicates a potentially significant decline in survivial due to Roundup. Therefore, results obtained for other endpoints beyond survival may be secondary to known toxicity of the surfactants.

Table 38: Articles excluded after detailed assessment (i.e. not relevant): sorted by technical section (and by author)

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
691	Ecotoxicology	Abalaka M. E. et al.	2015	Effects of pesticides on the micro-flora of loamy soil obtained from biological garden, federal university of technology, minna, Nigeria	Advance in Agriculture and Biology (2015), Vol. 4, No. 3, pp. 106-113	Presented data cannot be related to an EU level ANNEX I risk assessment (microbial population study).
692	Ecotoxicology	Abdulkareem S. I. et al.	2014	Effect of lethal and sub- lethal concentrations of glyphosate on some biochemical parameters and growth responses of African catfish (Clarias gariepinus).	Egyptian Academic Journal of Biological Sciences B Zoology (2014), Vol. 6, No. 2, pp. 47-54	Endpoints are not relatable to an EU level risk assessment. No information provided on the levels of exposure presented.
693	Ecotoxicology	Abraham J. et al.	2018	Commercially formulated glyphosate can kill non-target pollinator bees under laboratory conditions.	Entomologia Experimentalis et Applicata (2018), Vol. 166, No. 8, pp. 695-702	The study was conducted using Sunphosate 360 SL, which is not the representative formulation for the EU renewal at Annex I.
694	Ecotoxicology	Achiorno C. L. et al.	2018	Susceptibility of Chordodes nobilii (Gordiida, Nematomorpha) to three pesticides: Influence of the water used for dilution on endpoints in an ecotoxicity bioassay.	Environmental pollution (2018), Vol. 242, No. Pt B, pp. 1427-1435	This paper describes the conduct of aquatic toxicity assays using naturally collected waters from the countries of interest. Infection rate of hosts was also assessed as an endpoint. Roundup that contains POEA was also used in the study. This surfactant is not in the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
695	Ecotoxicology	Ada F. B. et al.	2013	Ganado-hepato-somatic index of Oreochromis niloticus sub adults exposed to some herbicides	International Journal of Aquaculture (2013), Vol. 3, No. 11	Endpoints based on gonadosomatic and hepatosomatic indeces are not used in the EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
696	Ecotoxicology	Afrifa A. A. et al.	2010	The effects of benomyl and glyphosate treated plant litter on nitrogen mineralization in mollisols.	West African Journal of Applied Ecology (2010), Vol. 17, pp. 143-152	In this study both glyphosate and a fungicide product are applied simultaneously to tomato plants. As this assesses combined effects this study is not relevant to the renewal of glyphosate.
697	Ecotoxicology	Agostini M. G. et al.	2020	Pesticides in the real world: The consequences of GMO-based intensive agriculture on native amphibians	Biological Conservation (2020), Vol. 241, Article ID 108355	This paper looks at the impact of mixtures of pestcides rather than single actives. Therefore it is not relevant to the EU renewal of glyphosate at EU level
698	Ecotoxicology	Ahemad M. et al.	2012	Evaluation of plant-growth-promoting activities of rhizobacterium and Pseudomonas putida under herbicide stress	Annals of microbiology (2012), Vol. 62, No. 4, pp. 1531-1540	This paper discusses the impact of herbicides on the plant growth promoting activities of of soil borne bacteria in the root zone. It is not relateable to an EU ecotoxicological risk assessment.
699	Ecotoxicology	Akcha F. et al.	2012	Genotoxicity of diuron and glyphosate in oyster spermatozoa and embryos.	Aquatic toxicology (2012), Vol. 106-107, pp. 104-13	Endpoints derived from genotoxic screening and based upon parameters not considered relevant to EU renewal level assessment.
700	Ecotoxicology	Albajes R. et al.	2011	Two heteropteran predators in relation to weed management in herbicide-tolerant corn.	Biological Control (2011), Vol. 59, No. 1, pp. 30-36	This study was not conducted to a relevant guideline. The test substance was identified as MON 78044, but no other test item information is provided (e.g. purity). The results of the study cannot clearly be related to the glyphosate treatments as multiple products were applied, the work is not GLP compliant and there is insufficient analytical documentation to confirm exposure.
701	Ecotoxicology	Alcantara-de la Cruz R. et al.	2017	Side-effects of pesticides on the generalist endoparasitoid Palmistichus elaeisis (Hymenoptera: Eulophidae).	Scientific Reports (2017), Vol. 7, No. 1, pp. 10064	This paper discusses the influence of trait modified crops sprayed with glyphosate on biological control agents. It is not relateable to an EU level risk assessment.

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702	Ecotoxicology	Al-Daikh E. B. et al.	2016	Effect of glyphosate herbicide on the behavior of soil arthropods in non-organic tomato system	Advance in Agriculture and Biology (2016), Vol. 5, No. 1, pp. 14-19	Endpoints presented cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
703	Ecotoxicology	Allegrini M. et al.	2015	Ecotoxicological assessment of soil microbial community tolerance to glyphosate.	The Science of the total environment (2015), Vol. 533, pp. 60-8	Novel test design / approach - not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
704	Ecotoxicology	Allegrini M. et al.	2019	Suppression treatment differentially influences the microbial community and the occurrence of broad host range plasmids in the rhizosphere of the model cover crop Avena sativa L	PloS one (2019), Vol. 14, No. 10, pp. e0223600	Endpoints type is not considered at the EU level risk assessment and cannot be related to levels of exposure anticipated following application according to the proposed GAP.
705	Ecotoxicology	Allegrini M. et al.	2017	Repeated glyphosate exposure induces shifts in nitrifying communities and metabolism of phenylpropanoids	Soil biology & biochemistry (2017), Vol. 105, pp. 206-215	Approaches used cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
706	Ecotoxicology	Alleva R. et al.	2016	Organic honey supplementation reverses pesticide-induced genotoxicity by modulating DNA damage response.	Molecular nutrition & food research (2016), Vol. 60, No. 10, pp. 2243-2255	Not related directly to the effects of glyphosate, but to the impact of polyphenols extracted from honey on human epithelial cells. Not relevant to EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
707	Ecotoxicology	Al-Sultany D. A. A. et al.	2019	Effects of contaminated water with glyphosate herbicides on the external and behavioral characteristics of common carp, Cyprinus Carpio Linnaeus.	Biochemical and Cellular Archives (2019), Vol. 19, No. 1, pp. 1475-1480	Methodology presented cannot be related to the results provided. Exposure rates cannot be related to the EU level assessment. No glyphosate formulation / product details presented.
708	Ecotoxicology	Amaral M. J. et al.	2012	The usefulness of mesocosms for ecotoxicity testing with lacertid lizards.	Acta Herpetologica (2012), Vol. 7, No. 2, pp. 263-280	Long term monitoring study on lizards maintained in outdoor mesocosms exposed to multiple pestcides. Endpoints cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for ANNEX I renewal of glyphosate.
709	Ecotoxicology	Amid C. et al.	2018	Additive effects of the herbicide glyphosate and elevated temperature on the branched coral Acropora formosa in Nha Trang, Vietnam.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2018), Vol. 25, No. 14, pp. 13360-13372	The paper discusses the combined impact of multiple stressors on coral bleaching, when exposed to a formulation that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal. The study compares effects of the product on bleaching of corals at two different temperatures.
710	Ecotoxicology	Anbalagan C. et al.	2013	Use of transgenic GFP reporter strains of the nematode Caenorhabditis elegans to investigate the patterns of stress responses induced by pesticides and by organic extracts from agricultural soils.	Ecotoxicology (2013), Vol. 22, No. 1, pp. 72-85	Study provides information on cellular / molecular level and is not ecotoxicologically relevant study
711	Ecotoxicology	Antoniolli Z. I. et al.	2013	Heavy metal, pesticides and fuels: effect in the population of collembola in the soil. Original Title: Metais pesados, agrotoxicos e combustiveis: efeito na populacao de colembolos no solo.	Ciencia Rural (2013), Vol. 43, No. 6, pp. 992-998	Concerns exposure to a glyphosate formulation (not the representative formulation) in the presence of metals, and in mixtures. It is not relevant to an EU level risk assessment.

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712	Ecotoxicology	Antunes S. C. et al.	2010	Structural effects of the bioavailable fraction of pesticides in soil: suitability of elutriate testing.	Journal of hazardous materials (2010), Vol. 184, No. 1-3, pp. 215-25	The endpoint cannot be ascertained for glyphosate alone as other active substances are also used in the field study. The glyphosate product used (Montana) is not a representative product.
713	Ecotoxicology	Armiliato N. et al.	2014	Changes in ultrastructure and expression of steroidogenic factor-1 in ovaries of zebrafish Danio rerio exposed to glyphosate.	Journal of toxicology and environmental health. Part A (2014), Vol. 77, No. 7, pp. 405-14	Endpoint cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment.
714	Ecotoxicology	Asgari S. M. et al.	2018	Oraganophosphorus pesticides induced enzymological responses in the various tissues of freshwater fish Koi carp (Cyprinus carpio)	European Journal of Zoological Research (2018), Vol. 6, No. 1, pp. 17-24	This study described the Biological impacts on enzyme levels in fish blood, are not used in an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
715	Ecotoxicology	Avigliano L. et al.	2014	Effects of glyphosate on egg incubation, larvae hatching, and ovarian rematuration in the estuarine crab Neohelice granulata	Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (2014), Vol. 33, no. 8, pp. 1879	Article discusses effects of formulated product on crab development. Endpoints are not relatable to an EU level risk assessment as specific endpoints are not discussed.
716	Ecotoxicology	Avigliano L. et al.	2018	Effects of Glyphosate on Somatic and Ovarian Growth in the Estuarine Crab Neohelice granulata, During the Pre-Reproductive Period	Water, air, and soil pollution (2018), Vol. 229, No. 2, pp. 44	Difficult to relate findings of the study to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment as they are based on GSI and HIS values and the different types of oocyte found in the ovaries between exposure groups.
717	Ecotoxicology	Ayanda I. O. et al.	2018	Toxicity of sublethal concentrations of glyphosate and paraquat herbicide in the African catfish (Clarias gariepinus)	International Journal of Agriculture and Biology (2018), Vol. 20, No. 6, pp. 1359-1364	Observations based on enzyme levels are not used in EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal purposes.
718	Ecotoxicology	Babalola O. O. et al.	2019	Mortality, teratogenicity and growth inhibition of three glyphosate formulations using Frog Embryo Teratogenesis Assay-Xenopus.	Journal of applied toxicology (2019), Vol. 39, No. 9, pp. 1257-1266.	This paper uses a formulation that is not the representative formulation for the annex I renewal. Study endpoints cannot be related to the EU level risk assessment as the techniques used are not recognised at the EU level.
719	Ecotoxicology	Bach N. C. et al.	2018	Effects of glyphosate and its commercial formulation, Roundup (R) Ultramax, on liver histology of tadpoles of the neotropical frog, Leptodactylus latrans (amphibia: Anura).	Chemosphere (2018), Vol. 202, pp. 289-297	Study conducted using a formulation that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal. Roundup Ultramax is based on MON 78294, which contains a different surfactant system compared to the representative formulation (MON 52276) and therefore the effects of the surfactant cannot be excluded.
720	Ecotoxicology	Baier F. et al.	2016	Non-target effects of a glyphosate-based herbicide on Common toad larvae (Bufo bufo, Amphibia) and associated algae are altered by temperature.	PeerJ (2016), Vol. 4, pp. e2641	Test item used is not the representative formulation relevant to the EU renewal of glyphosate. The article discusses the impact of temperature on toxicity. Studies conducted for EU renewal are standardly conducted at a constant temperature that reflects median temperature in the field. Variable temperature studies are not considered at EU level.
721	Ecotoxicology	Baier F. et al.	2016	Temperature-Dependence of Glyphosate-Based Herbicide's Effects on Egg and Tadpole Growth of Common Toads	Frontiers in Environmental Science (2016), Vol. 4, pp. 51	The study was conducted using Roundup, which contains POEA and the influence of POEA on the achieved results cannot be excluded. The representative formulation for the Annex I renewal does not contain POEA, therefore the findings are not relevant to the renewal risk assessment.

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722	Ecotoxicology	Baker L. F. et al.	2014	The direct and indirect effects of a glyphosate-based herbicide and nutrients on Chironomidae (Diptera) emerging from small wetlands.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2014), Vol. 33, No. 9, pp. 2076-85	The formulation used in the article is not relevant to the Annex I renewal, as has a different surfactant system.
723	Ecotoxicology	Banaee M. et al.	2019	Acute exposure to chlorpyrifos and glyphosate induces changes in hemolymph biochemical parameters in the crayfish, Astacus leptodactylus (Eschscholtz, 1823).	Comparative biochemistry and physiology. Toxicology & pharmacology (2019), Vol. 222, pp. 145-155	Endpoints based on biochemical parameters are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
724	Ecotoxicology	Bandara K. et al.	2015	Effect of glyphosate-based herbicide, Roundup super(TM) on territory deference of male Oreochromis mossambicus (Osteichthyes, Cichlidae) associated with mating behaviour	Sri Lanka journal of aquatic sciences (2015), Vol. 20, No. 1, pp. 1-10	Formulation tested contains POEA - not relevant to an EU level Annex I ecotoxicological risk assessment for renewal.
725	Ecotoxicology	Barbukho O. V. et al.	2011	Effect of herbicide Roundup on carp spawn viability and possibility for prevention of its toxicity by probiotic preparation BPS-44	Gidrobiologicheskii Zhurnal (2011), Vol. 47, No. 3, pp. 74-79	As Roundup was used in the study which contains surfactants not present in the representative formulation high concentrations were used, and eggs were exposed to both a probiotic and Roundup, this study is not relevant to the renewal of glyphosate.
726	Ecotoxicology	Bawa V. et al.	2018	Toxic effects of glyphosate on common carp (Cyprinus carpio L.) fingerlings.	Agricultural Research Journal (2018), Vol. 55, No. 1, pp. 169-171	The formulation used has a surfactant system that is based on POEA, which is not relevant to the EU representative formulation for the annex I renewal.
727	Ecotoxicology	Behrend J. E. et al.	2018	Contact with a glyphosate-based herbicide has long-term effects on the activity and foraging of an agrobiont wolf spider.	Chemosphere (2018), Vol. 194, pp. 714-721	Study used MON 8709 Buccaneer Plus formulation which contains MON 0818 (based on POEA) and is not used in the representative EU formulation. Therefore findings cannot be related to the risk assessment.
728	Ecotoxicology	Berger G. et al.	2018	How does changing pesticide usage over time affect migrating amphibians: a case study on the use of glyphosate-based herbicides in German agriculture over 20 years.	Frontiers in Environmental Science (2018), Vol. 6, article 6	This paper considers information from multiple sources to assess the impact of herbicides on amphibian populations in Germany over the last 20 years. This is country specific information that cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for EU Annex I renewal.
729	Ecotoxicology	Bernal-Rey D. L. et al.	2020	Seasonal variations in the dose-response relationship of acetylcholinesterase activity in freshwater fish exposed to chlorpyrifos and glyphosate.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2020), Vol. 187, pp. 109673	No specific endpoints that are useable in an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal are presented in the paper. It is difficult to relate the observed effects to fish species found in the EU, as these data were collected from wild caught fish collected over a period of time. Impacts for example, of pH on the levels of stress in the system were not considered and may have ultimately contributed to the observed effects.
730	Ecotoxicology	Berthelemy N. J.	2018	Effects of Glyphosate and Roundup on the brine shrimp Artemia franciscana	Integrative and comparative biology (2018), Vol. 58, Supp. 1, pp. E277-E277	This paper is a poster abstract. There is no associated paper. There is insufficient information presented in the poster abstract to establish relevance of the poster to the Annex I renewal.
731	Ecotoxicology	Bhojane N. M. et al.	2018	Individual and combined effect of indoxacarb and glyphosate on biochemical alterations in Japanese quails (Cuturnix Cuturnix Japonica)	Chemical Science Review and Letters (2018), Vol. 7, No. 25, pp. 190-200	Cellular level parameters are discussed in this paper, with endpoints that are not relevant to an Annex I renewal from an ecotoxicological perspective.

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732	Ecotoxicology	Blasco P. M. P. et al.	2018	Comparative study of chronic toxicity of herbicides used in South America using a model of Cyprinus carpio	Environmental Science: An Indian Journal (2018), Vol. 14, No. 5, pp. 175	Formulation used is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
733	Ecotoxicology	Boily M. et al.	2013	Acetylcholinesterase in honey bees (Apis mellifera) exposed to neonicotinoids, atrazine and glyphosate: laboratory and field experiments.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2013), Vol. 20, No. 8, pp. 5603-14	The test item is the commercial formulation Weathermax 240 which is distributed in Canada. This formulation is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal in the EU. In addition, the study does not follow any approved guideline and the investigated effect on acetylcholinesterase cannot be related to the EU level bee ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal purposes. The field experiment, conducted in two regions in Québec (Canada) was not conducted under controlled conditions. No analytical verification of glyphosate was provided. Also, the experimental design is only briefly described, with no rationale presented for the selection of exposure concentrations.
734	Ecotoxicology	Bokony V. et al.	2017	Chronic exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide makes toad larvae more toxic.	Proceedings. Biological sciences (2017), Vol. 284, No. 1858	The article does not report results which can be used for a risk assessment and information is insufficient to transfer values into such determinants.
735	Ecotoxicology	Bonfanti P. et al.	2018	A glyphosate micro-emulsion formulation displays teratogenicity in Xenopus laevis.	Aquatic toxicology (2018), Vol. 195, pp. 103-113	Formulation is not relevant to the EU level renewal of glyphosate.
736	Ecotoxicology	Bonnineau C. et al.	2012	Light history modulates antioxidant and photosynthetic responses of biofilms to both natural (light) and chemical (herbicides) stressors.	Ecotoxicology (2012), Vol. 21, No. 4, pp. 1208-24	Endpoints / findings not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicolgical risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
737	Ecotoxicology	Boscardin J. et al.	2016	Effects of different types of weed control on the ant fauna in Eucalyptus grandis. Original Title: Efeitos de diferentes tipos de controle de plantas infestantes sobre a mirmecofauna em Eucalyptus grandis.	Ciencia Florestal (2016), Vol. 26, No. 1, pp. 21-34	Specific endpoints that could be used in an EU level risk assessment were not presented.
738	Ecotoxicology	Boscardin J. et al.	2014	Relationship between ant communities and environmental quality in Eucalyptus grandis submitted to different weedy species control in the south of Brazil. Original Title: Relacao entre guildas de formigas e a qualidade ambiental em Eucalyptus grandis subme	ENTOMOTROPICA (2014), Vol. 29, No. 3, pp. 173-182	Presented data is not relatable to an EU level risk assessment for EU Annex I level renewal.
739	Ecotoxicology	Boufleuer E. M. S. et al.	2016	Assessment of mortality and reproduction of Daphnia magna subjected to the herbicide glyphosate. Avaliacao da mortalidade e reproducao de Daphnia magna submetida ao herbicida glifosato.	Acta Iguazu (2016), Vol. 5, No. 5, pp. 25-33	Results of a 48 hour Daphnia magna tests treated with glyphosate determined an LC50 of 2.1087 mg/L. A chronic (21 day) study determined effects at 2.1087 mg/L, but no effects were observed at the lower concentrations tested. The study was not conducted to GLP or to an acceptable guideline and there are several short comings in the provided report. The test substance used (Polaris 48%) is a Monsanto Brazil product that is based on

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						the IPA salt of Glyphosate. This product also contains a surfactant that is not relevant to the representative formulation, therefore the observed findings are not considered relevant to the renewal. Furthermore the influence of the co-formulant on the results cannot be excluded. There are no analytical data reported and so the exposure cannot be confirmed.
740	Ecotoxicology	Boutin C. et al.	2010	Measuring variability in phytotoxicity testing using crop and wild plant species.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2010), Vol. 29, No. 2, pp. 327-37	Glyphosate product + surfactant (Agral 90) was used in the study which compared this with an atrazine product to look at the phytotoxicity to plant species. Treatments ranged from 21 to 2277 g ai/ha for glyphosate product, applied in a greenhouse. Although an IC25 could be obtained from the article, the results indicate great variability between the plant species tested and external factors. Therefore, it is not possible to extrapolate from this data for use in the regulatory risk assessment in the glyphosate renewal.
741	Ecotoxicology	Boutin C. et al.	2019	Effects of sub-lethal doses of herbicides on the competitive interactions between two non-target plants: Centaurea cyanus L. and Silene noctiflora L.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2019), Vol . 8, No. 9, pp. 2053-2064	Observation not linked to glyphosate or its metabolites. In this case the observations were concerning competition in the growth of plants under different pesticide stress regimes and at different planting densities. Endpoints considered relevant for EU level risk assessment were not presented.
742	Ecotoxicology	Boutin C. et al.	2014	Herbicide impact on non-target plant reproduction: What are the toxicological and ecological implications?	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION (2014), Vol. 185, pp. 295-306	This paper describes the results of a set of long term monitoring studies that were used to investigate the impact of a range of herbicides on the reproductive output of plants. Whilst these data are interesting in developing the testing paradigm for plants, the data presented cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
743	Ecotoxicology	Bridi D. et al.	2017	Glyphosate and Roundup(®) alter morphology and behavior in zebrafish.	Toxicology (20171), Vol. 392, pp. 32-39	The article does not report results, which can be used for risk assessment and information is insufficient to transfer values into such determinants.
744	Ecotoxicology	Bruckner A. et al.	2019	Foliar Roundup application has minor effects on the compositional and functional diversity of soil microorganisms in a short-term greenhouse experiment.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2019), Vol. 174, pp. 506-513	Formulation used is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
745	Ecotoxicology	Buch A. C. et al.	2013	Toxicity of three pesticides commonly used in Brazil to Pontoscolex corethrurus (Mueller, 1857) and Eisenia andrei (Bouche, 1972)	Applied soil ecology (2013), Vol. 69, pp. 32-38	The formulation used is not the representative formulation for the Annex I.
746	Ecotoxicology	Buck J. C. et al.	2015	Effects of pesticide mixtures on host-pathogen dynamics of the amphibian chytrid fungus	PLoS One (2015), Vol. 10, No. 7, pp. e0132832/1	Effects on host pathogen dynamics is not a data requirement for the Annex I submission, Therefore, the findings cannot be related to the ecotoxicological risk assessment.
747	Ecotoxicology	Burella P. M. et al.	2018	Oxidative damage and antioxidant defense in Caiman latirostris (Broad-snouted caiman) exposed in ovo to pesticide formulations.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2018), Vol. 161, pp. 437-443	Formulation used is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.

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748	Ecotoxicology	Canosa I. S. et al.	2018	Ovarian growth impairment after chronic exposure to Roundup Ultramax® in the estuarine crab Neohelice granulata.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2018), Vol. 25, No. 2, pp. 1568-1575	Roundup Ultramax is the formulation used which contains 600 g/L a.e. This is however, not the representative formulation for the renewal.
749	Ecotoxicology	Canosa I. S. et al.	2019	Imbalances in the male reproductive function of the estuarine crab Neohelicegranulata, caused by glyphosate.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2019), Vol. 182, pp. 109405	The test substance is a 400 g a.i./L formulation that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
750	Ecotoxicology	Carmo E. L. et al.	2010	Pesticide selectivity for the insect egg parasitoid Telenomus remus	BioControl (2010), Vol. 55, No. 4, pp. 455-464	An IOBC guideline criteria was used for classification of three different glyphosate products used as test substances alongside several other insecticides and herbicides in this comparison lab study. Endpoints generated are not relevant to the renewal of glyphosate.
751	Ecotoxicology	Carpenter J. K. et al.	2016	The effect of two glyphosate formulations on a small, diurnal lizard (Oligosoma polychroma).	Ecotoxicology (2016), Vol. 25, No. 3, pp. 548-54	Contains POEA surfactant, therefore is not relevant to EU renewal.
752	Ecotoxicology	Carranza C. S. et al.	2014	Influence of the pesticides glyphosate, chlorpyrifos and atrazine on growth parameters of nonochratoxigenic Aspergillus section Nigri strains isolated from agricultural soils.	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2014), Vol. 49, No. 10, pp. 747-55	Comparative growth rates of Apsergillus niger following application of different pesticides. Endpoints are not relatable to an EU level Annex I ecotoxicological risk assessment.
753	Ecotoxicology	Castilho A. F. et al.	2016	The impact of glyphosate herbicides on soil microbial activity from the Carajas National Forest.	Revista de Ciencias Agrarias / Amazonian Journal of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences (2016), Vol. 59, No. 3, pp. 302-309	A long term monitoring study using multiple Roundup formulations was performed. Roundup original contains POEA as a surfactant and is not therefore relevant. The other Roundup formulations differ in their composition to the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
754	Ecotoxicology	Chen L. et al.	2012	The combined effects of UV-B radiation and herbicides on photosynthesis, antioxidant enzymes and DNA damage in two bloom-forming cyanobacteria.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2012), Vol. 80, pp. 224-30	Paper discusses the effect of glyphosate at different UV-B levels. Direct effects are not discussed. Not relatable to EU level risk assessment.
755	Ecotoxicology	Choi C. J. et al.	2012	Rapid effects of diverse toxic water pollutants on chlorophyll a fluorescence: variable responses among freshwater microalgae.	Water research (2012), Vol. 46, No. 8, pp. 2615-26	This article looks at effects of glyphosate + other compounds on the PSII system, determiningeffects to Chlorophyll A levels using fluorescence. Endpoints were generated using a novel approach that is not considered relevant to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
756	Ecotoxicology	Zanuncio C. J. et al.	2018	Glyphosate-based herbicides toxicity on life history parameters of zoophytophagous Podisus nigrispinus (Heteroptera: Pentatomidae)	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2018), Vol. 147, pp. 245-250	Based on an exposure situation where soldier bugs ere exposed on glyphosate resistant crops, which are not relevant to the EU exposure situation.
757	Ecotoxicology	Condrosari P. et al.	2018	Growth inhibition test of glyphosate herbicide for glyphosate-degrading-bacteria screening	International Journal of ChemTech Research (2018), Vol. 11, No. 5, pp. 240-248	The paper describes a screening test for establishing bacterial populations as tools for remediation of soils. The presented endpoints are not relatable to an EU level risk assessment from an ecotoxicological perspective.

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758	Ecotoxicology	Costa R. N. et al.	2016	Measuring the impacts of Roundup Original® on fluctuating asymmetry and mortality in a Neotropical tadpole	Hydrobiologia (2016), Vol. 765, No. 1, pp. 85-96	Formulation tested contains POEA which is not relevant in the EU, as the representative formulation does not contain POEA.
759	Ecotoxicology	Cuhra M. et al.	2013	Clone- and age-dependent toxicity of a glyphosate commercial formulation and its active ingredient in Daphnia magna.	Ecotoxicology (2013), Vol. 22, No. 2, pp. 251-62	Study was performed according to methods adapted from the ISO, US EPA and the OECD Testing. Juveniles > 24 hour old are not the approach advised in any of the test guidelines, so the acute results for the aged cohort studies cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment. Concerning the chronic exposure assay, this approach was modified from the guidelines stated above, extending beyond the 21 day duration of the guideline test. Validity criteria for the acute and chronic test were not stated. Details of the methods used to prepare the test media are not reported. Biological data are not reported for all age groups, so the data presented in the plots cannot be confirmed. The test organisms used in the tests were from different natural sources and poorly characterised as it would be needed to draw a regulatory relevant conclusion from the reported results. Furthermore and more critically, analytical dose confirmation of media in the vessels was not performed, so exposure cannot be confirmed. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
760	Ecotoxicology	Currie Z. et al.	2015	Toxicity of Cuspide 480SL® spray mixture formulation of glyphosate to aquatic organisms.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2015), Vol. 34, No. 5, pp. 1178-84	The main focus of the article was a hazard assessment of two glyphosate formulations not available in Europe and the associated co-formulants. The study, measured toxicity values and calculated exposure values for South America. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
761	Ecotoxicology	da Costa Chaulet F. et al.	2019	Glyphosate- and Fipronil-Based Agrochemicals and Their Mixtures Change Zebrafish Behavior.	Archives of environmental contamination and toxicology (2019), Vol. 77, No. 3, pp. 443-451	This paper describes behavioural differences in zebra fish when exposed to either glyphosate or fipronil. No endpoint data presented could be used in an EU level for Annex I ecotoxicological risk assessment. Aversion / avoidance testing is not an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment data requirement.
762	Ecotoxicology	da Rosa J. G. S. et al.	2016	Fish Aversion and Attraction to Selected Agrichemicals.	Archives of environmental contamination and toxicology (2016), Vol. 71, No. 3, pp. 415-22	Paper describes a novel fish avoidance study which is not considered relevant to an EU level risk assessment.
763	Ecotoxicology	da Silva G. S. et al.	2019	Gene expression, genotoxicity, and physiological responses in an Amazonian fish, Colossoma macropomum (CUVIER 1818), exposed to Roundup and subsequent acute hypoxia	Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology, Part C: Toxicology & Pharmacology (2019), Vol. 222, pp. 49-58	The formulation used is based on MON 2139, which contains POEA. POEA surfactants are not present in the representative formulation (MON 52276) being used for the Annex I renewal.
764	Ecotoxicology	da Silva R. A. et al.	2013	Compatibility of conventional agrochemicals used in rice crops with the entomopathogenic fungus Metarhizium anisopliae.	Scientia Agricola (2013), Vol. 70, No. 3, pp. 152-160	This paper presents the results of an agrochemical mixture study to entompathogenic fungus. As the study was performed using a mixture the appropriate endpoints for glyphosate cannot be determined.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
765	Ecotoxicology	Dalton R. L. et al.	2010	Comparison of the effects of glyphosate and atrazine herbicides on nontarget plants grown singly and in microcosms.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2010), Vol. 29, No. 10, pp. 2304-15	A study to look at the effects of Glyphosate (Roundup original + surfactant, 356 g/L) on single potted plant species compared with a microcosm. Based on relevant guidelines, six doses of up to 2136 g ai/ha label rate. IC25 results generated were used to compare test systems, however it is not possible to extrapolate to the risk assessments in the glyphosate renewal. Additionally, due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
766	Ecotoxicology	de Brito Rodrigues L. et al.	2017	Ecotoxicological assessment of glyphosate-based herbicides: Effects on different organisms.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2017), Vol. 36, No. 7, pp. 1755-1763	The aim of the work presented in this paper was to evaluate the toxicity and potential effects of two glyphosate formulations on seed germination, brine shrimp and zebra fish larvae. The selected test species and design are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment, as a USEPA approach was followed for a mixed consideration of diverse test species. The report provides insufficient description of study design and no specific rationale was cited for the formulations selected. Some methodology was performed according to OECD guidelines, however validity criteria were not evaluated and no analytical verification was performed.
767	Ecotoxicology	de Moraes C. P. et al.	2019	Hormetic effect of glyphosate on Urochloa decumbens plants.	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2019), Vol. 55, No. 4, pp. 376-381	This paper presents a summary and review of hormetic growth response papers. No supportive data was presented to support stated endpoints.
768	Ecotoxicology	de Saraiva A. S. et al.	2016	Glyphosate sub-lethal toxicity to non-target organisms occurring in Jatropha curcas plantations in Brazil.	Experimental & applied acarology (2016), Vol. 70, No. 2, pp. 179-87	Endpoints not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
769	Ecotoxicology	de Sousa Saraiva A. et al.	2015	Weed management practices affect the diversity and relative abundance of physic nut mites.	Experimental & applied acarology (2015), Vol. 65, No. 3, pp. 359-75	The paper describes a long term monitoring programme looking at weed management practices and their impact on mite species in a particular region of Brazil, that cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment.
770	Ecotoxicology	De Souza Filho J. et al.	2013	Mutagenicity and genotoxicity in gill erythrocyte cells of Poecilia reticulata exposed to a glyphosate formulation.	Bulletin of environmental contamination and toxicology (2013), Vol. 91, No. 5, pp. 583-7	Methods and endpoints are not relevant to an EU level ecotoxicology assessment.
771	Ecotoxicology	De Stefano L. G. et al.	2018	Comparative impact of two glyphosate-based formulations in interaction with Limnoperna fortunei on freshwater phytoplankton	Ecological indicators (2018), Vol. 85, pp. 575-584	This paper looks at the interaction of herbicide formulations in conjunction with the presence of mussels on the development of periphyton and phytoplankton communities. As the effects cannot be related directly to the single active substance, this paper is not considered relevant for the EU level Ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
772	Ecotoxicology	Debski H. et al.	2018	Effects of glyphosate and fluazifop-P-butyl on flavonoids content and growth of common buckwheat (Fagopyrum esculentum Moench)	Fresenius Environmental Bulletin (2018), Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 91-97	Cellular level parameters discussed in the paper, with endpoints that are not relevant to an Annex I renewal from an ecotoxicological perspective.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
773	Ecotoxicology	Debski H. et al.	2018	Comparison of the response of seedlings of common buckwheat (Fagopyrum esculentum Moench) to glyphosate applied to the shoot or to the root zone.	Acta Agrobotanica (2018), Vol. 71, No. 1, pp. Article No.: 1730	Unable to establish the exposure rates used in the three different tests. mMolar solutions were prepared, but no attempt has been made to confirm dosing and no analysis performed. Endpoints are therefore not relevant to an EU level risk assessment from an ecotoxicological perspective.
774	Ecotoxicology	Di Fiori E. et al.	2012	Impact of the invasive mussel Limnoperna fortunei on glyphosate concentration in water.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2012), Vol. 81, pp. 106-13	Paper describes the use of golden mussels for removal of glyphosate from the water column. Endpoints presented cannot be be used in EU level Annex I renewal risk assessment.
775	Ecotoxicology	Dinehart S. K. et al.	2010	Acute and chronic toxicity of Roundup Weathermax and Ignite 280 SL to larval Spea multiplicata and S. bombifrons from the Southern High Plains, USA.	Environmental pollution (2010), Vol. 158, No. 8, pp. 2610-7	Roundup Weathermax was used as a test item.The composition differs to that of the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal (MON 52276), and thus the results cannot be applied to the risk assessment for the EU renewal. Due to the test material not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
776	Ecotoxicology	do Carmo E. L. et al.	2010	SELECTIVITY OF PESTICIDES USED IN SOYBEAN CROPS TO TRICHOGRAMMA PRETIOSUM RILEY, 1879 (HYMENOPTERA: TRICHOGRAMMATIDAE) PUPAE. Original Title: SELETIVIDADE DE PRODUTOS FITOSSANITARIOS UTILIZADOS NA CULTURA DA SOJA PARA PUPAS DE TRICHOGRAMMA PRETIOSUM RILEY	Arquivos do Instituto Biologico Sao Paulo (2010), Vol. 77, No. 2, pp. 282-290	Effects on parasitoid wasps via exposure of parasitised eggs which were immersed for 5 sec in test solutions. However, this is no adequate route of exposure and the content of active ingredient per area is unclear. Therefore the biological results cannot be attributed to a specific test concentration.
777	Ecotoxicology	Dos Santos A. P. R. et al.	2017	A glyphosate-based herbicide induces histomorphological and protein expression changes in the liver of the female guppy Poecilia reticulata.	Chemosphere (2017), Vol. 168, pp. 933-943	The paper attempts to establish a proteomic method for detecting sub-lethal impacts of chemicals on fish. This is not relevant for risk assessment in the EU, where growth and reproductive parameters achieved in higher tier fish testing are considered. The formulation used is also not the representative formulation for the annex I renewal.
778	Ecotoxicology	Dos Santos Teixeira J. M. et al.	2018	Acute toxicity and effects of Roundup Original® on pintado da Amazonia.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2018), Vol. 25, No. 25, pp. 25383-25389	Endpoints presented were for a formulation that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
779	Ecotoxicology	Druart C. et al.	2012	Landsnail eggs bioassays: A new tool to assess embryotoxicity of contaminants in the solid, liquid or gaseous phase of soil	Applied soil ecology (2012), Vol. 53, pp. 56-64	Endpoints are not applicable to EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment. Approach described is novel and not validated.
780	Ecotoxicology	Druille M. et al.	2015	Glyphosate vulnerability explains changes in root-symbionts propagules viability in pampean grasslands	Agriculture, ecosystems & environment (2015), Vol. 202, pp. 48-55	Findings cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
781	Ecotoxicology	Druille M. et al.	2013	Arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi are directly and indirectly affected by glyphosate application	Applied soil ecology (2013), Vol. 72, pp. 143-149	Describes an experiment to establish if fungal hyphae associated with plant roots are affected by glyphosate. Endpoints achieved not relatable to EU level risk assessment. Exposure rates cannot be determined from the paper.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
782	Ecotoxicology	Du X. et al.	2012	Effects of eight herbicides on seed germination and seedling growth of Scutellaria baicalensis Georg	Xibei Nongye Xuebao (2012), Vol. 21, No. 4, pp. 202-206	The formulation (Glyphosate (Baron®) 48% SL (Elhelb), is not the representative formulation for the EU Annex I renewal. The study was not conducted to GLP and/or according to a recognized test guideline and there are no validity criteria presented. The authors state that Roundup had no effect on the germination of Scutellaria baicalensis Georgi seeds in laboratory petri dish test but inhibited the growth of Scutellaria baicalensis Georgi seedlings. However, given the lack of standard guidelines and important material and application methods, in conjunction with insufficiently reported test conditions and biological data, no useful endpoint for the risk assessment can be derived.
783	Ecotoxicology	Dumitru G. et al.	2019	Effect of glyphosate herbicide on some hematological and biochemical parameters in Carassius auratus L	Revista de Chimie (2019), Vol. 70, No. 2, pp. 518-521	Sub-lethal effects on blood chemistry parameters are not relevant to an ecotoxicological risk assessment for the EU level renewal of glyphosate. On review of the report, the formulation was also a 48% a.e. content, with reasons for the observed effects related to POEA in the formulation described in the results. The representative formulation does not contain POEA, therefore results not relevant for the EU.
784	Ecotoxicology	Edge C. B. et al.	2013	Laboratory and field exposure of two species of juvenile amphibians to a glyphosate-based herbicide and Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis.	The Science of the total environment (2013), Vol. 444, pp. 145-52	Formulation used is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal. Effects from co-formulants cannot be excluded.
785	Ecotoxicology	Edge C. B. et al.	2012	A silviculture application of the glyphosate-based herbicide VisionMAX to wetlands has limited direct effects on amphibian larvae.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2012), Vol. 31, No. 10, pp. 2375-83	The formulation used is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal. Effects from co-formulants cannot be excluded.
786	Ecotoxicology	Edge C. et al.	2014	Variation in amphibian response to two formulations of glyphosate-based herbicides.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2014), Vol. 33, No. 11, pp. 2628-32	Roundup WeatherMax and Roundup Weed and Grass Control, which are non EU representative glyphosate formulated products were used as the test substances. Prior exposure history to other chemicals and other organisms within their natural environment was unknown. Several limitations were observed within the study including lack of exposure history of the local organisms, inability to attribute the results entirely to the test substance, inability to develop a dose-response relationship or derive end-points within the study, the analytical approach and verification was lacking, and the study was not conducted according to a standard guideline.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
787	Ecotoxicology	Edge C. et al.	2014	The response of amphibian larvae to exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide (Roundup WeatherMax) and nutrient enrichment in an ecosystem experiment.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2014), Vol. 109, pp. 124-32	WeatherMax, a non EU representative glyphosate formulated product was used as the test substance. Prior exposure history of the egg masses to other chemicals as well as other organisms within the wetlands was unknown as the study was conducted in a natural environment. Several limitations were observed within the study including lack of exposure history of the local organisms, inability to attribute the results entirely to the test substance, inability to develop a dose-response relationship within the study. Testing conditions were neither documented nor controlled, and representativeness of the test conditions were unknown as the study was not conducted according to a standard guideline.
788	Ecotoxicology	El Sebai O. A. et al.	2012	Side-effect of certain herbicides on egg parasitoid Trichogramma evanescens (West.) (Hymenoptera: Trichogrammatidae)	Academic Journal of Entomology (2012), Vol. 5, No. 1, pp. 1-10	The aim of the study was to compare the toxicity of four different commercially available herbicidal products to T. evanescens. Glyphosate was classified as harmless to T. evanescens wasps. The study was not conducted to a guideline or to GLP and the study design lacks some details compared with relevant guidelines. The test concentrations are based on nominal and no analytical verifications of test item concentrations were conducted. Only some details of the statistical analysis are reported. As the study is based on a glyphosate product, the toxicity of glyphosate active substance alone is unknown and therefore endpoints generated from this study are not quantifiable. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
789	Ecotoxicology	Enemaduku A. M. et al.	2015	Effects of pesticides on the micro-flora of loamy soil obtained from Biological Garden, Federal University of Technology, Minna, Nigeria	Journal of Scientific and Engineering Research (2015), Vol. 2, No. 4, pp. 55-63	This monitoring study based on a Nigerian soil type, uses endpoints that are not applicable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
790	Ecotoxicology	Erban T. et al.	2017	Detection of the desiccant and plant growth regulator chlormequat in honeybees and comb pollen.	Veterinarni Medicina (2017), Vol. 62, No. 11, pp. 596-603	Investigation of samples from hives exhibiting poisoning. Analyzed many pesticides (including glyphosate). No glyphosate detections reported.
791	Ecotoxicology	Faghani M.	2018	Effect of glyphosate on honey bee (Apis Mellifera) performance	Arthropods (2018), Vol. 7, No. 3, pp. 77-81	Presents no data that can be used in an EU based risk assessment.
792	Ecotoxicology	Fai P. B. A. et al.	2015	Potential of the microbial assay for risk assessment (MARA) for assessing ecotoxicological effects of herbicides to non-target organisms.	Ecotoxicology (2015), Vol. 24, No. 9, pp. 1915-22	Novel test design / approach - not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
793	Ecotoxicology	Faita M. R. et al.	2018	Changes in hypopharyngeal glands of nurse bees (Apis mellifera) induced by pollen-containing sublethal doses of the herbicide Roundup	Chemosphere (2018), Vol. 211, pp. 566-572	This test was conducted using Roundup Original which contains POEA and is not therefore relevant to the EU level risk assessment for ANNEX I renewal.
794	Ecotoxicology	Falis M. et al.	2014	Effects of heavy metals and pesticides on survival of Artemia franciscana.	Acta Veterinaria Brno (2014), Vol. 83, No. 2, pp. 95-99	This paper presents data for a formulation that cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
795	Ecotoxicology	Fan J. et al.	2013	Hydroxyl radical generation and oxidative stress in Carassius auratus exposed to glyphosate and its formulation	Toxicological and environmental chemistry (2013), Vol. 95, No. 7, pp. 1183-1191	Contains POEA, therefore not relevant to EU renewal.
796	Ecotoxicology	Fan J. Y. et al.	2013	Herbicide Roundup® and its main constituents cause oxidative stress and inhibit acetylcholinesterase in liver of Carassius auratus	Journal of environmental scienc and health, Part B. Pesticides, food contaminants and agricultural wastes (2013), Vol. 48, No. 10, pp. 844-850	Contains POEA, therefore not relevant to EU renewal.
797	Ecotoxicology	Farabaugh N. F. et al.	2014	Behavioral responses of the Strawberry Poison Frog (Oophaga pumilio) to herbicide olfactory cues: possible implications for habitat selection and movement in altered landscapes.	Canadian Journal of Zoology (2014), Vol. 92, No. 11, pp. 979-984	Endpoints based on avoidance behaviour are not used in the ecotoxicological risk assessment for the Annex I renewal purposes.
798	Ecotoxicology	Farina W. M. et al.	2019	Effects of the Herbicide Glyphosate on Honey Bee Sensory and Cognitive Abilities: Individual Impairments with Implications for the Hive.	Insects (2019), Vol. 10, No. 10, pp. E354	This is a review article. No data presented that is supported.
799	Ecotoxicology	Fedorova N. V. et al.	2019	Influence of glyphosate on the morphogenesis and biochemical indicators of onions and wheat.	Zashchita i Karantin Rastenii (2019), No. 9, pp. 47-48	Article concerns the effect of herbicide use on the nutrient content of wheat and onions. The endpoints / observations are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
800	Ecotoxicology	Felix F. J. et al.	2015	Impact of the herbicide glyphosate roundup (41%) on the haematology of the freshwater fish, Catla catla (Hamilton)	IOSR Journal of Environmental Science, Toxicology and Food Technology (2015), Vol. 9, No. 4-3, pp. 56-60	Contains POEA, therefore not relevant to EU renewal.
801	Ecotoxicology	Felix F. J. et al.	2018	Efficacy of herbicide glyphosate Hijack on the blood parameters of the freshwater fish, Catla catla (HAM)	Asian Journal of Biology (2018), Vol. 7, No. 2, pp. 38848	Biological impacts on enzyme levels in blood are not used in an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
802	Ecotoxicology	Felline S. et al.	2019	The response of the algae Fucus virsoides (Fucales, Ochrophyta) to Roundup® solution exposure: A metabolomics approach.	Environmental pollution (2019), Vol. 254, No. Pt A, pp. 112977	Novel approach utilising metabolomics. The latter is not used in EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal and is thusnot releatable to the risk assessment.
803	Ecotoxicology	Ferreira E. A. et al.	2015	Cassava physiological responses to the application of herbicides. Respostas fisiologicas da mandioca a aplicacao de herbicidas.	Semina: Ciencias Agrarias (2015), Vol. 36, No. 2, pp. 645-655	Endpoints not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
804	Ecotoxicology	Ferreira-Junior D. F. et al.	2017	Low Concentrations of Glyphosate-Based Herbicide Affects the Development of Chironomus xanthus	Water, air, and soil pollution (2017), Vol. 228, No. 10, 390 p	The purpose of the study was to test acute and chronic toxicity of Roundup® Original to a tropical fresh water midge. Roundup Original contains POEA surfactant which is not permitted for use in formulations in the EU. The representative formulation (MON 52276) does not contain POEA. The influence of the surfactant on the achieved results in this study cannot be excluded. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
805	Ecotoxicology	Figueiredo J. et al.	2014	Effects of four types of pesticides on survival, time and size to metamorphosis of two species of tadpoles (Rhinella marina and Physalaemus centralis) from the southern Amazon, Brazil.	Herpetological Journal (2014), Vol. 24, No. 1, pp. 7-15	The aim of the work presented in the paper was to evaluate the effects of four commonly applied herbicides on the survival and development on amphibians in Brazil. It was stated by the authors that standard fish surrogate endpoint data may not be directly applicable to Brazil's amphibian species. Thus the local species selected, and testing approach used are not directly relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal purposes. Furthermore, the acute and chronic toxicity tests were not conducted according to any recognised test guideline with neither specific validity criteria nor animal welfare considered. The frog eggs were collected from temporary ponds in Southern Amazonia, where previous exposure of the eggs to other chemicals in the environment is unclear. The eggs were hatched in rainwater, without measured water quality characteristics. The test item selected for glyphosate was a local glyphosate formulation (480 g/L). The effect of glyphosate on metamorphosis was inconclusive. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
806	Ecotoxicology	de Souza Filho J. et al.	2013	Toxicological effects of a glyphosate-based formulation on the liver of Poecilia reticulata	Current Topics In Toxicology (2013), Vol. 9, pp. 81-91	The study was performed to assess the acute mortality (based on OECD 203) and sub-lethal effects (including histopathology). The study lacks several experimental standard procedures (e.g. analytical verification, reporting of validity criteria). Furthermore the formulation (Roundup Transorb) is not the representative formulation for the EU Annex I renewal (MON 52276) that contains POEA, a co-formulant that is not permitted in formulations in the EU. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
807	Ecotoxicology	Filippov A. A. et al.	2019	Effect of Roundup Herbicide on the Temperature Characteristics of Maltase of the Intestinal Mucosa in Juvenile Fish	INLAND WATER BIOLOGY (2019), Vol. 12, No. 2, pp. 248-253	Enzymatic impacts resulting from exposure are not considered in the EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal. It is extremely difficult to relate the findings to an EU level exposure scenario.
808	Ecotoxicology	Fiorino E. et al.	2018	Effects of glyphosate on early life stages: comparison between Cyprinus carpio and Danio rerio.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2018), Vol. 25, No. 9, pp. 8542-8549	This paper is a poster abstract with no associated paper. There is insufficient information presented in the poster abstract to establish relevance of the poster to the Annex I renewal.
809	Ecotoxicology	Frontera J. L. et al.	2014	Effects of glyphosate and polyoxyethylene amine on metabolic rate and energy reserves of Procambarus clarkii juveniles.	Open Environmental Sciences (2014), Vol. 8, pp. 49-53	Contains POEA, therefore not relevant to EU renewal.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
810	Ecotoxicology	Fuentes L. et al.	2011	Comparative toxicity of two glyphosate formulations (original formulation of Roundup® and Roundup WeatherMAX®) to six North American larval anurans.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2011), Vol. 30, No. 12, pp. 2756-61	The original formulation of Roundup and Roundup WeatherMAX are not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal. The original formulation of Roundup used, contains a POEA surfactant, which is not permitted for use in the EU. The test design is well described in the paper, but due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
811	Ecotoxicology	Gagneten A. M. et al.	2014	EFECTOS DEL HERBICIDA RONDO® SOBRE Cerodaphnia reticulata (CRUSTACEA, CLADOCERA) Y DEGRADABILIDAD DEL GLIFOSATO (N-FOSFOMETILGLICINA) EN CONDICIONES EXPERIMENTALES	Natura Neotropicalis (2014), Vol. 45, No. 1&2, pp. 71-85	Formulation is not the representative formulation for the Annex I EU renewal.
812	Ecotoxicology	Gahl M. K. et al.	2011	Effects of chytrid fungus and a glyphosate-based herbicide on survival and growth of wood frogs (Lithobates sylvaticus).	Ecological applications (2011), Vol. 21, No. 7, pp. 2521-9	Toxicity of glyphosate products to wild wood frogs and chytrid fungus are assessed.. The study was conducted in Canada. Endpoints do not lend themselves to the EU renewal of glyphosate.
813	Ecotoxicology	Galin R. R. et al.	2019	Effect of Herbicide Glyphosate on Drosophila melanogaster Fertility and Lifespan.	Bulletin of experimental biology and medicine (2019), Vol. 167, No. 5, pp. 663-666	The formulation used (GLYPHOS) contains POEA which is not relevant to the EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal, as the representative formulation does not contain POEA, which is a known surfactant this is known to be more toxic than glyphosate.
814	Ecotoxicology	Garcia-Espineira M. et al.	2018	Toxicity of atrazine- and glyphosate-based formulations on Caenorhabditis elegans.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2018), Vol. 156, pp. 216-222	The formulated product used in the test contains MON 2139 which contains POEA (MON0818). Therefore findings are not relevant to the EU level andrepresentative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
815	Ecotoxicology	Garcia-Perez J. A. et al.	2016	Impact of litter contaminated with glyphosate-based herbicide on the performance of Pontoscolex corethrurus, soil phosphatase activities and soil pH	Applied soil ecology (2016), Vol. 104, pp. 31-41	Relates to a long term monitoring study on earthworms specific to South America.
816	Ecotoxicology	Garza-Leon C. V. et al.	2017	Toxicity evaluation of cypermethrin, glyphosate, and malathion, on two indigenous zooplanktonic species.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2017), Vol. 24, No. 22, pp. 18123-18134	The tested formulation is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
817	Ecotoxicology	Gaupp-Berghausen M. et al.	2015	Glyphosate-based herbicides reduce the activity and reproduction of earthworms and lead to increased soil nutrient concentrations.	Scientific reports (2015), Vol. 5, pp. 12886	Paper discusses indirect impact of nutrient loads in soil after GBH application. Not relatable to EU ecotoxicology assessment.
818	Ecotoxicology	Ge HuiLin et al.	2014	Predicting joint toxicity of organophosphorus and triazine pesticides on green algae using the generalized concentration addition model.	China Environmental Science (2014), Vol. 34, No. 9, pp. 2413-2419	Discusses use of novel test approaches, not currently relevant to EU level risk assessment in ecotoxicology.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
819	Ecotoxicology	Georgieva E. et al.	2018	GLYPHOSATE-BASED HERBICIDE ALTERS THE HISTOLOGICAL STRUCTURE OF GILLS OF TWO ECONOMICALLY IMPORTANT CYPRINID SPECIES (COMMON CARP, CYPRINUS CARPIO AND BIGHEAD CARP, ARISTICHTHYS NOBILIS).	Applied Ecology and Environmental Research (2018), Vol. 16, No. 3, pp. 2295-2305	Observations in the paper cannot be related to the ANNEX I level EU risk assessment for renewal. Sub-lethal effects at the histopathological level are not considered in the EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
820	Ecotoxicology	Gertzog B. J. et al.	2011	Avoidance of three herbicide formulations by Eastern Red-backed Salamanders (Plethodon cinereus).	Herpetological Conservation and Biology (2011), Vol. 6, No. 2, pp. 237-241	Salamanders were exposed to glyphosate (and other pesticides) in a petri dish with avoidance measured. The endpoint is not relevant to the regulatory renewal of glyphosate.
821	Ecotoxicology	Geyer R. L. et al.	2016	Effects of Roundup formulations, nutrient addition, and Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis) on aquatic communities.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2016), Vol. 23, No. 12, pp. 11729-39	Formulations used do not match that of the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal. Effects from co-formulants cannot be excluded.
822	Ecotoxicology	Gherhardt T. et al.	2011	Avoidance behavior of Eisenia foetida to acetone, deltamethrin and glyphosate	Annals of West University of Timisoara, Series of Chemistry (2011), Vol. 20, No. 2, pp. 1-10	This study was a new design to look at the avoidance of earthworms to chemicals. The study was not conducted to a known guideline. For the glyphosate part of the study, all the worms died due to heat/dehydration and so the effects of glyphosate were not clearly determined and the endpoints are not relevant to the regulatory risk assessment of glyphosate.
823	Ecotoxicology	Gholami-Seyedkolaei S. J. et al.	2013	Effect of a glyphosate-based herbicide in Cyprinus carpio: assessment of acetylcholinesterase activity, hematological responses and serum biochemical parameters.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2013), Vol. 98, pp. 135-41	Paper describes haematological and enzymatic biomarkers that could be used to assess the impact on fish in the field. There are no data presented that could be used in EU level Annex I renewal Ecotoxicological risk assessment.
824	Ecotoxicology	Gholami-Seyedkolaei S. J. et al.	2013	Optimization of recovery patterns in common carp exposed to roundup using response surface methodology: evaluation of neurotoxicity and genotoxicity effects and biochemical parameters.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2013), Vol. 98, pp. 152-61	Molecular level results that are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
825	Ecotoxicology	Ghose S. L. et al.	2014	Acute toxicity tests and meta-analysis identify gaps in tropical ecotoxicology for amphibians	Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (2014), Vol. 33, No. 9, pp. 2114-2119	Paper does not present endpoint data on the representative formulation. Therefore not relevant.
826	Ecotoxicology	Giaquinto P. C. et al.	2017	Effects of Glyphosate-Based Herbicide Sub-Lethal Concentrations on Fish Feeding Behavior.	Bulletin of environmental contamination and toxicology (2017), Vol. 98, No. 4, pp. 460-464	Test design and endpoints are not used in EU level risk assessment for ANNEX I renewal.
827	Ecotoxicology	Givaudan N. et al.	2014	Earthworm tolerance to residual agricultural pesticide contamination: field and experimental assessment of detoxification capabilities.	Environmental pollution (2014), Vol. 192, pp. 9-18	Study provides information at the cellular/molecular level and is not an ecotoxicological relevant study

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
828	Ecotoxicology	Gomes M. P. et al.	2017	Effects of glyphosate acid and the glyphosate-commercial formulation (Roundup) on Dimorphandra wilsonii seed germination: Interference of seed respiratory metabolism.	Environmental pollution (2017), Vol. 220, No. Pt A, pp. 452-459	Findings are not relatable to an EU level Annex I risk assessment as this species is only found in Brazil.
829	Ecotoxicology	Griesinger L. M. et al.	2011	Effects of a glyphosate-based herbicide on mate location in a wolf spider that inhabits agroecosystems.	Chemosphere (2011, Vol. 84, No. 10, pp. 1461-6	Study looks at the potential impact of glyphosate product on wolf spider mate location. Conducted in the US. No relevant endpoints generated for use in the risk assessment for the renewal of glyphosate.
830	Ecotoxicology	Grzesiuk A. et al.	2018	EFFECT OF ROOT-ZONE GLYPHOSATE EXPOSURE ON GROWTH AND ANTHOCYANINS CONTENT OF RADISH SEEDLINGS	ACTA SCIENTIARUM POLONORUM-HORTORUM CULTUS (2018), Vol. 17, No. 2, pp. 3-10	Unable to establish what exposure concentrations were used in the study. Therefore not relatable to an EU level risk assessment for EU renewal.
831	Ecotoxicology	Gueller P. et al.	2018	Investigation of some pesticides' effects on activities of glutathione reductase and glutathione S-transferase purified from turkey liver under in vitro conditions.	Journal of the Institute of Science and Technology (2018), Vol. 8, No. 3, pp. 211-217	Paper describes an in vitro enzyme assay that cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
832	Ecotoxicology	Guijarro K. H. et al.	2018	Soil microbial communities and glyphosate decay in soils with different herbicide application history.	The Science of the total environment (2018), Vol. 634, pp. 974-982	Soil dissipation in Argentina is difficult to relate and thus not relevant to EU risk assessment.
833	Ecotoxicology	Guilherme S. et al.	2014	DNA and chromosomal damage induced in fish (Anguilla anguilla L.) by aminomethylphosphonic acid (AMPA)--the major environmental breakdown product of glyphosate.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2014), Vol. 21, No. 14, pp. 8730-9	The study assessed the impact of AMPA on Anguila anguila using COMET and ENA assays. The assays are not considered relevant to the ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal. Therefore this paper should be considered non-relevant.
834	Ecotoxicology	Gutierrez M. F. et al.	2017	Disruption of the hatching dynamics of zooplankton egg banks due to glyphosate application.	Chemosphere (2017), Vol. 171, pp. 644-653	Endpoints based on abundance are used in EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment. The formulation used is not the representative formulation and therefore the impact of co-formulants cannot be excluded. Therefore this study is not relevant to the Annex I renewal.
835	Ecotoxicology	Hagner M. et al.	2019	Effects of a glyphosate-based herbicide on soil animal trophic groups and associated ecosystem functioning in a northern agricultural field	Scientific Reports (2019), Vol. 9, No. 1, pp. 1-13	This study looked at the effect of Roundup + hoeing on soil organisms. Effects on soil organisms based on Roundup alone cannot be determined from the presented data test groups. The test substance used is also based MON 78294 which is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
836	Ecotoxicology	Hanlon S. M. et al.	2012	The impact of pesticides on the pathogen Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis independent of potential hosts.	Archives of environmental contamination and toxicology (2012), Vol. 63, No. 1, pp. 137-43	Paper discusses the impact of various pesticides on fungal spores using approaches that generate endpoints not used in EU ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
837	Ecotoxicology	Hanlon S. M. et al.	2014	The interactive effects of chytrid fungus, pesticides, and exposure timing on gray treefrog (Hyla versicolor) larvae.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2014), Vol. 33, No. 1, pp. 216-22	Contains POEA and thus not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicological risk assessment.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
838	Ecotoxicology	Hasan F. et al.	2016	Ecotoxicological hazards of herbicides on biological attributes of Zygogramma bicolorata Pallister (Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae).	Chemosphere (2016), Vol. 154, pp. 398-407	Novel surface residue exposure study that presents endpoint data that is not relatable to the EU level risk assessment.
839	Ecotoxicology	Hefnawy M. A. et al.	2012	Interaction of some herbicides with phosphate solublization by Aspergillus niger and Aspergillus fumigatus.	Australian Journal of Basic and Applied Sciences (2012), Vol. 6, No. 10, pp. 518-524	Findings are not directly related to the effects of glyphosate on the organism.
840	Ecotoxicology	Herbert L. T. et al.	2014	Effects of field-realistic doses of glyphosate on honeybee appetitive behaviour.	The Journal of experimental biology (2014), Vol. 217, No. Pt 19, pp. 3457-64	Endpoints described are not currently relevant to EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
841	Ecotoxicology	Hill M. P. et al.	2012	Toxic effect of herbicides used for water hyacinth control on two insects released for its biological control in South Africa	Biocontrol science and technology (2012), pp. 1321-1333	Non-EU monitoring study. Extrapolation to EU is difficult.
842	Ecotoxicology	Hirano L. Q. L. et al.	2019	Effects of egg exposure to atrazine and/or glyphosate on bone development in Podocnemis unifilis (Testudines, Podocnemididae).	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2019), Vol. 182, pp. 109400	Test approaches and observations performed are not relatable to EU level risk assessment.
843	Ecotoxicology	Hong Y. et al.	2018	Assessment of the oxidative and genotoxic effects of the glyphosate-based herbicide roundup on the freshwater shrimp, Macrobrachium nipponensis.	Chemosphere (2018), Vol. 210, pp. 896-906	Study conducted using a formulation of glyphosate that is not the representative formulation for the EU renewal.
844	Ecotoxicology	Houssou A. M. et al.	2017	Lethal and sub-lethal effects of cypermethrin and glyphosate on the freshwater's copepod, Acanthocyclops robustus.	ISJ-Invertebrate Survival Journal (2017), Vol. 14, pp. 140-148	The test species selected is also not described and environmental holding conditions (water quality) prior to and during the study were not indicated). The formulation (Kumark® (480 g/L) is not the representative formulation for the EU Annex I renewal (MON 52276). The study was not conducted to a guideline, but the acute toxicity test can be considered in-line with OECD guideline 202. According to OECD 202, the validity criteria are not met for Glyphosate (> 10 % mortality in the control). Additionally, there were no quantifiable endpoints presented in the paper to a non-standard species. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
845	Ecotoxicology	Hued A. C. et al.	2012	Exposure to a commercial glyphosate formulation (Roundup®) alters normal gill and liver histology and affects male sexual activity of Jenynsia multidentata (Anablepidae, Cyprinodontiformes).	Archives of environmental contamination and toxicology (2012), Vol. 62, No. 1, pp. 107-17	Not the representative formulation. The formulation Roundup Max is based on MON 14420, which is not MON 52276, the representative formulation used in the renewal process.

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846	Ecotoxicology	Iannilli V. et al.	2019	Genotoxic effects induced by glyphosate-based herbicide on two gammarid species: the invasive Dikerogammarus villosus (Sowinsky, 1894) (Crustacea, Amphipoda) and the native Echinogammarus veneris (Heller, 1865).	Fundamental and Applied Limnology (2019), Vol. 193, No. 2, pp. 143-153	Endpoints cannot be used in an EU ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
847	Ecotoxicology	Imre P. et al.	2018	TOXICITY TEST OF INDIVIDUAL AND COMBINED TOXIC EFFECTS OF HERBICIDE AMEGA AND COPPER-SULPHATE ON PHEASANT EMBRYOS. Original Title: AMEGA GYOMIRTO SZER ES A REZ-SZULFAT EGYEDI ES EGYUTTES MEREGHATASANAK VIZSGALATA FACANEMBRIOKBAN.	Novenyvdelem (2018), Vol. 54, No. 11, pp. 476-482	It is not possible to relate the observed effects in the study to the ecotoxicology risk assessment for EU renewal.
848	Ecotoxicology	Iori S. et al.	2019	The effects of glyphosate and AMPA on the mediterranean mussel Mytilus galloprovincialis and its microbiota.	Environmental research (2019), Vol. 182, pp. 108984	Paper discusses the effects of glyphosate at the molecular level which not used in an EU level assessment or renewal.
849	Ecotoxicology	Iummato M. M. et al.	2013	Evaluation of biochemical markers in the golden mussel Limnoperna fortunei exposed to glyphosate acid in outdoor microcosms.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2013), Vol. 95, pp. 123-9	Cellular level endpoints cannot be related to the Ecotoxicology Annex I renewal risk assessment.
850	Ecotoxicology	Janben R. et al.	2019	A Glyphosate Pulse to Brackish Long-Term Microcosms Has a Greater Impact on the Microbial Diversity and Abundance of Planktonic Than of Biofilm Assemblages	FRONTIERS IN MARINE SCIENCE (2019), Vol. 6, Article 758	Paper discusses a novel technique to monitor the effects of herbicide on brackish proteo bacteria and bacterial communities measuring 16S rRNA genes in samples of water accompanied by total cell counts and using operational taxonomic units. Whilst informative techniques were used, these data are not relevant to an EU level Annex I ecotoxicological risk assessment according to the 1107/2009 data requirements.
851	Ecotoxicology	Janssens L. et al.	2017	Stronger effects of Roundup than its active ingredient glyphosate in damselfly larvae.	Aquatic toxicology (2017), Vol. 193, pp. 210-216	Formulation tested contains POEA which is not present in the representative product in the EU renewal.
852	Ecotoxicology	Jantawongsri K. et al.	2015	Altered immune response of the rice frog Fejervarya limnocharis living in agricultural area with intensive herbicide utilization at Nan Province, Thailand.	Environment Asia (2015), Vol. 8, No. 1, pp. 68-74	Paper presents results of liver analyses from field collected frogs, in sites in Thailand where multiple pesticides have been used. Glyphosate was one of the chemicals used in the rice growing area, but no specific data relating to glyphosate that could be used in an EU level risk assessment is presented.
853	Ecotoxicology	Jaskulski D. et al.	2011	Effect of pre-harvest glyphosate application on grain germination and emergence of winter wheat self-sown plants. Wpyw glifosatu stosowanego przed zbiorem na kiekowanie ziarna i wschody samosiewow pszenicy ozimej.	Progress in Plant Protection (2011), Vol. 51, No. 2, pp. 927-931	Roundup energy (450 SL) is the test substance in this study which is not the representative product for the renewal of glyphosate. The study is conducted in winter wheat, this is not a use on the representative GAP table for the renewal.

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854	Ecotoxicology	Jayawardena U. A. et al.	2011	Acute and chronic toxicity of four commonly used agricultural pesticides on the Asian common toad, Bufo melanostictus schneider	Journal of the National Science Foundation of Sri Lanka (2011), Vol. 39, No. 3, pp. 267-276	Study was conducted with glyphosate product in Sri Lanka, determining the toxicity to the Asian common toad. Egg strands collected from a university park in Sri Lanka, whereupon the tadpoles were subsequently exposed up to 25 ppm glyphosate.tTest concentrations wererenewed weekly, with observations at 10 and 30 days on metamorphosis. 48hr LC50 values were determined for glyphosate. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
855	Ecotoxicology	Jayawardena U. A. et al.	2010	Toxicity of agrochemicals to common hourglass tree frog (Polypedates cruciger) in acute and chronic exposure.	International Journal of Agriculture and Biology (2010), Vol. 12, No. 5, pp. 641-648	Conducted with glyphosate product in Sri Lanka, studies looks at the toxicity to the Common hourglass tree frog. Egg masses were collected from a university park in Sri Lanka, with tadpoles then exposed up to 1 ppm for a chronic test. Test concentrations were renewed weekly, observations made on metamorphosis. The material and methods lacks important information. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
856	Ecotoxicology	Jayawardena U. A. et al.	2017	Effects of agrochemicals on disease severity of Acanthostomum burminis infections (Digenea: Trematoda) in the Asian common toad, Duttaphrynus melanostictus.	BMC Zoology (2017), Vol. 2, No. 13, pp. 1	Discusses results of exposure of nematode disease rates to multiple a.i. including a glyphosate formulation containing POEA. POEA containing formulations are not relevant to EU level risk assessment.
857	Ecotoxicology	Jenkins M. B. et al.	2017	Impact of glyphosate-resistant corn, glyphosate applications and tillage on soil nutrient ratios, exoenzyme activities and nutrient acquisition ratios.	Pest management science (2017), Vol. 73, No. 1, pp. 78-86	Long term monitoring study that is not relevant for ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I glyphosate renewal.
858	Ecotoxicology	Jesenska S. et al.	2011	Species Sensitivity Distribution (SSD) - application in environmental risk assessment of pesticides in European rivers. Distribuce citlivosti druhu (Species Sensitivity Distribution - SSD) - vyuziti pro hodnoceni rizik pesticidu v evropskych rekach.	Bulletin - VURH Vodnany (2011), Vol. 47, No. 3, pp. 29-38	Data for glyphosate was used in a SSD model to look at the river ecosystem (in Belgium). Concentrations were monitored at locations with the river basin and used in the model. Results were not relevant for the risk assessment.
859	Ecotoxicology	Jiang J. et al.	2017	Influence of commonly used pesticides on acute toxicity to earthworm Eisenia fetida and alteration of antioxidant enzyme activities.	Journal of Agro-Environment Science (2017), Vol. 36, No. 3, pp. 466-473	Acute toxicity to earthworms is not a data requirement in the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
860	Ecotoxicology	Jin J. et al.	2018	Sub-lethal effects of herbicides penoxsulam, imazamox, fluridone and glyphosate on Delta Smelt (Hypomesus transpacificus).	Aquatic toxicology (2018), Vol. 197, pp. 79-88	Presented endpoints based on cellular levels of enzymes cannot be related to an Ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.

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861	Ecotoxicology	Jofre D. M. et al.	2015	Acute and chronic toxicity of glyphosate to native fish from San Luis province, Argentina	Current Topics In Toxicology (2015), Vol. 11, pp. 49-54	The tested formulation contains POEA and is therefore not relevant to the MON 52276 representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
862	Ecotoxicology	Jones D. K. et al.	2010	Roundup and amphibians: the importance of concentration, application time, and stratification.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2010), Vol. 29, No. 9, pp. 2016-25	Glyphosate product tests performed with larval amphibians (wood frog and American toads) in an outdoor mesocosms in the US. Up to 3 mg ae/L was applied at 0, 7 and 14 days to the mesocosm, and replicated. Egg masses were collected from nearby ponds and hatched in culture ponds with aged well-water. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
863	Ecotoxicology	Jones D. K. et al.	2010	Competitive stress can make the herbicide Roundup more deadly to larval amphibians	Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (2010), Vol. 30, No. 2, pp. 446-454	This study assessed competition as a stressor in conjunction with Roundup treatment in an outdoor mesocosm (USA) containing different densities of tadpoles (green frogs, gray tree frogs, american bullfrogs). Glyphosate product was applied up to 3 mg ae/L for 7 dayswith replication. Egg masses were collected from nearby ponds and hatched in wading pools with aged well-water. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
864	Ecotoxicology	Kalai K. et al.	2018	Haemato-biochemical alterations in induced acute glyphosate (C3H8NO5P) intoxication in Kuroiler birds	International Journal of Chemical Studies (2018), Vol. 6, No. 4, pp. 1-4	Paper contains data that cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
865	Ecotoxicology	Karahan A. et al.	2018	Determination of the effect of some pesticides on honey bees.	International Journal of Agriculture, Environment and Food Sciences (2018), Vol. 2, No. 3, pp. 104-108	No effects observed from glyphosate exposure on body movement, however, endpoint not relevant for an EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
866	Ecotoxicology	Kelly D. W. et al.	2010	Synergistic effects of glyphosate formulation and parasite infection on fish malformations and survival	Journal of applied ecology (2010), Vol. 47, No. 2, pp. 498-504	Snails collected from a river in New Zealand. Study looks at exposure to glyphosate + POEA surfactant (diluted to 0.36 mg a.i./L), and parasite infection with particular emphasis on spinal malformation and survival of juvenile fish.The study also looks at the influence of glyphosate concentration on the rate of infection and survival of P.antipodarum snails. The paper does not contribute to the renewal of glyphosate in the EU.
867	Ecotoxicology	Khan A. et al.	2016	Comparative Study of Toxicological Impinge of Glyphosate And Atrazine (Herbicide) on Stress Biomarkers; Blood Biochemical and Haematological Parameters of the Freshwater Common Carp (Cyprinus carpio).	Polish Journal of Environmental Studies (2016), Vol. 25, No. 5, pp. 1995-2001	Molecular and chemical observations are not relevant to traditional ecotoxicological risk assessment. Population level effects may not be inferred from such observations.
868	Ecotoxicology	Kielak E. et al.	2011	Phytotoxicity of Roundup Ultra 360 SL in aquatic ecosystems: Biochemical evaluation with duckweed (Lemna minor L.) as a model plant	Pesticide biochemistry and physiology (2011), Vol. 99, No. 3, pp. 237-243	Use of glyphosate product in a study on lemna to assess the impact on biomass and Chlorophyll content of plants. This study was performed in Poland. The paper does not contribute to the renewal of glyphosate in the EU.

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869	Ecotoxicology	King J. J. et al.	2010	Toxic Effects of the Herbicide Roundup Regular on Pacific Northwestern Amphibians	Northwestern Naturalist (2010), Vol. 91, no. 3, pp. 318-324	Conducted in the US. Glyphosate product + POEA surfactant, used in a study to look at the effect on amphibians (collected from the wild, kept in aerated pond water until 24 hr after hatching), up to 5 mg/L, static tests, pH buffered with spring water, LC50 generated. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
870	Ecotoxicology	Kittle R. P. et al.	2018	Effects of glyphosate herbicide on the gastrointestinal microflora of Hawaiian green turtles (Chelonia mydas) Linnaeus.	Marine pollution bulletin (2018), Vol. 127, pp. 170-174	Discusses a novel technique using isolated strains of bacteria from turtle guts to assess their sensitivity to glyphosate. Findings not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
871	Ecotoxicology	Koakoski G. et al.	2014	Agrichemicals chronically inhibit the cortisol response to stress in fish.	Chemosphere (2014), Vol. 112, pp. 85-91	End-points based on measured stress hormones are not relevant to an EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment for renewal.
872	Ecotoxicology	Kondera E. et al.	2018	Effect of glyphosate-based herbicide on hematological and hemopoietic parameters in common carp (Cyprinus carpio L).	Fish physiology and biochemistry (2018), Vol. 44, No. 3, pp. 1011-1018	End-points presented are not relevant to an EU level risk assessment for glyphosate renewal in the EU.
873	Ecotoxicology	Koprivnikar J. et al.	2012	Agricultural effects on amphibian parasitism: importance of general habitat perturbations and parasite life cycles.	Journal of wildlife diseases (2012), Vol. 48, No. 4, pp. 925-36	Pond sampling / monitoring study performed in Canada. Not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
874	Ecotoxicology	Kostopoulou S. et al.	2020	Assessment of the effects of metribuzin, glyphosate, and their mixtures on the metabolism of the model plant Lemna minor L. applying metabolomics.	Chemosphere (2020), Vol. 239, pp. 124582	The paper describes a metabolomics approach to establish the impact of glyphosate alone and mixtures with metribuzin on the metabolome of lemna. Novel approach to biomarker detection is not considered in an EU level assessment.
875	Ecotoxicology	Krynak K. L. et al.	2017	Rodeo (TM) Herbicide Negatively Affects Blanchard's Cricket Frogs (Acris blanchardi) Survival and Alters the Skin-Associated Bacterial Community.	Journal of Herpetology (2017), Vol. 51, No. 3, pp. 402-410	Uses a formulation that is not relevant to the EU renewal of Glyphosate. (RODEO)
876	Ecotoxicology	Lacaze E. et al.	2010	Genotoxicity assessment in the amphipod Gammarus fossarum by use of the alkaline Comet assay	Mutation Research, Genetic Toxicology and Environmental Mutagenesis (2010), Vol. 700, No. 1-2, pp. 32-38	This study is the development of an assay. Endpoints cannot be used in the regulatory risk assessment of glyphosate.
877	Ecotoxicology	Lajmanovich R. C. et al.	2011	Toxicity of four herbicide formulations with glyphosate on Rhinella arenarum (anura: bufonidae) tadpoles: B-esterases and glutathione S-transferase inhibitors.	Archives of environmental contamination and toxicology (2011), Vol. 60, No. 4, pp. 681-9	Compared toxicity to tadpoles exposed to a range of glyphosate products up to 240 mg ae/L for 48 hrs, enzyme activity was measured. Tadpoles collected from the wild (non-agricultural areas in Argentina, acclimated for 48 hrs). LC50 generated withvery high concentrations tested.
878	Ecotoxicology	Lajmanovich R. C. et al.	2013	Individual and Mixture Toxicity of Commercial Formulations Containing Glyphosate, Metsulfuron-Methyl, Bispyribac-Sodium, and Picloram on Rhinella arenarum Tadpoles.	Water Air and Soil Pollution (2013), Vol. 224, No. 3, pp. Article No.: 1404	Formulation used in the testing is not the representative formulation for the Annex 1 renewal. Also difficult to relate the cellular and molecular level endpoints to an Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
879	Ecotoxicology	Lallana M. d. C. et al.	2013	Determination of root length reduction (EC50) by a glyphosate formulation using lettuce and wheat as biological indicator species. Original Title: Determinacion de reduccion del crecimiento radical (CE50) por una formulacion de glifosato utilizando lechug	Revista de la Facultad de Ciencias Agrarias Universidad Nacional de Cuyo (2013), Vol. 45, No. 1, pp. 143-151	Endpoints presented were not generated using a test design that reflects use in the field and as such is not considered relevant / relatable to an EU level risk assessment for PPP Annex I renewal.
880	Ecotoxicology	Lance E. et al.	2016	Accumulation and detoxication responses of the gastropod Lymnaea stagnalis to single and combined exposures to natural (cyanobacteria) and anthropogenic (the herbicide RoundUp(®) Flash) stressors.	Aquatic toxicology (2016), Vol. 177, pp. 116-24	Molecular level results that are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
881	Ecotoxicology	Lanctot C. et al.	2013	Effects of the glyphosate-based herbicide Roundup WeatherMax® on metamorphosis of wood frogs (Lithobates sylvaticus) in natural wetlands.	Aquatic toxicology (2013), Vol. 140-141, pp. 48-57	Roundup WeatherMAX contains surfactants that are not relevant to the EU level renewal of glyphosate onto Annex I.
882	Ecotoxicology	Lanctot C. et al.	2014	Effects of glyphosate-based herbicides on survival, development, growth and sex ratios of wood frog (Lithobates sylvaticus) tadpoles. II: agriculturally relevant exposures to Roundup WeatherMax® and Vision® under laboratory conditions.	Aquatic toxicology (2014), Vol. 154, pp. 291-303	The tested formulation contains POEA and is therefore not relevant to the MON 52276 representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
883	Ecotoxicology	Lanzarin G. A. B. et al.	2019	Dose-dependent effects of a glyphosate commercial formulation - Roundup(®) UltraMax - on the early zebrafish embryogenesis.	Chemosphere (2019), Vol. 223, pp. 514-522	Paper concerns a Roundup formulation that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
884	Ecotoxicology	Latorre M. A. et al.	2013	Effects of in vivo exposure to Roundup® on immune system of Caiman latirostris.	Journal of immunotoxicology (2013), Vol. 10, No. 4, pp. 349-54	This study provided blood chemistry analysis for Caiman exposed to Roundup for long periods. These data are not considered to be relevant to the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal. Roundup used also contains POEA, which is a surfactant system not present in the representative formulation.
885	Ecotoxicology	Levis N. A. et al.	2015	Level of UV-B radiation influences the effects of glyphosate-based herbicide on the spotted salamander.	Ecotoxicology (2015), Vol. 24, No. 5, pp. 1073-86	Study investigates the effect on different UV light regimes on the effects on glyphosate on salamanders. As no specific effects and concentrations related to glyphosate alone are not mentioned, the findings are not relevant to an EU level renewal assessment for annex I.
886	Ecotoxicology	Levis N. A. et al.	2016	Non-adaptive phenotypic plasticity: the effects of terrestrial and aquatic herbicides on larval salamander morphology and swim speed	Biological journal of the Linnean Society (2016), Vol. 118, No. 3, pp. 569-581	Adaptive phenotypic plasticity is not an endpoint / observed parameter considered in the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
887	Ecotoxicology	Li M. et al.	2017	Metabolic profiling of goldfish (Carassius auratis) after long-term glyphosate-based herbicide exposure.	Aquatic toxicology (2017), Vol. 188, pp. 159-169	Metabolomic approaches to assessing the fate of pesticides in organisms looks specifically at cellular and molecular level based endpoints that are not used in the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
888	Ecotoxicology	Li P-L. et al.	2015	Response of Nitzschia amplectens in growth and kinestate to glyphosate original powder	Nongyao (2015), Vol. 54, No. 2, pp. 108-111	Based on Roundup Original which contains POEA which is not relevant at EU level for MON 52276 renewal. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the renewal.
889	Ecotoxicology	Li Q. et al.	2013	Effects of herbicides application on allelopathic potential of Eupatorium catarium.	Allelopathy Journal (2013), Vol. 31, No. 1, pp. 139-146	Observations caused by mixture of compounds / potentially causal factors and thus not attributable to a substance of concern (e.g. mixture toxicity).
890	Ecotoxicology	Li Y. et al.	2019	Acute exposure of glyphosate-based herbicide induced damages on common carp organs via heat shock proteins-related immune response and oxidative stress	Toxin Reviews (2019), Ahead of Print, https://doi.org/10.1080/15569543.2019.1621903	Formulation is not the representative formulation for the ANNEX I renewal of glyphosate. As the identity of the powder and the form in which it was supplied (salt type, to establish acid equivalence content) cannot be confirmed. Co-formulants are also unknown.
891	Ecotoxicology	Lipok J. et al.	2010	The toxicity of Roundup® 360 SL formulation and its main constituents: glyphosate and isopropylamine towards non-target water photoautotrophs.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2010), Vol. 73, No. 7, pp. 1681-8	Uses glyphopsate product, study looking at impact on marine microbial (algae) communities (14 d old log-phase cultures used), exposed up to 3mM of GLY. EC50 generated. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
892	Ecotoxicology	Liu C. et al.	2012	Size-controlled preparation of hollow silica spheres and glyphosate release	Transactions of Nonferrous Metals Society of China (2012), Vol. 22, No. 5, pp. 1161-1168	This paper relates to the development of a silica capsule. Glyphosate is mentioned as the example chemical that demonstrates increased release rate with thinning of the capsule wall. Not relevant for 2022 ecotox renewal risk assessment.
893	Ecotoxicology	Lo C-C.	2010	Effect of pesticides on soil microbial community.	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2010), Vol. 45, No. 5, pp. 348-59	Conducted in China. Review of toxicity studies to look at the effect of glyphosate and other chemistry to soil microflora. As it's a review of other data it doesn't bring any specific endpoint to the Regulatory risk assessment of glyphosate renewal.
894	Ecotoxicology	Lopes da Silva E. T. et al.	2016	LETHAL CONCENTRATION OF GLYPHOSATE FOR JUVENILES OF CURIMATA-PACU. Original Title: CONCENTRACAO LETAL DO GLIFOSATO PARA JUVENIS DE CURIMATA-PACU.	Boletim Do Instituto De Pesca (2016), Vol. 42, No. 4, pp. 759-764	Concerns a formulation of Glyphosate (ATANOR®) that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
895	Ecotoxicology	Lopes F. M. et al.	2018	Toxicity induced by glyphosate and glyphosate-based herbicides in the zebrafish hepatocyte cell line (ZF-L).	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2018), Vol. 162, pp. 201-207	The formulated product used in the test contains MON 2139 which contains POEA (MON0818). Therefore findings are not relevant to the EU level renewal as are not representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
896	Ecotoxicology	Lopes F. M. et al.	2017	Glyphosate Adversely Affects Danio rerio Males: Acetylcholinesterase Modulation and Oxidative Stress.	Zebrafish (2017), Vol. 14, No. 2, pp. 97-105	Endpoints not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
897	Ecotoxicology	Lopes F. M. et al.	2014	Effect of glyphosate on the sperm quality of zebrafish Danio rerio.	Aquatic toxicology (2014), Vol. 155, pp. 322-6	Endpoint not used in EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
898	Ecotoxicology	Louch J. et al.	2017	Potential risks to freshwater aquatic organisms following a silvicultural application of herbicides in Oregon's Coast Range.	Integrated environmental assessment and management (2017), Vol. 13, No. 2, pp. 396-409	This is a specific non-EU monitoring study that cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
899	Ecotoxicology	Lozano V. L. et al.	2018	Effects of glyphosate and 2,4-D mixture on freshwater phytoplankton and periphyton communities: a microcosms approach	Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety (2018), Vol. 148, pp. 1010-1019	The focus of the study was on phytoplankton and periphyton communities. However, no information on the source and history of the phytoplankton and periphyton communities are given. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment. (The glyphosate formulation Glifosato Atanor® was used in the microcosm study). In addition, no regulatory useful endpoint was derived.
900	Ecotoxicology	Lyons M. et al.	2018	Effects of 4-nonylphenol and formulations of five pesticides: cypermethrin, deltamethrin, glyphosate, imidacloprid and mancozeb on growth of Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar L.) during parr-smolt transformation.	Canadian Technical Report of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences (2018), Vol. 3265, pp. 1-42	Fish exposed to a glyphosate formulation that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
901	Ecotoxicology	Ma J. et al.	2015	Alteration in the cytokine levels and histopathological damage in common carp induced by glyphosate.	Chemosphere (2015), Vol. 128, pp. 293-8	Endpoints not relatable to an EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
902	Ecotoxicology	Ma J. et al.	2015	Immunological and histopathological responses of the kidney of common carp (Cyprinus carpio L.) sublethally exposed to glyphosate.	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2015), Vol. 39, No. 1, pp. 1-8	Molecular level results that are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
903	Ecotoxicology	Ma J. et al.	2019	Biochemical and molecular impacts of glyphosate-based herbicide on the gills of common carp.	Environmental pollution (2019), Vol. 252, No. Pt B, pp. 1288-1300	Paper discusses biochemical and molecular impacts that are not relatable to an EU level RA for Annex I renewal
904	Ecotoxicology	Magano D. A. et al.	2013	Side-effects of herbicides applied in soybean Trichogramma pretiosum. Efeitos secundarios de herbicidas aplicados em soja sobre Trichogramma pretiosum.	Pesquisa Agropecuaria Gaucha (2013), Vol. 19, No. 1/2, pp. 69-80	The formulations used that contain glyphosate were Glyphosate Atanor and Roundup Original. The Roundup formulation contains POEA and is therefore not relevant for the EU. Concerning ATANOR, this is not the representative formulation and it is difficult to relate the observed effects with the ecotoxicology risk assessment for EU Annex I renewal of MON 52276.
905	Ecotoxicology	Magbanua F. S. et al.	2013	Understanding the combined influence of fine sediment and glyphosate herbicide on stream periphyton communities.	Water research (2013), Vol. 47, No. 14, pp. 5110-20	This study investigated the combination of sediment and glyphosate effects on an mesocosm community. Results not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
906	Ecotoxicology	Magbanua F. S. et al.	2013	Individual and combined effects of fine sediment and the herbicide glyphosate on benthic macroinvertebrates and stream ecosystem function	Freshwater biology (2013), Vol. 58, No. 8, pp. 1729-1744	Paper describes a specific multiple mesocosm study conducted in New Zealand using an undefined source of glyphosate.

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907	Ecotoxicology	Malecot M. et al.	2013	Specific proteomic response of Unio pictorum mussel to a mixture of glyphosate and microcystin-LR.	Journal of proteome research (2013), Vol. 12, No. 11, pp. 5281-92	Observed findings are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I purposes.
908	Ecotoxicology	Mandl K. et al.	2018	Effects of Glyphosate-, Glufosinate- and Flazasulfuron-Based Herbicides on Soil Microorganisms in a Vineyard.	Bulletin of environmental contamination and toxicology (2018), Vol. 101, No. 5, pp. 562-569	The product used was Roundup Powerflex, which is based on MON 79351 that contains 47.6% acid equivalence, and not MON 52276. Endpoints based on bacterial CFUs are difficult to relate to an ecotoxicological Annex I risk assessment. The work was also conducted in a vineyard that had a history of other pesticides being used. As identified by the Author, this cannot be excluded as having influenced the findings.
909	Ecotoxicology	Alvarez M. et al.	2012	Toxicity in fishes of herbicides formulated with glyphosate	Acta Toxicologica Argentina (2012), Vol. 20, No. 1, pp. 5-13	Two formulations and a test solution prepared using technical material were used. The two formulations were glacoxan and Roundup. The Roundup contains POEA and therefore is not relevant to the EU. The Glacoxan is a home and garden use formulation that is not related to the representative formulation. It is therefore not relevant to an EU level risk assessment for the Annex I renewal.
910	Ecotoxicology	Maria M. A. et al.	2018	Evaluation of glyphosate effect concentration to control Eichhornia crassipes and Salvinia sp. Avaliacao da concentracao de efeito do glifosato para controle de Eichhornia crassipes e Salvinia sp.	Engenharia Sanitaria e Ambiental (2018), Vol. 23, No. 5, pp. 881-889	On translated paper review, it is apparent that the study was conducted with a formulation (Roundup Original) that contains POEA - uncertain if observed effects were due to product or down to the action of POEA. POEA is not in the Annex I representative formulation and therefore these findings are not relevant to the ecotoxicology risk assessment for renewal.
911	Ecotoxicology	Martin L. J. et al.	2013	A preliminary assessment of the response of a native reptile assemblage to spot-spraying invasive Bitou Bush with glyphosate herbicide.	Ecological Management & Restoration (2013), Vol. 14, No. 1, pp. 59-62	NON-EU long term monitoring site, therefore non-relatable to EU level ANNEX I renewal.
912	Ecotoxicology	Marusca T.	2017	Oversowing or resowing of subalpine grassland appointed after the dynamics of floristic composition.	Romanian Journal of Grassland and Forage Crops (2017), No. 15, pp. 45-55	Study describes ecological succession and not specific effects of glyphosate on NTOs, therefore not relevant to EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
913	Ecotoxicology	Mateos-Naranjo E. et al.	2013	Effects of sub-lethal glyphosate concentrations on growth and photosynthetic performance of non-target species Bolboschoenus maritimus.	Chemosphere (2013), Vol. 93, No. 10, pp. 2631-8	End-points not considered relevant to an EU level risk assessment (ecotoxicology) for Annex I renewal.
914	Ecotoxicology	Matozzo V. et al.	2018	Ecotoxicological risk assessment for the herbicide glyphosate to non-target aquatic species: A case study with the mussel Mytilus galloprovincialis.	Environmental pollution (2018), Vol. 233, pp. 623-632	No control data are presented. The concept of up and down-regulation of genes following exposure to glyphosate within the context of a risk assessment is not relatable to the EU renewal. The purity of the test substance is not presented so dosing cannot be confirmed. The environmental conditions of the exposure phase are not presented other than salinity and temperature. No positive control included.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
915	Ecotoxicology	Matozzo V. et al.	2018	Effects of aminomethylphosphonic acid, the main breakdown product of glyphosate, on cellular and biochemical parameters of the mussel Mytilus galloprovincialis	Fish & shellfish immunology (2018), Vol. 83, pp. 321-329	Cellular level parameters discussed in paper, with endpoints that are not relevant to an Annex I renewal from ecotoxicology perspective.
916	Ecotoxicology	Matozzo V. et al.	2019	Glyphosate affects haemocyte parameters in the clam Ruditapes philippinarum.	Marine environmental research (2019), Vol. 146, pp. 66-70	Paper contains data that cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
917	Ecotoxicology	Matozzo V. et al.	2019	Ecotoxicological hazard of a mixture of glyphosate and aminomethylphosphonic acid to the mussel Mytilus galloprovincialis (Lamarck 1819).	Scientific reports (2019), Vol. 9, No. 1, pp. 14302	End-points based on enzyme levels cannot be related to the EU level Annex I risk assessment.
918	Ecotoxicology	Matozzo V. et al.	2018	Ecotoxicological risk assessment for the herbicide glyphosate to non-target aquatic species: A case study with the mussel Mytilus galloprovincialis	Environmental pollution (2018), Vol. 233, pp. 623-632	Molecular level results that are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
919	Ecotoxicology	McNally S. R. et al.	2017	Herbicide application during pasture renewal initially increases root turnover and carbon input to soil in perennial ryegrass and white clover pasture	Plant and soil (2017), Vol. 412, No. 1-2, pp. 133-142	Looks at root turnover as a means of sequestering carbon into soils. No specific endpoints useable in ecotoxicology EU level risk assessment for EU Annex I renewal.
920	Ecotoxicology	McVey K. A. et al.	2016	Exposure of C. elegans eggs to a glyphosate-containing herbicide leads to abnormal neuronal morphology.	Neurotoxicology and teratology (2016), Vol. 55, pp. 23-31	The article does not report results, which can be used for risk assessment and information is insufficient to transfer values into such determinants.
921	Ecotoxicology	Medeiros E. V. d. et al.	2014	Impact of glyphosate on microbial attributes of soil planted with two species of passion fruit.	Revista Caatinga (2014), Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 1-8	Non-EU soil based comparative experiment to establish the impact of glyphosate on bacterial populations in soil for two different species of passion fruit in Brazil. The test design was described without specific detail on the amount of glyphosate being applied so any impacts could not be related to exposure. Therefore findings cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
922	Ecotoxicology	Mekhed O. B. et al.	2013	Impact of Water Pollution by Herbicides Zenkor and Roundup on Metabolism in Liver of Fishes of the Fam. Cyprinidae.	Hydrobiological Journal (2013), Vol. 49, No. 5, pp. 74-80	Molecular level results that are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
923	Ecotoxicology	Menendez-Helman R. J. et al.	2015	Subcellular energy balance of Odontesthes bonariensis exposed to a glyphosate-based herbicide.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2015), Vol. 114, pp. 157-63	Molecular level results that are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
924	Ecotoxicology	Menezes C. W. G. et al.	2012	Reproductive and toxicological impacts of herbicides used in Eucalyptus culture in Brazil on the parasitoid Palmistichus elaeisis (Hymenoptera: Eulophidae)	Weed research (2012), Vol. 52, No. 6, pp. 520-525	Article not investigating properties of the active substance glyphosate. The articles does not cover any data requirement under EC Regulation 1107/2009.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
925	Ecotoxicology	Mensah P. et al.	2012	Using growth measures in the freshwater shrimp Caridina nilotica as biomarkers of Roundup registered pollution of South African freshwater systems	Physics and Chemistry of the Earth, Parts A/B/C (2012), Vol. 50, pp. 262-268	The formulation is based on MON 2139, which contains MON 0818 (that includes POEA) which is not relevant for the EU representative formulation. The confounding effects of POEA on the results cannot be excluded as no glyphosate technical grade only treatments were included, therefore findings are considered relevant to EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
926	Ecotoxicology	Mensah P. K. et al.	2012	Acetylcholinesterase activity in the freshwater shrimp Caridina nilotica as a biomarker of Roundup (R) herbicide pollution of freshwater systems in South Africa.	Water Science and Technology (2012), Vol. 66, No. 2, pp. 402-408	Formulation used in the study contains POEA that is not relevant to the EU renewal.
927	Ecotoxicology	Meshkini S. et al.	2019	The acute and chronic effect of Roundup herbicide on histopathology and enzymatic antioxidant system of Oncorhynchus mykiss.	International Journal of Environmental Science and Technology (2019), Vol. 16, No. 11, pp. 6847-6856	Roundup was used which contains POEA. This is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
928	Ecotoxicology	Mestre A. P. et al.	2019	Effects of cypermethrin (pyrethroid), glyphosate and chlorpyrifos (organophosphorus) on the endocrine and immune system of Salvator merianae (Argentine tegu).	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2019), Vol. 169, pp. 61-67	Formulation of glyphosate considered in the paper is not the representative formulation being considered for the Annex I renewal in EU.
929	Ecotoxicology	Meza-Joya F. L. et al.	2013	Toxic, cytotoxic, and genotoxic effects of a glyphosate formulation (Roundup®SL-Cosmoflux®411F) in the direct-developing frog Eleutherodactylus johnstonei.	Environmental and molecular mutagenesis (2013), Vol. 54, No. 5, pp. 362-73	Study is conducted on a formulation of glyphosate that is not the representative formulation in the EU.
930	Ecotoxicology	Miko Z. et al.	2017	Effects of a glyphosate-based herbicide and predation threat on the behaviour of agile frog tadpoles.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2017), Vol. 140, pp. 96-102	The results of the study are not based on direct toxic effects of glyphosate to tadpoles, but are based on the interactive effects in the presence of predators. Endpoints of this type are not used in EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal purposes.
931	Ecotoxicology	Miko Z. et al.	2017	Standardize or Diversify Experimental Conditions in Ecotoxicology? A Case Study on Herbicide Toxicity to Larvae of Two Anuran Amphibians.	Archives of environmental contamination and toxicology (2017), Vol. 73, No. 4, pp. 562-569	Formulation Glyphogan Classic used in the study contains POEA which is not relevant to an EU level risk assessment for the representative formulation MON 52276 that does not contain POEA.
932	Ecotoxicology	Milan M. et al.	2018	Ecotoxicological effects of the herbicide glyphosate in non-target aquatic species: Transcriptional responses in the mussel Mytilus galloprovincialis.	Environmental pollution (2018), Vol. 237, pp. 442-451	No control data are presented. The concept of up and down-regulation of genes following exposure to glyphosate within the context of a risk assessment is not relatable to the EU renewal. The purity of the test substance is not presented so dosing cannot be confirmed. The environmental conditions of the exposure phase are not presented other than salinity and temperature. No positive control included.
933	Ecotoxicology	Mingo V. et al.	2019	Validating buccal swabbing as a minimal-invasive method to detect pesticide exposure in squamate reptiles.	Chemosphere (2019), Vol. 229, pp. 529-537	This paper describes a novel approach to taking samples from wall lizards for subsequent enzymatic analysis for the detection of pesticide effects. No data were presented that could be used in an EU level RA for renewal. Non representative formulation.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
934	Ecotoxicology	Mona M. H. et al.	2013	Evaluation of cytotoxic effects of atrazine and glyphosate herbicides on Biomphalaria glabrata snails.	Journal of Basic and Applied Zoology (2013), Vol. 66, No. 2, pp. 68-75	Paper discusses a RAPD-PCR technique for detecting genotoxic damage. Formulation tested (Herfosat, Egypt; not characterized/described further). The data are not relatable to an EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
935	Ecotoxicology	Mondal S. et al.	2017	Phytotoxicity of glyphosate in the germination of Pisum sativum and its effect on germinated seedlings.	Environmental health and toxicology (2017), Vol. 32, pp. e2017011	Test design not relevant to EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
936	Ecotoxicology	Monquero P. A. et al.	2016	Initial growth of tree species under herbicide drift.	Revista de Ciencias Agrarias / Amazonian Journal of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences (2016), Vol. 59, No. 2, pp. 162-172	Direct application to trees is not a proposed use of glyphosate and such end-points are not used in the EE level risk assessment for glyphosate renewal.
937	Ecotoxicology	Monte T. C. C. et al.	2019	Changes in hemocytes of Biomphalaria glabrata infected with Echinostoma paraensei and exposed to glyphosate-based herbicide.	Journal of invertebrate pathology (2019), Vol. 160, pp. 67-75	Relates to snails being exposure to a formulation of glyphosate that is not the representative formulation at Annex I for the EU.
938	Ecotoxicology	Moore L. J. et al.	2012	Relative toxicity of the components of the original formulation of Roundup to five North American anurans.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2012), Vol. 78, pp. 128-33	Whilst the study is well described and data on the formulation and on the surfactant are presented, both test substances are not relevant to the EU renewal of the representative formulation MON52276, which does not contain POEA. Whilst the presented data for these two substances, are supported by the data presented in the paper, there is insufficient information presented to conclude on the assay conducted with the IPA salt of glyphosate. There are no specific biological results presented for anurans exposed to the glyphosate IPA exposure salt in this paper, the finding for the IPA salt can only be considered in a supportive way. All data presented for MON 2139 and MON 0818 are not relevant to the EU level risk assessment of glyphosate for Annex I renewal.
939	Ecotoxicology	Moreira L. F. et al.	2019	Modulation of the multixenobiotic resistance mechanism in Danio rerio hepatocyte culture (ZF-L) after exposure to glyphosate and Roundup (R).	Chemosphere (2019), Vol. 228, pp. 159-165	Epigenetic biomarkers are indicators of the presence of a chemical or mixture of chemicals in the environment. They are not indicators of toxicity. The endpoints presented are not relatable to the ecotoxicological risk assessment required for Annex I renewal in the EU.
940	Ecotoxicology	Morgan M. A. et al.	2019	Evaluating sub-lethal stress from Roundup (R) exposure in Artemia franciscana using H-1 NMR and GC-MS.	Aquatic Toxicology (2019), Vol. 212, pp. 77-87	Formulation used contains POEA - not relevant therefore to EU renewal.
941	Ecotoxicology	Morris A. et al.	2016	Effect of two commercial herbicides on life history traits of a human disease vector, Aedes aegypti, in the laboratory setting.	Ecotoxicology (2016), Vol. 25, No. 5, pp. 863-70	No relevant information on metabolism / residues / background levels of glyphosate. Epidemiology, effect of glyphosate on Aedes aegypti.
942	Ecotoxicology	Mottier A. et al.	2015	Effects of subchronic exposure to glyphosate in juvenile oysters (Crassostrea gigas): From molecular to individual levels.	Marine pollution bulletin (2015), Vol. 95, No. 2, pp. 665-77	Endpoints based on gene expressions are not considered in an ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.

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943	Ecotoxicology	Mugni H. et al.	2014	Acute toxicity of roundup to the nontarget organism Hyalella curvispina. Laboratory and field study	Toxicological and environmental chemistry (2014), Vol. 96, No. 7, pp. 1054-1063	Not the representative formulation for the Annex I therefore not relevant to the risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
944	Ecotoxicology	Munoz L. M. H. et al.	2015	Toxicity assesment of two agrochemicals, roundup active and cosmo-Flux411F, to colombian anuran tadpoles	Acta Biologica Colombiana (2015), Vol. 20, No. 2, pp. 153-161	Roundup Active is based on the potassium salt of glyphosate and contains a different surfactant system compared with the representative formulation for the Annex I EU renewal. It is therefore not relevant to the ecotoxicology risk assessment as effects cannot be related to the representative formulation.
945	Ecotoxicology	Murugan K. et al.	2014	Eudrilus eugeniae - a potent bioremediator in controlling herbicide and pesticide pollution.	International Journal of Pharmaceutical and Biological Archives (2014), Vol. 5, No. 5, pp. 67-74	Paper discusses the use of earthworm as bioremediation organisms to remove glyphosate from the soil. The endpoints presented are not relatable to an EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
946	Ecotoxicology	Murussi C. R. et al.	2016	Exposure to different glyphosate formulations on the oxidative and histological status of Rhamdia quelen.	Fish physiology and biochemistry (2016), Vol. 42, No. 2, pp. 445-55	Findings cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment
947	Ecotoxicology	Mysore D. K. et al.	2013	Effect of metabolic inhibitors on growth and carotenoid production in Dunaliella bardawil.	Journal of food science and technology (2013), Vol. 50, No. 6, pp. 1130-6	Formulation tested contains tallow amine surfactant - not relevant to EU renewal.
948	Ecotoxicology	Nascentes R. F. et al.	2018	Low doses of glyphosate enhance growth, CO2 assimilation, stomatal conductance and transpiration in sugarcane and eucalyptus.	Pest management science (2018), Vol. 74, No. 5, pp. 1197-1205	This paper discusses hormetic responses of sugar cane and eucalyptus plants following exposure to low doses of glyphosate. The exposure situation and the presented endpoint data are not relevant to the EU level renewal of glyphosate
949	Ecotoxicology	Navarro C. D. C. et al.	2014	Effects of the surfactant polyoxyethylene amine (POEA) on genotoxic, biochemical and physiological parameters of the freshwater teleost Prochilodus lineatus.	Comparative biochemistry and physiology. Toxicology & pharmacology (2014), Vol. 165, pp. 83-90	Contains POEA, therefore not relevant to EU renewal.
950	Ecotoxicology	Niemeyer J. C. et al.	2018	Do recommended doses of glyphosate-based herbicides affect soil invertebrates? Field and laboratory screening tests to risk assessment.	Chemosphere (2018), Vol. 198, pp. 154-160	The study is considered not relevant as it is conducted with Roundup Original. Despite the content being 360 g a.e./L, this product in Brazil is based on MON 78087, which contains MON 0818 which is a surfactant system containing POEA. This is not a relevant surfactant for the Annex I submission and therefore data generated using this formulation is not relevant to the EU Annex I renewal process from an ecototoxicology perspective.
951	Ecotoxicology	Nocelli R. C. F. et al.	2019	EFFECTS OF HERBICIDES ON THE SURVIVAL OF THE BRAZILIAN NATIVE BEE Melipona scutellaris LATREILLE, 1811 (HYMENOPTERA: APIDAE)	PLANTA DANINHA (2019), Vol. 37, pp. 1	End-points based on LT50 (time until 50% lethality, are not considered in an EU level bee risk assessment. Exposure scenario is not relevant to the risk assessment as bees were exposed for up to 45 days, being fed continuously and therefore not relatable to an exposure situation in the field.
952	Ecotoxicology	Nur Masirah M. Z. et al.	2013	Effects of selected herbicides on soil microbial populations in oil palm plantation of Malaysia: a microcosm experiment.	African Journal of Microbiology Research (2013), Vol. 7, No. 5, pp. 367-374	Non-EU monitoring study - not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal of glyphosate.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
953	Ecotoxicology	Nwani C. D. et al.	2013	Investigation on acute toxicity and behavioral changes in Tilapia zillii due to glyphosate-based herbicide, forceup.	JAPS, Journal of Animal and Plant Sciences (2013), Vol. 23, No. 3, pp. 888-892	The study was not conducted to GLP and a relevant guideline was not followed. The glyphosate formulation used in the study was Forceup and therefore the toxicity of the active substance to this fish species is unclear from this article. There was no rationale for the selection of exposure concentrations presented and no analytical verification of test concentrations was reported during the semi-static test procedure. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
954	Ecotoxicology	Nwani C. D. et al.	2010	Lethal concentration and toxicity stress of Carbosulfan, Glyphosate and Atrazine to freshwater air breathing fish Channa punctatus (Bloch).	International Aquatic Research (2010), Vol. 2, No. 2, pp. 105-111	Glyphosate products used to look at toxicity to Snakehead fish relevant to the Indian subcontinent. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU renewal
955	Ecotoxicology	Nweke C. O. et al.	2015	Prediction of phenolic compounds and formulated glyphosate toxicity in binary mixtures using Rhizobium species dehydrogenase activity.	Advances in Life Sciences (2015), Vol. 5, No. 2, pp. 27-38	Mixture study
956	Ecotoxicology	Oliveira Souza C. et al.	2014	Exopolysaccharides and abiotic stress tolerance in bacterial isolates from "sabia" nodules.	Revista Caatinga (2014), Vol. 27, No. 4, pp. 240-245	Paper discusses a novel approach of assessing abiotic stress tolerance in bacterial isolates. Achieved dataset is not relatable to an EU level risk assessment.
957	Ecotoxicology	Olszyk D. et al.	2010	Phytotoxicity assay for seed production using Brassica rapa L.	Integrated environmental assessment and management (2010), Vol. 6, No. 4, pp. 725-34	Development of an assay to look at impact of glyphosate (and other pesticides) on the seed production of plant species with a short life cycle. End-points cannot be used in the regulatory risk assessment of glyphosate.
958	Ecotoxicology	Olszyk D. et al.	2010	Potato (Solanum tuberosum) greenhouse tuber production as an assay for asexual reproduction effects from herbicides.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2010), Vol. 29, No. 1, pp. 111-21	Study to look at effect of glyphosate product (and other chemistry) on potato plants asexual reproduction to develop an assay. EC25 values generated for glyphosate and effect on fresh weight on potato tuber and shoot weight. Not relevant to the regulatory risk assessment of glyphosate renewal.
959	Ecotoxicology	Omran N. E. et al.	2016	The endocrine disruptor effect of the herbicides atrazine and glyphosate on Biomphalaria alexandrina snails.	Toxicology and industrial health (2016), Vol. 32, No. 4, pp. 656-65	Cellular level end-points are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology assessment for AIR 5.
960	Ecotoxicology	Orsted M. et al.	2015	A fluorescence-based hydrolytic enzyme activity assay for quantifying toxic effects of Roundup (R) to Daphnia magna.	Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (2015), Vol. 34, No. 8, pp. 1841-1850	Describes a novel fluorescence technique that is not relevant to EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
961	Ecotoxicology	Orun I. et al.	2013	Effects of acute and chronic exposure to glyphosate on common carp (Cyprinus carpio L.) hematological parameters: the beneficial effect of propolis.	Fresenius Environmental Bulletin (2013), Vol. 22, No. 9, pp. 2504-2509	The article does not report results, which can be used for ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal purposes. Contains cellular and molecular findings

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962	Ecotoxicology	Owagboriaye F. et al.	2020	Biochemical response and vermiremediation assessment of three earthworm species (Alma millsoni, Eudrilus eugeniae and Libyodrilus violaceus) in soil contaminated with a glyphosate-based herbicide.	Ecological Indicators (2020), Vol. 108, pp. 105678	Endpoints based on effects on enzymes levels in earthworms are not used in the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for renewal under Annex I. Concerning exposure, based on 83.2g a.i./m^2 equivalent, the corresponding application rate per hectare is 832,000 g/ha, equal to 832 kg/ha. This rate far exceeds proposed EU application rate max of 2.16 kg/ha. Therefore findings are difficult to relate to an EU exposure scenario. The product used was also not the representative formulation proposed in the Annex I dossier.
963	Ecotoxicology	Luaces J. P. et al.	2017	Genotoxic effects of Roundup Full II (R) on lymphocytes of Chaetophractus villosus (Xenarthra, Mammalia): In vitro studies.	PLoS One (2017), Vol. 12, No. 8, pp. Article No. e0182911	Cellular level endpoints cannot be related to the ecotoxicology Annex I renewal risk assessment.
964	Ecotoxicology	Pala A.	2019	The effect of a glyphosate-based herbicide on acetylcholinesterase (AChE) activity, oxidative stress, and antioxidant status in freshwater amphipod: Gammarus pulex (Crustacean).	Environmental science and pollution research international (2019), Vol. 26, No. 36, pp. 36869-36877	Roundup was used which contains POEA. This is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
965	Ecotoxicology	Panda N. et al.	2016	Herbicides impact on Fe and Mn reduction and dehydrogenase activity in an agricultural soil.	Journal of Crop and Weed (2016), Vol. 12, No. 3, pp. 142-149	Comparitive effects on Fe and Mn transformation and dehydrogenase activity in soils are not endpoints used in the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
966	Ecotoxicology	Patkowski M. et al.	2016	Response of soil phosphatases to glyphosate and its formulations - Roundup (laboratory conditions).	Plant, Soil and Environment (2016), Vol. 62, No. 6, pp. 286-292	Technical data cannot be related to an EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment. Formulations used contain POEA.
967	Ecotoxicology	Peel M. D. et al.	2013	Natural Glyphosate Tolerance in Sainfoin (Onybrychis viciifolia).	Crop Science (2013), Vol. 53, No. 5, pp. 2275-2282	Paper discusses tolerance to glyphosate a comparison with two plants types. Endpoints specific to EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment are not presented.
968	Ecotoxicology	Pereira J. L. et al.	2018	Effects of glyphosate on the non-target leaf beetle Cerotoma arcuata (Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae) in field and laboratory conditions.	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2018), Vol. 53, No. 7, pp. 447-453	The work was based on populations associated with applications made to glyphosate resistant soybeans. Over the top applications to traited crops are not relevant to the Annex I GAP table. The formulation used was Roundup Original, which contains POEA and is not included in the representative formulation (MON 52276), therefore findings of the study based on a formulation containing POEA are not considered relevant to the EU level RA. for Annex I purposes.
969	Ecotoxicology	Perez-Iglesias J. M. et al.	2016	Effects of glyphosate on hepatic tissue evaluating melanomacrophages and erythrocytes responses in neotropical anuran Leptodactylus latinasus.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2016), Vol. 23, No. 10, pp. 9852-61	Presents cellular and morphological level information that cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
970	Ecotoxicology	Persch T. S. P. et al.	2018	Changes in intermediate metabolism and oxidative balance parameters in sexually matured three-barbeled catfishes exposed to herbicides from rice crops (Roundup(®), Primoleo(®) and Facet(®)).	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2018), Vol. 58, pp. 170-179	Relates to snails being exposure to a formulation of glyphosate that is not the representative formulation at Annex I for the EU.

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971	Ecotoxicology	Pfleeger T. et al.	2014	Effects of single and multiple applications of glyphosate or aminopyralid on simple constructed plant communities.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2014), Vol. 33, No. 10, pp. 2368-78	This paper looks at response of plant communities following multiple application scenarios across multiple years. Endpoints in terms of plant volume are not relatable to and EU level Ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
972	Ecotoxicology	Pfleeger T. et al.	2010	Comparing effects of low levels of herbicides on greenhouse- and field-grown potatoes (Solanum tuberosum L.), soybeans (Glycine max L.), and peas (Pisum sativum L.)	Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (2010), Vol. 30, No. 2, pp. 455-468	Study to compare effects of glyphosate on greenhouse and field grown potatoes, soybean and peas to determine if greenhouse studies are protective of field conditions. Conducted by US EPA. EC25 values generated but as the paper is comparing effect in and outside the greenhouse, the data does not contribute to the regulatory risk assessment of the glyphosate renewal.
973	Ecotoxicology	Piola L. et al.	2013	Comparative toxicity of two glyphosate-based formulations to Eisenia andrei under laboratory conditions.	Chemosphere (2013), Vol. 91, No. 4, pp. 545-51	End-points not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
974	Ecotoxicology	Pizarro H. et al.	2016	Impact of multiple anthropogenic stressors on freshwater: how do glyphosate and the invasive mussel Limnoperna fortunei affect microbial communities and water quality?.	Ecotoxicology (2016), Vol. 25, No. 1, pp. 56-68	The paper looks at the synergistic effects of glyphosate and freshwater mussels on eutrophication in surface waters. Not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
975	Ecotoxicology	Pochron S. et al.	2019	Temperature and body mass drive earthworm (Eisenia fetida) sensitivity to a popular glyphosate-based herbicide	Applied soil ecology (2019), Vol. 139, pp. 32-39	Formulation used is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
976	Ecotoxicology	Poletta G. L. et al.	2017	Biomarkers of Environmental Contamination in Reptile Species: The Effect of Pesticide Formulations on Broad-snouted Caiman Caiman latirostris (Crocodilia, Alligatoridae).	Larramendy, ML [Editor]. (2017) pp. 467-517. Ecotoxicology and Genotoxicology: Non-Traditional Aquatic Models. Publisher: ROYAL SOC CHEMISTRY, ISSN: 1757-7179.	Cellular and molecular level findings cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment, a book chapter.
977	Ecotoxicology	Polyakova N. N. et al.	2018	Effect of herbicides application on the soil biological activity in the tree nursery	Agrokhimiya (2018), Vol. 12, pp. 35-41	The paper describes the use of buried linen to establish the activity of microorganisms in the soil during a 2 year monitoring period in a tree nursery. The observations cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment as they are based on visual inspection / qualitative assessment of the amount of apparent breakdown of the linen.
978	Ecotoxicology	de Oliveira Procopio S. et al.	2014	Toxicity of herbicides used in the sugarcane crop to diazotrophic bacterium Herbaspirillum seropedicae.	Semina: Ciencias Agrarias (2014), Vol. 35, No. 5, pp. 2383-2398	Paper discusses the impact of glyphosate on cell densities of soil bacteria tested in liquid culture and using novel assay approaches. The endpoints cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for renewal.
979	Ecotoxicology	Qin Y. et al.	2017	Toxic effects of glyphosate on diploid and triploid fin cell lines from Misgurnus anguillicaudatus.	Chemosphere (2017), Vol. 180, pp. 356-364	Cellular level endpoints cannot be related to the ecotoxicology Annex I renewal risk assessment.
980	Ecotoxicology	Reddy S. B. et al.	2018	Disturbances in reproduction and expression of steroidogenic enzymes in aquatic invertebrates exposed to components of the herbicide Roundup	Toxicology Research and Application (2018), Vol. 2, pp. 2397847318805276/1	Findings cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment, as the methods used are not recognised at the EU level.

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981	Ecotoxicology	Reis L. A. C. et al.	2018	Leaf morphoanatomy and biochemical variation on coffee cultivars under drift simulation of glyphosate.	Planta Daninha (2018), Vol. 36, pp. E018143560	Findings not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for product renewal in the EU.
982	Ecotoxicology	Reno U. et al.	2014	The impact of Eskoba, a glyphosate formulation, on the freshwater plankton community.	Water environment research (2014), Vol. 86, No. 12, pp. 2294-300	Overall the study was well described and conducted partially in accordance with OECD Guideline No. 201. The endpoints measured within the study included survival, age of reproduction, and fecundity. However, validity criteria on mortality was exceeded in the control organisms for several intervals. Analytical measurements were only performed on stock solution. Second part of the study was performed with native micro-crustacean species in Argentina. The test exposure history to the organisms was unknown as they were collected within the local environment. Finally, the glyphosate formulation Eskoba. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
983	Ecotoxicology	Reno U. et al.	2018	Effects of glyphosate formulations on the population dynamics of two freshwater cladoceran species.	Ecotoxicology (2018), Vol. 27, No. 7, pp. 784-793	Formulation used is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
984	Ecotoxicology	Reno U. et al.	2016	Water polluted with glyphosate formulations: effectiveness of a decontamination process using Chlorella vulgaris growing as bioindicator	Journal of applied phycology (2016), Vol. 28, No. 4, pp. 2279-2286	Study conducted using Roundup ultramax (AKA Mon 78784) that contains surfactants that are different to those used in MON 52276. Therefore findings cannot be related to the ecotoxicology assessment for Annex I renewal for MON 52276
985	Ecotoxicology	Rezende-Silva S. L. et al.	2019	Pouteria torta is a remarkable native plant for biomonitoring the glyphosate effects on Cerrado vegetation	Ecological indicators (2019), Vol. 102, pp. 497-506	Formulation not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal. Enzymatic endpoints are not relevant to an EU level risk assessment
986	Ecotoxicology	Richard S. et al.	2014	Effect of a glyphosate-based herbicide on gene expressions of the cytokines interleukin-1β and interleukin-10 and of heme oxygenase-1 in European sea bass, Dicentrarchus labrax L.	Bulletin of environmental contamination and toxicology (2014), Vol. 92, No. 3, pp. 294-9	End-points based on gene expression are not considered in the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment for renewal.
987	Ecotoxicology	Robertson C.	2013	The Effects of the Glyphosate-based Herbicide WeatherMax RTM on Sexual Differentiation and Growth in the Wood Frog (Lithobates sylvaticus).	Masters Abstracts International (2013), Vol. 51, No. 06, pp. 171	The formulation used contains a surfactant system that is not relevant to the representative formulation being considered for the Annex I renewal in the EU.
988	Ecotoxicology	Rocha T. L. et al.	2015	Proteomic and histopathological response in the gills of Poecilia reticulata exposed to glyphosate-based herbicide.	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2015), Vol. 40, No. 1, pp. 175-86	Observed findings relate to a formulation that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal in the EU.
989	Ecotoxicology	Rodriguez A. M. et al.	2018	Glyphosate Alters Aboveground Net Primary Production, Soil Organic Carbon and Nutrients in Pampean Grasslands (Argentina)	Rangeland ecology & management (2018), Vol. 71, No. 1, pp 119-125	This paper describes multi season monitoring of different habitats in Argentina, the findings of which cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal from an ecotoxicology perspective.

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990	Ecotoxicology	Rodriguez-Gil J. L. et al.	2017	Aquatic hazard assessment of MON 0818, a commercial mixture of alkylamine ethoxylates commonly used in glyphosate-containing herbicide formulations. Part 2: Roles of sediment, temperature, and capacity for recovery following a pulsed exposure.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2017), Vol. 36, No. 2, pp. 512-521	Contains POEA, therefore not relevant to EU renewal.
991	Ecotoxicology	Romano-Armada N. et al.	2019	Construction of a combined soil quality indicator to assess the effect of glyphosate application.	The Science of the total environment (2019), Vol. 682, pp. 639-649	Paper describes a new approach to establishing the quality of farmland soils by assessing multiple physical, chemical and biological quality factors of soils and attempting to classify these as being of high or low quality based on a known history of glyphosate or no glyphosate application. To this end, the paper does not describe endpoint data that can be related to an EU level Annex I submission.
992	Ecotoxicology	Rondon Neto R. M. et al.	2011	Phytotoxicity of Aspidosperma desmanthum under glyphosate drifting. Fitotoxidade de peroba-mica (Aspidosperma desmanthum) submetidas a deriva de glyphosate.	Revista Brasileira de Herbicidas (2011), Vol. 10, No. 2, 103 p	The study looks at the toxicity of glyphosate on seedlings of a tree species that is native to South America, Mexico and West Indies. The test substance was Gliz 480 SL (IPA salt). Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
993	Ecotoxicology	Roy N. M. et al.	2016	Glyphosate induces neurotoxicity in zebrafish.	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2016), Vol. 42, pp. 45-54	Endpoint not used in EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment
994	Ecotoxicology	Ruiz-Toledo J. et al.	2014	Effect of the concentration of glyphosate present in body waters near transgenic soybean fields on the honeybee Apis mellifera, and the stingless bee Tetragonisca angustula. Efecto de la concentracion de glifosato presente en cuerpos de agua cercanos a ca	Acta Zoologica Mexicana (2014), Vol. 30, No. 2, pp. 408-413	Non-EU monitoring study. Extrapolation to EU difficult.
995	Ecotoxicology	Ruuskanen S. et al.	2020	Female Preference and Adverse Developmental Effects of Glyphosate-Based Herbicides on Ecologically Relevant Traits in Japanese Quails.	Environmental science & technology (2020), Vol. 54, No. 2, pp. 1128-1135	Formulation used is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
996	Ecotoxicology	Saba R. M. et al.	2018	Toxicological and biochemical investigation of certain herbicides on Culex pipiens L. (Diptera: Culicidae) mosquitoes under laboratory conditions	Advances in Natural and Applied Sciences (2018), Vol. 12, No. 2, pp. 6-12	Non-representative formulation (Herbazd 48% EC) was tested. Test organisms were field collected with no knowledge of prior exposure to chemicals. Important information is missing in the material and methods section. The preparation and application of the test solutions as well as the tested concentration range were not reported. The test item is not adequately specified. Although the herbicide formulation is given with a purity of 48 %, it is not clear whether the test concentrations refer to the product or to the active substance. Moreover, the active ingredient is given as glyphosate isopropylamine which should be formulated as a salt resulting in test concentrations as acid equivalents. In addition, the biological results of the test were not sufficiently stated. No

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						mortality data neither for the test concentrations nor for the controls was given to evaluate the results. Furthermore, there was no analytical verification of test concentrations reported, there is no study guideline and the study is non-GLP and thus the reliability of the study and its relatability to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment is questionable.
997	Ecotoxicology	Salbego J. et al.	2014	Glyphosate on digestive enzymes activity in piava (Leporinus obtusidens).	Ciencia Rural (2014), Vol. 44, No. 9, pp. 1603-1607	Study provides information on cellular/molecular level and is no ecotoxicological relevant study
998	Ecotoxicology	Salman J. M. et al.	2016	Effect of pesticide glyphosate on some biochemical features in cyanophyta algae oscillatoria limnetica.	International Journal of PharmTech Research (2016), Vol. 9, No. 8, pp. 355-365	Cellular and molecular level endpoints discussed that are not relevant to EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
999	Ecotoxicology	Salvio C. et al.	2016	Survival, Reproduction, Avoidance Behavior and Oxidative Stress Biomarkers in the Earthworm Octolasion cyaneum Exposed to Glyphosate.	Bulletin of environmental contamination and toxicology (2016), Vol. 96, No. 3, pp. 314-9	The earthworm were collected in field in Argentina and acclimatized for 2 weeks. Therefore, the organisms may have had exposure to other chemicals in the field. No information on the field history regarding application of pesticides is known. Analytical measurements of glyphosate were carried out in the short-term bioassay samples. While the test organisms, test design and procedure are well described and all information for the evaluation of the study is given, no endpoint considered relevant for use in risk assessment was determined. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
1000	Ecotoxicology	Samal S. et al.	2019	Setal anomalies in the tropical earthworms Drawida willsi and Lampito mauritii exposed to elevated concentrations of certain agrochemicals: An electron micrographic and molecular docking approach	Environmental technology & innovation (2019), Vol. 15, pp. 100391	Paper describes a electron microscopic approach for establishing effects of pesticides on setal in worms. The findings are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment.
1001	Ecotoxicology	Samanta P. et al.	2014	Biochemical effects of glyphosate based herbicide, Excel Mera 71 on enzyme activities of acetylcholinesterase (AChE), lipid peroxidation (LPO), catalase (CAT), glutathione-S-transferase (GST) and protein content on teleostean fishes.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2014), Vol. 107, pp. 120-5	Cellular level endpoints cannot be related to the ecotoxicology Annex I renewal risk assessment.
1002	Ecotoxicology	Samanta P. et al.	2014	Evaluation of metabolic enzymes in response to Excel Mera 71, a glyphosate-based herbicide, and recovery pattern in freshwater teleostean fishes.	BioMed research international (2014), Vol. 2014, pp. 425159	Cellular level end-points cannot be related to the ecotoxicology Annex I renewal risk assessment.

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1003	Ecotoxicology	Samanta P. et al.	2019	Assessment of adverse impacts of glyphosate-based herbicide, Excel Mera 71 by integrating multi-level biomarker responses in fishes	International Journal of Environmental Science and Technology (2019), Vol. 16, pp. 6291-6300	Molecular level endpoints, associated with biomarker responses are not part of the ecotoxicology risk assessment for fish for an Annex I renewal of a plant protection product in the EU. Observations are not relatable to the EU renewal of glyphosate. Not representative formulation.
1004	Ecotoxicology	Sanchez J. A. A. et al.	2017	Effects of Roundup formulations on biochemical biomarkers and male sperm quality of the livebearing Jenynsia multidentata.	Chemosphere (2017), Vol. 177, pp. 200-210	Formulations contain POEA and therefore not relevant to the EU level ecotoxicological risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1005	Ecotoxicology	Sani A. et al.	2016	Acute toxicity of herbicide (glyphosate) in Clarias gariepinus juveniles.	Toxicology reports (2016), Vol. 3, pp. 513-515	No information on test substance and test design not recognised. Fish too big for use in study.
1006	Ecotoxicology	Santos S. A. et al.	2019	DIFFERENTIAL TOLERANCE OF CLONES OF Eucalyptus grandis EXPOSED TO DRIFT OF THE HERBICIDES CARFENTRAZONE-ETHYL AND GLYPHOSATE	PLANTA DANINHA (2019), Vol. 37	The study is considered not relevant as it is conducted with Roundup Original. Despite the content being 360 g a.e./L, this product in brazil is based on MON 78087, which contains MON 0818 which is a surfactant system containing POEA. This is not a relevant surfactant for the Annex I submission and therefore data generated using this formulation is not relevant to the EU Annex I renewal process from an ecotoxicology perspective.
1007	Ecotoxicology	Santric L. et al.	2016	Effects of herbicides on growth and number of actinomycetes in soil and in vitro.	Pesticidi i Fitomedicina (2016), Vol. 31, No. 3/4, pp. 121-128	No endpoints presented that can be used in an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1008	Ecotoxicology	Santric L. et al.	2018	THE EFFECTS OF NICOSULFURON AND GLYPHOSATE ON MICROBIAL ACTIVITY OF DIFFERENT SOILS	PLANTA DANINHA (2018), Vol. 36	Measured parameters are not used in the EU level ecotoxicology assessment for Annex I renewal. It cannot be confirmed that the product sued was the representative formulation.
1009	Ecotoxicology	Saunders L. E. et al.	2013	Root-zone glyphosate exposure adversely affects two ditch species.	Biology (2013), Vol. 2, No. 4, pp. 1488-96	The author describes a formulation that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I.
1010	Ecotoxicology	Seguin A. et al.	2017	Sub-lethal effects of a glyphosate-based commercial formulation and adjuvants on juvenile oysters (Crassostrea gigas) exposed for 35days.	Marine pollution bulletin (2017), Vol. 117, No. 1-2, pp. 348-358	Contains POEA, therefore not relevant to EU renewal.
1011	Ecotoxicology	Shaker B. K. et al.	2018	Effect of exposure to glyphosate pesticide, cadimum and chromium on biomass of algae (Chlorococcum humicola and chlorella vulgaris) in polluted aqueous culture.	Indian Journal of Public Health Research and Development (2018), Vol. 9, No. 10, pp. 708-713	End-points are based on exposure to both glyphosate and metals and therefore is considered a mixture. Therefore not relevant to EU level risk assessment for glyphosate renewal.
1012	Ecotoxicology	Sharifi Y. et al.	2015	Biodegradation of glyphosate herbicide by Salinicoccus spp isolated from Qom Hoze-soltan lake, Iran	Environmental Health Engineering and Management Journal (2015), Vol. 2, No. 1, pp. 31-36	Paper discusses the potential use of a bacterial strain for biodegrading of glyphosate in a freshwater lake in Iran. Not relevant to the Annex I renewal process in the EU.
1013	Ecotoxicology	Sheehan N. et al.	2018	Glyphosate-containing herbicide impacts physical and behavioral changes during head regeneration in Dugesia (Girardia) tigrina	Bios (2018), Vol. 89, No. 1, pp. 14-22	Formulation used is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.

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1014	Ecotoxicology	Shimina V. S. et al.	2010	Effect of Herbicide Excel Mera-71 (Glyphosate) Treatment on Seed Germination and Early Seedling Growth of Black Gram (Vigna mungo, Hepper.) var. T-9.	Advances in Plant Sciences (2010), Vol. 23, No. 2, pp. 515-518	Conducted in India, GLY product used to look at the toxicity to germination, seedling growth in seedlings of black gram. Endpoint not relevant for the regulatory renewal of GLY.
1015	Ecotoxicology	Shiogiri N. S. et al.	2012	Acute exposure of a glyphosate-based herbicide affects the gills and liver of the Neotropical fish, Piaractus mesopotamicus.	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2012), Vol. 34, No. 2, pp. 388-396	Formulations contain POEA and therefore not relevant to the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1016	Ecotoxicology	Sikorski L. et al.	2019	The effects of glyphosate-based herbicide formulations on Lemna minor, a non-target species	Aquatic Toxicology (2019), Vol. 209, pp.70-80	Difficult to relate the findings to an EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal as the study was conducted on a non-EU tree species.
1017	Ecotoxicology	Silveira T. et al.	2019	Roundup® Herbicide Decreases Quality Parameters of Spermatozoa of Silversides Odontesthes Humensis	Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology (2019), Vol. 102, No. 1	Observations cannot be related to an ecotoxicology risk assessment for EU renewal of glyphosate.
1018	Ecotoxicology	Simoes T. et al.	2019	Fate and effects of two pesticide formulations in the invertebrate Folsomia candida using a natural agricultural soil.	The Science of the total environment (2019), Vol. 675, pp. 90-97	The formulation used (MONTANA) contains POEA which is not relevant to the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1019	Ecotoxicology	Simoes T. et al.	2018	An integrative omics approach to unravel toxicity mechanisms of environmental chemicals: effects of a formulated herbicide	Scientific Reports (2018), Vol. 8, No. 1, pp. 1-12	Study investigates the impact of a glyphosate formulation that contains POEA on Folsomia. This is not the formulated product for the renewal and POEA is no longer used in the EU.
1020	Ecotoxicology	Siroski P. A. et al.	2016	Immunotoxicity of commercial-mixed glyphosate in broad snouted caiman (Caiman latirostris).	Chemico-biological interactions (2016), Vol. 244, pp. 64-70	Monitoring endpoints not relevant to EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment
1021	Ecotoxicology	Siti Hanisah Zahuri et al.	2014	Toxicity testing of three commonly used herbicides on soil-dwelling ant (Family: Formicidae - Odontomachus simillimus).	Borneo Journal of Resource Science and Technology (2014), Vol. 4, No. 1, pp. 28-33	Review, secondary infomation.
1022	Ecotoxicology	Smedbol E. et al.	2018	Effects of low concentrations of glyphosate-based herbicide factor 540A® on an agricultural stream freshwater phytoplankton community	Chemosphere (2018), Vol. 192, pp. 133-141	Test substance not glyphosate or itsmetabolites. Paper presented based on a formulation of glyphosate that is not the representative formulation being considered for the Annex I renewal.
1023	Ecotoxicology	Smedbol E. et al.	2017	Phytoplankton growth and PSII efficiency sensitivity to a glyphosate-based herbicide (Factor 540(®)).	Aquatic toxicology (2017), Vol. 192, pp. 265-273	Achieved end-points are not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1024	Ecotoxicology	Smith C. M. et al.	2019	Developmental and epigenetic effects of Roundup and glyphosate exposure on Japanese medaka (Oryzias latipes).	Aquatic toxicology (2019), Vol. 210, pp. 215-226	Single application rates for glyphosate active substance considered. No specific endpoints presented that could be applied to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1025	Ecotoxicology	Soloneski S. et al.	2016	Genotoxic effect of a binary mixture of dicamba- and glyphosate-based commercial herbicide formulations on Rhinella arenarum (Hensel, 1867) (Anura, Bufonidae) late-stage larvae.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2016), Vol. 23, No. 17, pp. 17811-21	Despite LC50 data being present that could inform on the risk assessment - the formulation used (Credit®) is based on MON 35085, which is a 360 g/L formulation containing MON 0818, which contains POEA. These findings are therefore not relevant to the EU renewal as MON 52276 does not contain POEA.

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1026	Ecotoxicology	Sribanjam S. et al.	2018	Toxic effects of the herbicide glyphosate on enzymes activities and histopathological changes in gill and liver tissue of freshwater fish, Silver barb (Barbonymus gonionotus)	Bioscience Research (2018), Vol. 15, No. 2, pp. 1251-1260	Data presented cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal purposes. Roundup contains POEA which is not present in the representative formulation for the renewal.
1027	Ecotoxicology	Stefanello Junior G. J. et al.	2011	Selectivity of herbicides registered for corn at the immature stages of Trichogramma pretio sum (Hymenoptera: Trichogrammatidae). Seletividade de herbicidas registrados para a cultura do milho aos estadios imaturos de Trichogramma pretiosum (Hymenoptera:	Planta Daninha (2011), Vol. 29, pp. 1069-1077	Test species was parasitoid T. pretiosium in different immature stages (egg-larva, pre-pupal and pupal stages). However, the test solutions were sprayed onto egg-cards containing the parasitised eggs. Therefore this is not an adequate route of exposure and thus not relevant for the risk assessment.
1028	Ecotoxicology	Stenoien C. et al.	2018	Monarchs in decline: a collateral landscape-level effect of modern agriculture. Special Section: The impact of transgenic crops on protected arthropods.	Insect Science (2018), Vol. 25, No. 4, pp. 528-541	Concerns a review of the decline of monarch butterflies in the US. Not relatable to an EU level assessment for Annex I renewal.
1029	Ecotoxicology	Sulukan E. et al.	2017	An approach to clarify the effect mechanism of glyphosate on body malformations during embryonic development of zebrafish (Daino rerio).	Chemosphere (2017), Vol. 180, pp. 77-85	Endpoints are not relatable to an EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1030	Ecotoxicology	Sun K.-F. et al.	2013	Ecological risks assessment of organophosphorus pesticides based on response of Scenedesmus quadricanda.	China Environmental Science (2013), Vol. 33, No. 5, pp. 868-873	Endpoints not relevant to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment as they are not relatable.
1031	Ecotoxicology	Sun K.-F. et al.	2013	Ecological risks assessment of organophosphorus pesticides on bloom of Microcystis wesenbergii	International biodeterioration & biodegradation (2013), Vol. 77, pp. 98-105	Endpoints measured are not relevant or relatable to an EU level Annex I ecotoxicological risk assessment.
1032	Ecotoxicology	Sushilkumar et al.	2017	Herbicides effect on fish mortality and water quality in relation to chemical control of alligator weed.	Indian Journal of Weed Science (2017), Vol. 49, No. 4, pp. 396-400	Methods and end-points not relatable to EU level ecotoxicology assessment for renewal purposes.
1033	Ecotoxicology	Sushilkumar et al.	2017	Chemical control of duck weed and its effect on water quality and residue.	Indian Journal of Weed Science (2017), Vol. 49, No. 1, pp. 105-107	Difficult to relate observed findings to an EU level risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1034	Ecotoxicology	Tang Y. et al.	2014	The influence of three different types of herbicides on biodiversity	Advanced Materials Research (2014), Vol. 838-841, pp. 2417-2426	Information presented is not directly relevant to the ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal
1035	Ecotoxicology	Tapkir S. D. et al.	2019	Impact, recovery and carryover effect of Roundup® on predator recognition in common spiny loach, Lepidocephalichthys thermalis.	Ecotoxicology (2019), Vol. 28, No. 2, pp. 189-200	The formulation is not the representative formulation being used for the Annex 1. Its identity cannot be confirmed. The observed effects based on reactions to non-specific alarms / cues cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1036	Ecotoxicology	Tkaczuk C. et al.	2016	The influence of selected pesticides on the growth of entomopathogenic fungi from the entomophthoralean order (Entomophthorales). Wpyw wybranych srodkow ochrony roslin na wzrost grzybow owadobojczych z rzedu owadomorkowcow (Entomophthorales).	Annales Universitatis Mariae Curie-Skodowska. Sectio E, Agricultura (2016), Vol. 71, No. 1, pp. 65-75	Test design not relevant to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment to support Annex I renewal.
1037	Ecotoxicology	Topal A. et al.	2015	Effects of glyphosate on juvenile rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss): transcriptional and enzymatic analyses of antioxidant defence system, histopathological liver damage and swimming performance.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2015), Vol. 111, pp. 206-14	Cellular and molecular level results, not considered relevant to EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
1038	Ecotoxicology	Triana Velasquez T. M. et al.	2013	Lethal and Sublethal Effects of Glyphosate (Roundup (R) Active) to Embryos of Colombian Anurans. Original Title: EFECTOS LETALES Y SUBLETALES DEL GLIFOSATO (ROUNDUP (R) ACTIVO) EN EMBRIONES DE ANUROS COLOMBIANOS.	Acta Biologica Colombiana (2013), Vol. 18, No. 2, pp. 271-278	The formulation data presented in the paper are for a formulation that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
1039	Ecotoxicology	Udeh G. N. et al.	2014	Acute toxicity of Delsate® herbicide (glyphosate) on albumin and blood urea nitrogen of African catfish, Clarias gariepinus (Burchell, 1822).	Journal of Aquatic Sciences (2014), Vol. 29, No. 2, pp. 309-315	Test item is a formulation other than the representative formulation.
1040	Ecotoxicology	Udeh G. N. et al.	2014	Behavioural and some physico-chemical assessment of fresh water catfish Clarias gariepinus (Burchell, 1822) exposed to acute concentrations of Delsate® herbicide (glyphosate).	Journal of Aquatic Sciences (2014), Vol. 29, No. 2, pp. 275-283	Contains a surfactant system that is not relevant to the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for renewal of MON 52276 onto Annex I.
1041	Ecotoxicology	Ujszegi J. et al.	2015	No observable effect of a glyphosate-based herbicide on two top predators of temporal water bodies.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2015), Vol. 34, No. 2, pp. 307-13	The test substance contains polyethoxylated tallowamine surfactant, which is not allowed in herbicidal formulations in the EU. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
1042	Ecotoxicology	Ujszegi J. et al.	2016	NO EFFECT OF A GLYPHOSATE-BASED HERBICIDE ON LARVAL DRAGONFLIES (AESHNA CYANEA) AND ADULT NEWTS (LISSOTRITON VULGARIS) IN A LABORATORY-BASED EXPERIMENT.	Acta Zoologica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae (2016), Vol. 62, No. 4, pp. 355-367	The test substance contains polyethoxylated tallowamine surfactant, which is not allowed in herbicidal formulations in the EU. Due to the test materials not being the representative formulation for the EU renewal, the study is not relevant to the EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1043	Ecotoxicology	Vajargah M. F. et al.	2018	Acute toxicity effect of glyphosate on survival rate of common carp, Cyprinus carpio	Environmental Health Engineering and Management Journal (2018), Vol. 5, No. 2, pp. 61-66	Non-representative formulation (Glyphosate Aria 41% SL) was tested. The test conditions throughout the whole exposure period were not documented. No information on source and composition of test media reported. There was no analytical verification of test concentrations reported and the study is not conducted according to a recognised test guideline. No validity criteria are stated so the validity of the study cannot be confirmed The size of the fish used in the test results in a fish loading rate of 1.23 g fish/Litre, which exceeds the loading rate required by internationally recognised fish testing guidelines. The testing design is not properly described i.e. whether a static, static renewal or flow through test design was used. The water quality parameters measured would suggest that the environmental conditions were maintained for the exposure duration, although this can also not be confirmed from the information presented. The water temperature being maintained at 26±1 ºC, exceeds the upper temperature limit for testing with Cyprinus carpio (24 ºC).
1044	Ecotoxicology	Vannini A. et al.	2016	Bioaccumulation, physiological and ultrastructural effects of glyphosate in the lichen Xanthoria parietina (L.) Th. Fr.	Chemosphere (2016), Vol. 164, pp. 233-240	Article discusses the use of lichens as a bioindicator model of glyphosate exposure. Not relatable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for the renewal of Glyphosate onto Annex I in the EU.
1045	Ecotoxicology	Veeraiah K. et al.	2015	Impact of glyphosate on biochemical constituents of the freshwater fish, catla catla	International Journal of Bioassays (2015), Vol. 4, No. 7, pp. 4139-4144	Formulation is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
1046	Ecotoxicology	Vera M. S. et al.	2012	Direct and indirect effects of the glyphosate formulation Glifosato Atanor® on freshwater microbial communities.	Ecotoxicology (2012), Vol. 21, No. 7, pp. 1805-16	On review of the paper, the findings of the study conducted in Argentina were difficult to relate to the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment. The formulation used differs to the representative formulation for the Annex I in the EU.
1047	Ecotoxicology	Vera-Candioti J. et al.	2013	Evaluation of the genotoxic and cytotoxic effects of glyphosate-based herbicides in the ten spotted live-bearer fish Cnesterodon decemmaculatus (Jenyns, 1842).	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2013), Vol. 89, pp. 166-73	Formulations used are not relevant to the Annex I renewal of glyphosate in the EU.
1048	Ecotoxicology	Verderame M. et al.	2019	How Glyphosate Impairs Liver Condition in the Field Lizard Podarcis siculus (Rafinesque-Schmaltz, 1810): Histological and Molecular Evidence.	BioMed research international (2019), Vol. 2019, pp. 4746283	Sub-lethal endpoints based on blood chemistry analysis are not relatable to an EU level Annex I risk assessments.
1049	Ecotoxicology	Viti M. L. et al.	2019	Translocation and Root Exudation of Glyphosate by Urochloa brizantha and its Transport on Sugarcane and Citrus Seedlings	Planta Daninha (2019), Vol. 37	Paper discusses the translocation potential of glyphosate via the root zone, after application to palisade grass planted in association with sugar-cane. No endpoints relevant for an EU level eocotoxicology assessment.
1050	Ecotoxicology	Vllasaku I. et al.	2018	Investigation of genotoxic effect of herbicid Randap 480 ec at goldfish (Carassius auratus)	International Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences Review and Research (2018), Vol. 48, No. 1, pp. 7/1-7/3	Identity of the formulated product used is not the same as the representative formulation being considered for the Annex I.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1051	Ecotoxicology	Voeroes M. et al.	2019	Influence of agro-environmental pollutants on a biocontrol strain of Bacillus velezensis	MicrobiologyOpen (2019), Vol. 8, No. 3, pp. e660	This paper discusses the impact of glyphosate on pesticide resistance strains of biocontrol agents. This is not considered relevant to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for EU Annex I renewal.
1052	Ecotoxicology	Vrisman C. M. et al.	2014	Influence of herbicides and fungicides in the carpogenic germination of sclerotia of Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Lib.) de Bary. Influencia de herbicidas e fungicidas na germinacao carpogenica de esclerodios de Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Lib.) de Bary.	Bioscience Journal (2014), Vol. 30, No. 2, pp. 477-483	Study describes the impact of multiple pesticides on the germination of Sclerotina scleroteroium - a soil fungus. The end-points are not useable in an EU level Anneix ecotox risk assessment. 400 L/ha (if this were the representative formulation) would be equivalent to 1440 kg/ha significantly higher than any application rate proposed. Therefore this is not relatable to EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
1053	Ecotoxicology	Wagner N. et al.	2013	Effects of water contamination on site selection by amphibians: experiences from an arena approach with European frogs and newts.	Archives of environmental contamination and toxicology (2013), Vol. 65, No. 1, pp. 98-104	Novel choice / avoidance end-point data are not considered as part of an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1054	Ecotoxicology	Wagner N. et al.	2017	Population and life-stage-specific effects of two herbicide formulations on the aquatic development of European common frogs (Rana temporaria).	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2017), Vol. 36, No. 1, pp. 190-200	The study was not conducted according to GLP, but it is well documented and in accordance with an ASTM standard protocol. The authors state that in all 3 breeding ponds, glyphosate was detected but not aminomethylphosphonic. However, the non-EU representative glyphosate formulation, Roundup® UltraMax, was tested. Therefore the study only provides supportive information.
1055	Ecotoxicology	Wagner N. et al.	2017	Effects of a commonly used glyphosate-based herbicide formulation on early developmental stages of two anuran species.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2017), Vol. 24, No. 2, pp. 1495-1508	Not the representative formultion for the Annex I renewal. Therefore not relevant to EU renewal.
1056	Ecotoxicology	Wagner N. et al.	2017	Corrigendum [Erratum to document cited in CA166:057881]	Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (2017), Vol. 36, No. 1, pp. 276	This is a corregendium for an article (No. 2248), which is classified as non-relevant.
1057	Ecotoxicology	Wang F. et al.	2014	Acute Toxicity and Oxidative Stress of Two Herbicides on Earthworm Eisenia fetida.	Asian Journal of Ecotoxicology (2014), Vol. 9, No. 6, pp. 1210-1218	The achieved acute end-points are not considered relevant to an EU level ecotox risk assessment for renewal purposes.
1058	Ecotoxicology	Wang Y. et al.	2013	Joint Toxicity of Arsenic, Glyphosate and Dichlorvos to C. elegans.	Asian Journal of Ecotoxicology (2013), Vol. 8, No. 2, pp. 262-267	Mixture study with aresenic.
1059	Ecotoxicology	Wang Y. et al.	2014	Toxicological effects of glyphosate to Pyramidomonas delicatula and Alexandrium tamarense in water environment	Nongyao (2014), Vol. 53, No. 1, pp. 45-48	End-points are not relatable to an EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
1060	Ecotoxicology	Wang Y. et al.	2012	Acute Toxicity of Twenty-Two Commonly Used Herbicides to Earthworm (Eisenia fetida).	Asian Journal of Ecotoxicology (2012), Vol. 7, No. 3, pp. 317-325	The achieved acute endpoints are not considered relevant to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for renewal purposes.
1061	Ecotoxicology	Watts C. et al.	2016	Responses of invertebrates to herbicide in Salix cinerea invaded wetlands: Restoration implications	Ecological management & restoration (2016), Vol. 17, No. 3, pp. 243-249	Non-EU monitoring study. Extrapolation to EU is difficult.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1062	Ecotoxicology	Webster T. M. U. et al.	2015	Global transcriptomic profiling demonstrates induction of oxidative stress and of compensatory cellular stress responses in brown trout exposed to glyphosate and Roundup.	BMC Genomics (2015), Vol. 16, No. 32	No data relevant to the EU data requirements is presented and therefore does not support the EU level renewal of glyphosate.
1063	Ecotoxicology	Wech J. et al.	2018	The effect of willow control using a glyphosate formulation on aquatic invertebrates within a New Zealand wetland	New Zealand journal of marine and freshwater research (2018), Vol. 52, No. 1, pp. 16-41	Multi-year environmental monitoring project conducted in New Zealand. Not relatable to EU level risk assessment.
1064	Ecotoxicology	Weeks Santos S. et al.	2019	A glyphosate-based herbicide induces sub-lethal effects in early life stages and liver cell line of rainbow trout, Oncorhynchus mykiss.	Aquatic toxicology (2019), Vol. 216, pp. 105291	Non-standard test design and results that cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment for EU renewal purposes.
1065	Ecotoxicology	Wrinn K. M. et al.	2012	Predator cues and an herbicide affect activity and emigration in an agrobiont wolf spider.	Chemosphere (2012), Vol. 87, No. 4, pp. 390-6	Discusses results of experiments conducted using a formulation of glyphosate that contains POEA. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1066	Ecotoxicology	Wu L. et al.	2016	Physiological effects of the herbicide glyphosate on the cyanobacterium Microcystis aeruginosa.	Aquatic toxicology (2016), Vol. 178, pp. 72-9	End-points presented cannot be used in the EU level renewal risk assessment for glyphosate from an ecotoxicology perspective.
1067	Ecotoxicology	Yadav S. S. et al.	2013	Toxic and genotoxic effects of Roundup on tadpoles of the Indian skittering frog (Euflictis cyanophlyctis) in the presence and absence of predator stress.	Aquatic toxicology (2013), Vol. 132-133, pp. 1-8	The Roundup formulation tested contains POEA, therefore not relevant to the EU level Annex I renewal from an ecotoxicology perspective.
1068	Ecotoxicology	Yang Z. et al.	2018	Toxic effects of four commonly-used agrochemicals on Arma chinensis and Picromerus lewisi.	Agricultural Biotechnology (2018), Vol. 7, No. 5, pp. 153-155, 158	Test item is a glyphosate formulation that is not the representative fornmulation for the Annex I renewal.
1069	Ecotoxicology	Ye J. et al.	2019	The Growth, Apoptosis and Oxidative Stress in Microcystis viridis Exposed to Glyphosate.	Bulletin of environmental contamination and toxicology (2019), Vol. 103, No. 4, pp. 585-589	Achieved end-points are not releatable to an EU level ecotoxicology assessment for Annex I renewal.
1070	Ecotoxicology	Yousaf S. et al.	2013	Effect of Pesticides on the Soil Microbial Activity.	Pakistan Journal of Zoology 2013), Vol. 45, No. 4, pp. 1063-1067	Achieved end-points are not relevant to an EU level risk assessment. Novel test design with no positive control and cannot confirm dose.
1071	Ecotoxicology	Zabaloy M. C. et al.	2016	Soil ecotoxicity assessment of glyphosate use under field conditions: microbial activity and community structure of Eubacteria and ammonia-oxidising bacteria.	Pest management science (2016), Vol. 72, No. 4, pp. 684-91	Findings are not relateable to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal purposes.
1072	Ecotoxicology	Zabotkina E. A. et al.	2016	The changes of the immunocompetent cells ultrastructure in the kidney, spleen and liver in Amur sleeper Perccottus glenii at the influence of pesticide Roundup.	Trudy VNIRO (2016), Vol. 162, pp. 73-81	Article cannot be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment, as exposure levels cannot be confirmed and there are no end-points presented that could be used in an ecotoxicology assessment. The paper describes sub-lethal effects / morphological changes in the structure of mitochondria.
1073	Ecotoxicology	Zain N. M. M. et al.	2013	Growth-inhibitory Effects of Herbicides on Soil Bacterial Population in Oil Palm Plantation	Journal of Pure and Applied Microbiology (2013), Vol. 7, No. 3, pp. 1799-1808	Paper describes mixture toxicity on soil communities of four pesticides, therefore not relevant to single active substance formulation for EU renewal. onto Annex i

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1074	Ecotoxicology	Zaller J. G. et al.	2018	Herbicides in vineyards reduce grapevine root mycorrhization and alter soil microorganisms and the nutrient composition in grapevine roots, leaves, xylem sap and grape juice.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2018), Vol. 25, No. 23, pp. 23215-23226	Study conducted using a formulation that is not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal.
1075	Ecotoxicology	Zaller J. G. et al.	2014	Glyphosate herbicide affects belowground interactions between earthworms and symbiotic mycorrhizal fungi in a model ecosystem.	Scientific reports (2014), Vol. 4, pp. 5634	Formulation used was Roundup which contains POEA, the latter that is not relevant in the EU.
1076	Ecotoxicology	Zantedeschi R. et al.	2018	Selectivity of pesticides registered for soybean crop on Telenomus podisi and Trissolcus basalis.	Pesquisa Agropecuaria Tropical (2018), Vol. 48, No. 1, pp. 52-58	Test substance identity and level of exposure cannot be confirmed by the details presented in the paper.
1077	Ecotoxicology	Zebral Y. D. et al.	2018	A glyphosate-based herbicide reduces fertility, embryonic upper thermal tolerance and alters embryonic diapause of the threatened annual fish Austrolebias nigrofasciatus.	Chemosphere (2018), Vol. 196, pp. 260-269	The paper relates to the product Transorb R and not the representative formulation for the Annex I renewal. The presented data are not considered relevant for use in risk assessment as they are single rates and not derived end-points.
1078	Ecotoxicology	Zhang M. et al.	2018	Effects of nitrification inhibitor and herbicides on nitrification, nitrite and nitrate consumptions and nitrous oxide emission in an Australian sugarcane soil	Biology and fertility of soils (2018), Vol. 54, No. 6, pp. 697-706	The paper describes the influence of a nitrification inhibitor on soil functional process when exposed to herbicides. This is a comparative assessment study that is difflcut to relate to an Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
1079	Ecotoxicology	Zhang Q. et al.	2016	Effects of glyphosate at environmentally relevant concentrations on the growth of and microcystin production by Microcystis aeruginosa.	Environmental monitoring and assessment (2016), Vol. 188, No. 11, pp. 632	This study presents cellular and molecular findings that are not relatable to the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1080	Ecotoxicology	Zhang Q. et al.	2015	Effects of glyphosate on Microcystis aeruginosa growth and related mechanisms	Anhui Nongye Kexue (2015), Vol. 43, No. 36, pp. 157-159	There are no end-points presented that could be used in an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
1081	Ecotoxicology	Zhang Z. et al.	2016	Acute toxicity and risk assessment of paraquat aqueous solution and its 9 alternative products to Bombyx mori	Canye Kexue (2016), Vol. 42, No. 3, pp. 483-487	The dipping technique for leaf exposure is not a recognized EU approach for toxicity testing. Not relevant to an EU level Annex I ecotoxicology risk assessment.
1082	Ecotoxicology	Zhao J. et al.	2013	Non-target effects of herbicides on soil nematode assemblages	Pest Management Science (2013), Vol. 69, No. 6, pp. 679-684	Paper discusses a soil nematode meta-analysis with no supported data presented. The resulting analysis cannot be related to an EU level Annex I risk assessment.
1083	Ecotoxicology	Zhelezova A. D. et al.	2018	STRUCTURAL AND FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF PROKARYOTIC COMPLEX OF SOD-PODZOLIC SOIL INFLUENCED BY HERBICIDE GLYPHOSATE	Vestnik Moskovskogo Universiteta Seriya 17 Pochvovedenie (2018), No. 2, pp. 48-54	This is a medium to long term soil bacteria monitoring study. There are no quantifiable end-points presented nor exposure levels defined that can be related to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for renewal purposes. Despite glyphosate being mentioned in the title / abstract, there is no information about glyphosate (rates used / source / purity etc.) in the paper.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1084	Ecotoxicology	Zhong G. et al.	2018	Responses of Hydrilla verticillata (L.f.) Royle and Vallisneria natans (Lour.) hara to glyphosate exposure	Chemosphere (2018), Vol. 193, pp. 385-393	The paper describes enzymatic levels in aquatic plants that cannot be related to an EU level risk assessment for EU renewal.
1085	Ecotoxicology	Zhou C. et al.	2014	Inhibition effect of glyphosate on the acute and subacute toxicity of cadmium to earthworm Eisenia fetida.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2014), Vol. 33, No. 10, pp. 2351-7	This paper looked at the impact of GBH in combination with cadmium in soil on earthworm toxicity. This study was a mixture assessment and thus not considered relevant for the Annex I renewal of a single a.i. containing the representative formulation for Annex I renewal.
1086	Ecotoxicology	Zhou C. et al.	2012	Does glyphosate impact on Cu uptake by, and toxicity to, the earthworm Eisenia fetida?.	Ecotoxicology (2012), Vol. 21, No. 8, pp. 2297-305	This paper looked at the impact of GBH in combination with copper in soil on earthworm toxicity. This study was a mixture assessment and thus not considered relevant for the Annex I renewal of a single a.i. containing the representative formulation for Annex I renewal.
1087	Ecotoxicology	Zhu X. et al.	2016	Herbicides interfere with antigrazer defenses in Scenedesmus obliquus.	Chemosphere (2016), Vol. 162, pp. 243-51	This paper discusses sub-lethal impacts of glyphosate on colonising activity of scenedesmus. The end-points are not releatable to the EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for Annex I renewal.
1088	Ecotoxicology	Zhu Y. C. et al.	2017	Feeding toxicity and impact of imidacloprid formulation and mixtures with six representative pesticides at residue concentrations on honey bee physiology (Apis mellifera).	PloS one (2017), Vol. 12, No. 6, pp. e0178421	This study summarises that there were no effects on bees from glyphosate exposure alone. When mixed with other pestcides, effects observed, but as this is based on mixtures, it is not relevant to EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment for single active containing formulation for Annex I renewal in the EU.
1089	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Adelowo F. E. et al.	2014	Biodegradation of Glyphosate by Fungi Species	Advances in Bioscience and Bioengineering (2014), Vol. 2, No. 1, pp. 104	Degradation of glyphosate by fungal isolates from Nigerian soil not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1090	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Ahmed S. et al.	2011	Influence of parameters on the heterogeneous photocatalytic degradation of pesticides and phenolic contaminants in wastewater: A short review.	Journal of Environmental Management (2011), Vol. 92, No. 3, pp. 311-330	This paper is a literature review withno experimental data provided. Investigation of specific methods of wastewater treatment are also not relevant to the data requirements
1091	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Allinson G. et al.	2016	Pesticide and trace metals in surface waters and sediments of rivers entering the Corner Inlet Marine National Park, Victoria, Australia.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2016), Vol. 23, No. 6, pp. 5881-91	No glyphosate analysis included in paper.
1092	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Alza-Camacho W. R. et al.	2016	Voltammetric quantification of Paraquat and glyphosate in surface waters. Determinacion voltametrica de paraquat y glifosato en aguas superficiales.	Revista Corpoica - Ciencia y Tecnologia Agropecuarias (2016), Vol. 17, No. 3, pp. 331-345	Primarily a methods paper. Includes analysis of 10 water samples from Colombia but only minimal details on collection of samples provided.
1093	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Anon.	2016	Reply to: Comments on the paper: Re-evaluation of groundwater monitoring data for glyphosate and bentazone by taking detection limits into account	Science of the Total Environment (2016), Vol. 557-558, pp. 916	No new data presented, just discussion of statistical methods for re-evaluation.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1094	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Aparicio V. C. et al.	2013	Environmental fate of glyphosate and aminomethylphosphonic acid in surface waters and soil of agricultural basins.	Chemosphere (2013), Vol. 93, No. 9, pp. 1866-73	Analysis of soil and surface water samples related to cultivation of transgenic crops in Argentina are not representative for European agricultural practice.
1095	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Arroyave J. M. et al.	2017	Desorption rate of glyphosate from goethite as affected by different entering ligands: hints on the desorption mechanism.	Environmental Chemistry (2017), Vol. 14, No. 5, pp. 288-294	Desorption of glyphosate from geothite is studied relative to other competing ligands. Provides useful information on glyphosate desorption factors but not relevant to risk assessment.
1096	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Babic S. et al.	2018	Assessment of river sediment toxicity: Combining empirical zebrafish embryotoxicity testing with in silico toxicity characterization.	The Science of the total environment (2018), Vol. 643, pp. 435-450	Toxicity of sediments containing mixtures of chemicals are discussed.
1097	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Baez M. E. et al.	2015	Sorption-desorption behavior of pesticides and their degradation products in volcanic and nonvolcanic soils: interpretation of interactions through two-way principal component analysis	Environmental science and pollution research international (2015), Vol. 22, No. 11, pp. 8576-85	Adsorption/ desorption studies done on a mixture of glyphosate and AMPA. Not relevant for EU risk assessment.
1098	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Baez M. E. et al.	2014	Determination of glyphosate and aminomethylphosphonic acid in aqueous soil matrices: a critical analysis of the 9-fluorenylmethyl chloroformate derivatization reaction and application to adsorption studies.	Journal of separation science (2014), Vol. 37, No. 21, pp. 3125-32	Adsorption/ desorption studies done on a mixture of glyphosate and AMPA. Not relevant for EU risk assessment.
1099	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Battaglin W. A. et al.	2014	Glyphosate and its degradation product AMPA occur frequently and widely in U.S. soils, surface water, groundwater, and precipitation. Special Issue: Contaminants of emerging concern II.	Journal of the American Water Resources Association (2014), Vol. 50, No. 2, pp. 275-290	Analysis of soil, groundwater, surface water and sediment samples from USA are not representative for European agricultrual practice.
1100	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Bento C. P. M. et al.	2018	Spatial glyphosate and AMPA redistribution on the soil surface driven by sediment transport processes - A flume experiment	Environmental pollution (2018), Vol. 234, pp. 1011-1020	Artificial run-off situation not relevant for risk assessment.
1101	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Berzins A. et al.	2019	Modeling the mobility of glyphosate from two contrasting agricultural soils in laboratory column experiments	Journal of Environmental Science and Health, Part B: Pesticides, Food Contaminants, and Agricultural Wastes (2019), Vol. 54, No. 7, pp. 539-548	Study of glyphosate degradation in Latvian sandy and loamy sand soils +/- augmentation with endophytic bacteria and fungi isolated from oilseed rape and barley followed by column leaching of same soils. Method not relevant for EU risk assessment.
1102	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Bois P. et al.	2013	Herbicide mitigation in microcosms simulating stormwater basins subject to polluted water inputs.	Water research (2013), Vol. 47, No. 3, pp. 1123-35	Glyphosate concentrations in the microcosm system were 1000-fold higher than typical concentrations. Glyphosate degradation results not relevant for risk assessment.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1103	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Bois P. et al.	2011	Herbicide degradation and copper complexation by bacterial mixed cultures from a vineyard stormwater basin.	Journal of Soils and Sediments (2011), Vol. 11, No. 5, pp. 860-873	Cultivation and analysis of bacterial communities as well as analysis of glyphosate in the respective culture supernatants are not relevant to the data requirements.
1104	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Bonansea R. I. et al.	2018	The Fate of Glyphosate and AMPA in a Freshwater Endorheic Basin: An Ecotoxicological Risk Assessment.	Toxics (2017), Vol. 6, No. 3, pp. 1	Paper reports concentrations of glyphosate & AMPA in water, sediment and suspended particulate matter in a river in Argentina. No information on product use provided. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1105	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Bonfleur E. J. et al.	2011	Mineralization and degradation of glyphosate and atrazine applied in combination in a Brazilian Oxisol.	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2011), Vol. 46, No. 1, pp. 69-75	Laboratory soil degradation experiments with Brazilian soils are not representative for European conditions.
1106	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Botero-Coy A. M. et al.	2013	Improvements in the analytical methodology for the residue determination of the herbicide glyphosate in soils by liquid chromatography coupled to mass spectrometry.	Journal of chromatography. A (2013), Vol. 1292, pp. 132-41	Primarily a methods paper. Includes analysis of 26 soil samples from Colombia and Argentina but no details on source or collection of samples provided.
1107	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Boz B. et al.	2015	Analysis of suspended solids and Glyphosate and efficacy of the cross-compliance standard 5.2 'buffer strips' in the protection of superficial water from suspended solids in runoff conveyed through a vineyard. Special Issue: Cross compliance. Results of t	Italian Journal of Agronomy (2015), Vol. 10, No. s1, 701 p	The effectiveness of vegetated buffer to prevent glyphosate run-off events was investigated but the concentration of glyphosate from the vineyard runoff were all below the detection limit therefore it was not possible to evaluate the efficiency of the buffer zone in removing glyphosate.
1108	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Bradley P. M. et al.	2018	Reconnaissance of Mixed Organic and Inorganic Chemicals in Private and Public Supply Tapwaters at Selected Residential and Workplace Sites in the United States.	Environmental Science and Technology (2018), Vol. 52, No. 23, pp. 13972-13985	Paper describes analysis of glyphosate and AMPA in tapwater from multiple sampling sites in the U.S. Glyphosate and AMPA were not reported to have been found in any samples. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1109	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Caceres-Jensen L. et al.	2019	Electrochemical method to study the environmental behavior of Glyphosate on volcanic soils: Proposal of adsorption-desorption and transport mechanisms.	Journal of hazardous materials (2019), Vol. 379, pp. 120746	Adsorption /Desorption studies did not follow OECD guideline. Solutions did not contain CaCl2.
1110	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Cao L. et al.	2014	Determination of Herbicides and Its Metabolite in Soil and Water Samples by Capillary Electrophoresis-laser Induced Fluorescence Detection Using Microwave-assisted Derivatization	Analytical Sciences (2014), Vol. 30, No. 7, pp. 759	Analytical method paper, testing fortified environmental samples only to demonstrate method.
1111	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Choubert J. M. et al.	2011	Limiting the emissions of micro-pollutants- what efficiency can we expect from wastewater treatment plants?	Water Science and Technology (2011), Vol. 63, No. 1, pp. 57-65	No specific analysis results for glyphosate or AMPA reported. Investigation of the removal efficiencies of different treatment processes of wastewater treatment plants are not relevant to the data requirements.

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1112	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Chretien F. et al.	2017	Surface runoff and subsurface tile drain losses of neonicotinoids and companion herbicides at edge-of-field.	Environmental pollution (2017), Vol. 224, pp. 255-264	Concentration measurements in run-off and drainage water from fields cultivated with corn and soybean in Canada are not representative for European agricultural practice.
1113	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Clua A. et al.	2012	The effects of glyphosate on the growth of birdsfoot trefoil (Lotus corniculatus) and its interaction with different phosphorus contents in soil.	Journal of Agricultural Science (2012), Vol. 4, No. 7, pp. 208-218	No analysis of glyphosate or its metabolites. Outdoor study conducted in Argentina, hence conditions are not representative for Europe.
1114	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Danial R. et al.	2019	FTIR, CHNS and XRD analyses define mechanism of glyphosate herbicide removal by electrocoagulation.	Chemosphere (2019), Vol. 233, pp. 559-569	Theoretical beaker scale test for removing glyphosate from water. Natural water was not used. Not relevant for EU risk assessment.
1115	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Daouk S. et al.	2015	Fluorescence spectroscopy to study dissolved organic matter interactions with agrochemicals applied in Swiss vineyards.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2015), Vol. 22, No. 12, pp. 9284-92	No new data on glyphosate are presented. The article focuses on analysis of dissolved organic matter in soil water samples and correlates them with glyphosate concentrations determined in another study (Daouk, 2013).
1116	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Degenhardt D. et al.	2012	Dissipation of glyphosate and aminomethylphosphonic acid in water and sediment of two Canadian prairie wetlands.	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2012), Vol. 47, No. 7, pp. 631-9	Field trials in Canadian prairie wetlands are not representative for European agricultural practice.
1117	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Delmonico E. L. et al.	2014	Determination of glyphosate and aminomethylphosphonic acid for assessing the quality tap water using SPE and HPLC.	Acta Scientiarum Technology (2014), Vol. 36, No. 3, pp. 513-519	Development of glyphosate analytical method and demonstration of the method through analysis of public water supply samples from Brazil. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1118	Fate and behaviour in the environment	dos Santos S. C. et al.	2014	Development of electroanalytical methodology for determination of pesticide glyphosate in environmental samples	Revista Virtual de Quimica (2014), Vol. 6, No. 4, pp. 866-883	Mainly analytical method. Only one natural sample collected and analyzed to demonstrate method.
1119	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Erban T. et al.	2018	The different behaviors of glyphosate and AMPA in compost-amended soil	Chemosphere (2018), Vol. 207, pp. 78-83	Effect of compost amendment on dissipation of glyphosate and AMPA in Czech soil after multiple glyphosate applications. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1120	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Ermakova I. T. et al.	2010	Bioremediation of glyphosate-contaminated soils.	Applied microbiology and biotechnology (2010), Vol. 88, No. 2, pp. 585-94	Biodegradation by selected bacterial strains in open microcosms and field plots in Russia are not relevant to the data requirement and not representative for European conditions
1121	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Farenhorst A. et al.	2015	Bulk deposition of pesticides in a Canadian city: Part 1. Glyphosate and other agricultural pesticides.	Water, Air, and Soil Pollution (2015), Vol. 226, No. 3, 47 p	Analysis of urban dust deposition samples from agricultural areas in Winnipag, Canada are not representative for European agricultural practice
1122	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Faria R. R. et al.	2019	Parameters for glyphosate in OPLS-AA force field	Molecular Simulation (2019), 45(1), 80-85	Mechanism of action study not relevant to EU risk assessment. Use of molecular dynamics (MD) simulations to provide an atomistic detail in the description of such a system. Herein, partial atomic charges and dihedral angles were obtained quantum mechanism for glyphosate molecule. Parameters for MD simulation were implemented in the OPLS-AA force field to

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						better understand the herbicide mechanism action. Results showed that atomic charges were consistent with the database of the force field. Additionally., potential energy curves for the dihedrals were consistent and could be used to run MD simulations. Therefore, the parameterisation reported for this molecule can be useful to explain studies involving its interaction with many enzymes and proteins such as 5-enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase enzyme (EPSP). Furthermore, considering these new data in OPLS-AA, numerous simulations can be proposed to unveil the effects of the glyphosate as an environment contaminant.
1123	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Ferrario C. et al.	2017	Legacy and emerging contaminants in meltwater of three Alpine glaciers	Science of the Total Environment (2017), Vol. 574, pp. 350-357	The paper is about contaminants in meltwater of Alpine glaciers, no glyphosate or AMPA were measured.
1124	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Gasperi J. et al.	2010	Occurrence and removal of priority pollutants by lamella clarification and biofiltration	Water Research (2010), Vol. 44, No. 10, pp. 3065-3076	Experiments on wastewater treatment are not relevant to EU data requirements.
1125	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Giaccio G. C. M. et al.	2019	Glyphosate and nutrient retention in preferential flow pathways	Ecologia Austral (2019), Vol. 29, No. 3, pp. 329-338	Study of vegetative strips in Argentina, not relevant to EU.
1126	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Ginebreda A. et al.	2018	Reconciling monitoring and modeling: An appraisal of river monitoring networks based on a spatial autocorrelation approach - emerging pollutants in the Danube River as a case study	Science of the Total Environment (2018), Vol. 618, pp. 323-335	Relevant for Water Framework Directive but not pesticide registration. The results of this study show how auto-correlation models can aid water managers to improve the design of river monitoring networks. Not relevant for EU Risk Assessment.
1127	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Gloria O. N. et al.	2010	In vitro effects of four heavy metals on glyphosate utilization by some bacteria isolated from rice fields.	African Journal of Microbiology Research (2010), Vol. 4, No. 16, pp. 1775-1783	Experiments on the influence of heavy metals on the growth of isolated bacteria in the presence of glyphosate are not relevant to the data requirements.
1128	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Gomes M. P. et al.	2015	Consequences of phosphate application on glyphosate uptake by roots: Impacts for environmental management practices.	The Science of the total environment (2015), Vol. 537, pp. 115-9	Analysis of glyphosate in roots and leaves of hydroponically cultivated willow plants are not relevant to the data requirements.
1129	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Gurson A. P. et al.	2019	Mobility of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid, Glyphosate, and Metribuzine Herbicides in Terra Rossa-Amended Soil: Multiple Approaches with Experimental and Mathematical Modeling Studies.	Water Air and Soil Pollution (2019), Vol. 230, No. 9, pp. Article No.: 220	Soil used for A/D and mobility testing is not a natural soil but rather a soil mixture. Not relevant for EU risk assessment.

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1130	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Gustavsson M. et al.	2017	Pesticide mixtures in the Swedish streams: Environmental risks, contributions of individual compounds and consequences of single-substance oriented risk mitigation	Science of the Total Environment (2017), Vol. 598, pp. 973-983	No glyphosate data presented.
1131	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Hansen C. T. et al.	2015	Re-evaluation of groundwater monitoring data for glyphosate and bentazone by taking detection limits into account.	The Science of the total environment (2015), Vol. 536, pp. 68-71	No new data presented, only discussion of statistical methods to re-evaluation.
1132	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Hedegaard M. J. et al.	2017	Microbial pesticide removal in rapid sand filters for drinking water treatment - Potential and kinetics (vol 48, pg 71, 2014).	Water Research (2017), Vol. 122, pp. 708-713	Erratum to Hedegaard et al. 2014; does not contain any data for glyphosate.
1133	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Henault-Ethier L. et al.	2017	Herbaceous or Salix miyabeana 'SX64' narrow buffer strips as a means to minimize glyphosate and aminomethylphosphonic acid leaching from row crop fields.	Science of the total environment (2017), pp. 1177-1186	Field trials in Canada with glyphosate resistant crops and Salix miyabeana buffer strips are not relevant to the data requirement and not representative to European agricultural practice
1134	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Herath G. A. D. et al.	2019	Statistical optimization of glyphosate adsorption by biochar and activated carbon with response surface methodology.	Chemosphere (2019), Vol. 227, pp. 533-540	Test tube optimization of glyphosate adsorption using biochar and activated carbon. Not relevant for commercial application. Not relevant for EU risk assessment.
1135	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Herrman K. S. et al.	2012	Nutrient Loss Following Phragmites australis Removal in Controlled Soil Mesocosms	Water, air and soil pollution (2012), Vol. 223, No. 6, pp. 3333-3344	No analysis of glyphosate or its metabolites.
1136	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Hosseini N. et al.	2019	Removal of 2,4-D, glyphosate, trifluralin, and butachlor herbicides from water by polysulfone membranes mixed by graphene oxide/TiO2 nanocomposite: study of filtration and batch adsorption	JOURNAL OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (2019), Vol. 17, No. 1, pp. 247-258	Testing of new synthetic membranes for glyphosate adsorption/ rejection at lab scale not relevant for EU risk assessment.
1137	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Hu Y. S. et al.	2011	Removal of glyphosate from aqueous environment by adsorption using water industrial residual	Desalination (2011), Vol. 271, No. 1-3, pp. 150-156	Experiments on glyphosate adsorption to residual alum sludge from water treatment plants are not relevant to the data requirements.
1138	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Jarvis N.	2018	Meta-analysis of pesticide sorption in subsoil	Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (2018), Vol. 37, No. 3, pp. 755-761	Comparison of the Koc model vs the power law model to characterize adsorption in sub-soils. While glyphosate existing data is considered, the approach is not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1139	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Johnsen A. R. et al.	2016	Comments on the article: Re-evaluation of groundwater monitoring data for glyphosate and bentazone by taking detection limits into account	Science of the Total Environment (2016), Vol. 557-558, pp. 914-915	No new data presented, only disussion of statistical methods for re-evaluation.

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1140	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Junges C. M. et al.	2013	Effectiveness evaluation of glyphosate oxidation employing the H(2)O(2)/UVC process: toxicity assays with Vibrio fischeri and Rhinella arenarum tadpoles.	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2013), Vol. 48, No. 3, pp. 163-70	No relevant information on environmental fate included. Paper is about removal of glyphosate from wastewater polluted by commercial formulations of glyphosate
1141	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Kaur S. et al.	2017	Pesticides Curbing Soil Fertility: Effect of Complexation of Free Metal Ions	FRONTIERS IN CHEMISTRY (2017), Vol. 5, Article 43, pp. 1	Experiments on reaction of pesticides with isolated metal salts are not relevant to EU data requirements.
1142	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Keesstra S. D. et al.	2019	Straw mulch as a sustainable solution to decrease runoff and erosion in glyphosate-treated clementine plantations in Eastern Spain. An assessment using rainfall simulation experiments	Catena (2019), Vol. 174, pp. 95-103	No measurement of glyphosate in this article. Glyphosate only used for weed control.
1143	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Knerr H. et al.	2015	Micropollutants from WWTPs in Rheinland-Palatinate	Wasser und Abfall (2015), Vol. 17, No. 1/2, pp. 23-28	Does not present any numerical measurement data. Discusses evaluation of occurrence and levels of micropollutants at waste water treatment plants of rural and urban geopgraphies.
1144	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Lashermes G. et al.	2010	Sorption and mineralization of organic pollutants during different stages of composting.	Chemosphere (2010), Vol. 79, No. 4, pp. 455-62	Sorption and mineralization in artificial lab compost mixtures are not relevant to the data requirement.
1145	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Linklater N. et al.	2013	Real-Time and Near Real-Time Monitoring Options for Water Quality.	Ahuja, S. (2013) pp. 189-225, Monitoring Water Quality: Pollution Assessment, Analysis, and Remediation, Monitoring Water Quality: Pollution Assessment, Analysis, and Remediation, Publisher: ELSEVIER SCIENCE BV, ISBN: 978-0-444-59395-5(H), 978-0-444-59404-4(P)	No specific monitoring data for glyphosate or AMPA is reported (a book chapter).
1146	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Lucadamo L. et al.	2018	Evaluation of glyphosate drift and anthropogenic atmospheric trace elements contamination by means of lichen transplants in a southern Italian agricultural district.	Air Quality Atmosphere and Health (2018), Vol. 11, No. 3, pp. 325-339	Atmospheric contamination due to glyphosate and trace elements were monitored in a southern Italian agricultural district by means of transplanted thalli of the lichen Pseudevernia furfuracea. An unusual technique which provides information on atmospheric dispersion of glyphosate but not relevant to risk assessment.
1147	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Lupi L. et al.	2015	Occurrence of glyphosate and AMPA in an agricultural watershed from the southeastern region of Argentina.	The Science of the total environment (2015), Vol. 536, pp. 687-694	Analysis of soil, water and sediment samples from agricultural areas in Argentina cultivated with soybean are not representative for European agricultural practice.
1148	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Lupi L. et al.	2019	Glyphosate runoff and its occurrence in rainwater and subsurface soil in the nearby area of agricultural fields in Argentina.	Chemosphere (2019), Vol. 225, pp. 906-914	Glyphosate measurements in rainfall in Brazil not relevant for EU risk assessment. Soil column leaching experiment on an Argentinian soil in which the control also contains glyphosate, and is not relevant to EU risk assessment.

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1149	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Magga Z. et al.	2012	Combining experimental techniques with non-linear numerical models to assess the sorption of pesticides on soils.	Journal of contaminant hydrology (2012), Vol. 129-130, pp. 62-9	The article describes batch experiments to derive equilibrium and non–equilibrium sorption parameters for glyphosate. However, the current guideline (OECD 106) for those experiments was not followed (use of triple distilled water instead of CaCl2, only liquid phase analyzed but stability of test item not shown, test concentrations not reported). Further, continuous flow soil column experiments were conducted with synthetic groundwater. This experiment is not relevant according to the data requirements.
1150	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Majewski M. S. et al.	2014	Pesticides in Mississippi air and rain: a comparison between 1995 and 2007.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2014), Vol. 33, No. 6, pp. 1283-93	Analysis of air and rainfall samples from agricultural areas in Mississippi (USA) cultivated with soybean are not representative for European agricultural practice.
1151	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Malviya B. J. et al.	2015	Bioremediation of Glyphosate by Bacteria Isolated from Glyphosate Contaminated Soil.	Journal of Pure and Applied Microbiology (2015), Vol. 9, No. 4, pp. 3315-3319	Study of bacterial isolates from area of glyphosate production plant in India for ability to degrade glyphosate as a sole carbon source. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1152	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Mamy L. et al.	2010	Comparative environmental impacts of glyphosate and conventional herbicides when used with glyphosate-tolerant and non-tolerant crops.	Environmental pollution (2010), Vol. 158, No. 10, pp. 3172-8	Modelling approach on balances and overall toxicity potential; no new environmental fate data generated.
1153	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Mamy L. et al.	2016	Glyphosate fate in soils when arriving in plant residues.	Chemosphere (2016), Vol. 154, pp. 425-433	Laboratory experiment on oilseed rape plant residues treated with glypohosate and placed on/mixed with soil samples are not relevant to the data requirement.
1154	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Mardiana-Jansar K. et al.	2014	Residue determination and levels of glyphosate in surface waters, sediments and soils associated with oil palm plantation in Tasik Chini, Pahang, Malaysia	AIP Conference Proceedings (2014), 1614 (1, 2014 UKM FST Postgraduate Colloquium), pp. 795-802	Field trials in oil palm plantation in Malaysia are not representative for European agricultural practice.
1155	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Mattos R. et al.	2017	Quantitation and Adsorption of Glyphosate Using Various Treated Clay	Zeitschrift fuer Physikalische Chemie (2017), Vol. 231, No. 11-12, pp. 1815-1829	Adsorption studies for glyphosate conducted with clay chemically modified with metals. Not relevant to natural soils.
1156	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Mauffrey F. et al.	2017	Bacterial Community Composition and Genes for Herbicide Degradation in a Stormwater Wetland Collecting Herbicide Runoff	Water, air, and soil pollution (2017), Vol. 228, No. 12, 452 p	Investigation of bacterial community composition and genetic analyses not relevant to EU data requirements.
1157	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Mazzei P. et al.	2012	Quantitative evaluation of noncovalent interactions between glyphosate and dissolved humic substances by NMR spectroscopy.	Environmental science & technology (2012), Vol. 46, No. 11, pp. 5939-46	Experiments on reaction of glyphosate with isolated humic and fulvic acids are not related to the data requirements.

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1158	Fate and behaviour in the environment	McMurry S. T. et al.	2016	Land use effects on pesticides in sediments of prairie pothole wetlands in North and South Dakota.	The Science of the total environment (2016), Vol. 565, pp. 682-689	Analysis of wetland sediment samples from prairie pothole wetlands in North and South Dakota (USA) are not representative for European conditions and agricultural practice.
1159	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Mendez M. J. et al.	2017	Glyphosate and Aminomethylphosphonic acid (AMPA) contents in the respirable dust emitted by an agricultural soil of the central semiarid region of Argentina	AEOLIAN RESEARCH (2017), Vol. 29, pp. 23-29	Analysis of artificially generated dust from Argentinian field locations are not relevant to the data requirements and not representative for European agricultural practice.
1160	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Mercurio P. et al.	2014	Glyphosate persistence in seawater.	Marine pollution bulletin (2014), Vol. 85, No. 2, pp. 385-90	Experiments on glyphosate degradation in seawater samples from the Great Barrier Reef (Australia) are not representative to European conditions.
1161	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Metzger S. et al.	2014	Trace substance removal in wastewater treatment plants-Experiences in Baden-Wuerttemberg	Gewaesserschutz, Wasser, Abwasser (2014), 234, 57/1-57/19	Main focus of the paper is use of activated carbon to remove contaminants. No glyphosate data presented. AMPA data presented in only one figure. Text indicates AMPA not effectively removed by amounts of activated carbon being studied. Since the AMPA is derived from other sources, relevance to glyphosate degradation cannot be established.
1162	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Minh H. D. et al.	2015	Molecularly imprinted polymer-based electrochemical sensor for the sensitive detection of glyphosate herbicide.	International Journal of Environmental Analytical Chemistry (2015), Vol. 95, No. 15, pp. 1489-1501	Analytical method. Fortified tap water samples used to demonstrate method; no real world samples analyzed.
1163	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Moneke A. N. et al.	2010	Biodegradation of glyphosate herbicide in vitro using bacterial isolates from four rice fields.	African Journal of Biotechnology (2010), Vol. 9, No. 26, pp. 4067-4074	Experiments on in-vitro biodegradation with isolated bacteria strains are not relevant to the data requirement.
1164	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Moraes P. V. D. et al.	2010	Environmental behaviour of glyphosate. Comportamento ambiental do glifosato.	Scientia Agraria Paranaensis (2010), Vol. 9, No. 3, pp. 22-35	Literature review, secondary source of information.
1165	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Mueller T. C. et al.	2015	Methods Related to Herbicide Dissipation or Degradation under Field or Laboratory Conditions.	Weed Science (2015), Vol. 63, No. Sp. Iss. 1, pp. 133-139	No measurement of glyphosate or AMPA. Glyphosate was used for weed control.
1166	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Nourouzi M. M. et al.	2012	Application of ferric chloride for removal of Glyphosate: modeling of axial and radial flow impellers using artificial neural networks.	Journal of Environmental Engineering (2012), Vol. 138, No. 11, pp. 1157-1164	Investigation of formation of insoluble ferric chloride complex is not relevant to the data requirement.
1167	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Ocenaskova V. et al.	2012	Occurrence of pesticides not regularly monitored in the hydrosphere of the Czech Republic	Vodohospodarske Technicko-Ekonomicke Informace (2012), Vol. 54, No. 6, pp. 13S-16S	No glyphosate data presented. AMPA data in only one figure. Since the AMPA is derived from other sources, relevance to glyphosate degradation cannot be established.

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1168	Fate and behaviour in the environment	de Oliveira D. A. et al.	2014	Effects of pig slurry application on soil physical and chemical properties and glyphosate mobility.	Revista Brasileira de Ciencia do Solo (2014), Vol. 38, No. 5, pp. 1421-1431	Field trials on Brazilian sub-tropical savannah sites amended with pig slurry are not relevant to the data requirements and not representative of Euuropean conditions and agricultural practice.
1169	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Oliveira Pereira E. A. et al.	2019	Determination of glyphosate and aminomethylphosphonic acid by sequential-injection reversed-phase chromatography: method improvements and application in adsorption studies.	Analytical and bioanalytical chemistry (2019), Vol. 411, No. 11, pp. 2317-2326	Analytical method and adsorption testing using a glyphosate formulation: Roundup® Original DI.
1170	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Ololade O. O. et al.	2019	Influence of electrolyte composition and pH on glyphosate sorption by cow-dung amended soil	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2019), Vol. 54, No. 9, pp. 758-769	Nigerian soil, no textural characterization of soil, non-guideline CaCl2 concentration and no basis for comparison to guideline studies.
1171	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Ololade O. O. et al.	2019	Influence of cow-dung amendment on glyphosate mobility in soil	Toxicological & Environmental Chemistry (2019), Vol. 101, No. 3-6, pp. 265-280	Adsorption/desorption of Nigerian soil and cow dung from grazing cows. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1172	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Orcelli T. et al.	2018	Study of Interaction Between Glyphosate and Goethite Using Several Methodologies: an Environmental Perspective	Water, air, and soil pollution (2018), Vol. 229, No. 5, 150 p	Information regarding adsorption of glyphosate onto goethite under varying pH. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1173	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Otalvaro J. O. et al.	2018	Interaction of pesticides with natural and synthetic solids. Evaluation in dynamic and equilibrium conditions.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2018), Vol. 25, No. 7, pp. 6707-6719	Paper includes study of binding of glyphosate to Humic acid and effect of binding on dissolution of humic acid. Not relevant since binding to soil components were studied separately and not in soil.
1174	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Padilla J. T. et al.	2018	Glyphosate transport in two Louisiana agricultural soils: miscible displacement studies and numerical modeling	Soil Systems (2018), Vol. 2, No. 3, pp. 53	Does not follow OECD column leaching or adsorption / desorption guidelines.
1175	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Padilla J. T. et al.	2019	Time-dependent sorption and desorption of glyphosate in soils: multi-reaction modeling	Vadose Zone Journal (2019), Vol. 18, No. 1, pp.	Experiments on batch adsorption and time-dependent sorption are not in line with OECD 106 guideline or guidance on aged sorption, thus not relevant to the data requirement.
1176	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Padilla-Sanchez J. A. et al.	2012	Innovative determination of polar organophosphonate pesticides based on high-resolution Orbitrap mass spectrometry.	Journal of mass spectrometry (2012), Vol. 47, No. 11, pp. 1458-65	Development and performance of a multi-component analytical method. For the analysis of agricultural soil samples, no experimental details are reported.
1177	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Penders E. J. M. et al.	2012	Genotoxic effects in the Eastern mudminnow (Umbra pygmaea) after prolonged exposure to River Rhine water, as assessed by use of the in vivo SCE and Comet assays	Environmental and Molecular Mutagenesis (2012), Vol. 53, No. 4, pp. 304-310	Toxicity of river water. No environmental data on glyphosate presented.

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1178	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Pereira E. A. O. et al.	2019	Adsorption of glyphosate on Brazilian subtropical soils rich in iron and aluminum oxides	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2019), Vol. 54, No. 11, pp. 906-914	Does not follow guideline OECD adsorption/desorption method.
1179	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Pinto E. et al.	2018	Quantitative analysis of glyphosate, glufosinate and AMPA in irrigation water by in situ derivatization-dispersive liquid-liquid microextraction combined with UPLC-MSMS	Analytical methods (2018), Vol. 10, No. 5, pp. 554-561	Analytical method for detection of glyphosate, AMPA, glufosinate in water. Real water samples analyzed by locations not identified.
1180	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Polyakova N. N. et al.	2018	Effect of Herbicides Application on the Soil Biological Activity in the Tree Nursery.	Agrokhimiya (2018), No. 12, pp. 35-41	Non-EU studies not relevant to EU. Study of cellulose degradation in glyphosate treated soil conducted in Russia.
1181	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Prasanthi Y. et al.	2012	Glyphosate levels in soil, water and air before and after application on agricultural farms	Organohalogen Compounds (2012), Vol. 74, pp. 316-319, 4 pp.	Non-EU study. Measurement of glyphosate concentrations in soil and runoff water from university site in Kentucky, USA. Not relevant for EU risk assessment.
1182	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Qin J. et al.	2013	Can rainwater induce Fenton-driven degradation of herbicides in natural waters?.	Chemosphere (2013), Vol. 92, No. 8, pp. 1048-52	Study not conducted in natural system. No direct relevance to risk assessment.
1183	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Ratola N. et al.	2014	Biomonitoring of pesticides by pine needles - Chemical scoring, risk of exposure, levels and trends	Science of the Total Environment (2014), Vol. 476-477, pp. 114-124	No monitoring of glyphosate in the study.
1184	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Rendon-von Osten J. et al.	2017	Glyphosate Residues in Groundwater, Drinking Water and Urine of Subsistence Farmers from Intensive Agriculture Localities: A Survey in Hopelchen, Campeche, Mexico.	International journal of environmental research and public health (2017), Vol. 14, No. 6, pp. E595	Analysis of groundwater, and drinking water samples from intensive agricultural areas in Mexico are not representative for European agricultural practice. Analysis of urine samples is not relevant to the data requirements.
1185	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Richards B. K. et al.	2012	Surveying upstate NY well water for pesticide contamination: Cayuga and Orange counties	Ground Water Monitoring & Remediation (2012), Vol. 32, No. 1, pp. 73-82	Analysis of pesticides in groundwater wells in the US not relevant to EU risk assessment. No glyphosate or AMPA measurements reported.
1186	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Romano-Armada N. et al.	2019	Construction of a combined soil quality indicator to assess the effect of glyphosate application	Science of the Total Environment (2019), Vol. 682, pp. 639-649	Soil quality assessment conducted based on Argentinian soils. Not relevant fo EU risk assessment.
1187	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Ronco A. E. et al.	2016	Water quality of the main tributaries of the Parana Basin: glyphosate and AMPA in surface water and bottom sediments	Environmental Monitoring and Assessment (2016), Vol. 188, No. 8, pp. 458	Analyses of glyphosate and AMPA water and sediment samples from Argentinian agricultural areas planted with genetically modified glyphosate-resistant crops are not representative for European agricultural practice

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1188	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Rott E. et al.	2017	Removal of phosphorus from phosphonate-loaded industrial wastewaters via precipitation/flocculation	JOURNAL OF WATER PROCESS ENGINEERING (2017), Vol. 17, pp. 188-196	No data on glyphosate or AMPA presented. Only references to journal articles before 2010.
1189	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Rudolph W.	2015	Greening conditions, glyphosate skepticism and groundwater protection: Three G-Core issues. Greeningauflagen, Glyphosatskepsis und Grundwasserschutz: Drei G-Themen im Fokus	Agrarmanager (2015), No. 8, pp. 58-61	There is no environmental fate data related to glyphosate. The article talks about farm machinery.
1190	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Sandy E. H. et al.	2013	Oxygen isotope signature of UV degradation of glyphosate and phosphonoacetate: tracing sources and cycling of phosphonates.	Journal of hazardous materials (2013), Vol. 260, pp. 947-54	Experiments on the reaction mechanism of molecule cleavage uder UV radiation at pH 2.5 are not relevant to the data requirements.
1191	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Schulte-Oehlmann U. et al.	2011	Before the curtain falls: endocrine-active pesticides - a German contamination legacy.	Reviews of environmental contamination and toxicology (2011), Vol. 213, pp. 137-59	Literature review on pesticide occurrence in Germany. Neither experimental data nor specific results for glyphosate are reported.
1192	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Sebiomo A. et al.	2012	The impact of four herbicides on soil minerals	Research Journal of Environmental and Earth Sciences (2012), Vol. 4, No. 6, pp. 617-624	Soils tested originate from region not representative for Europe (Nigeria) no analysis of glyphosate residues, only mineral ions (calcium, sodium, potassium, magnesium, zinc and iron)
1193	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Sen K. et al.	2017	Statistical optimization study of adsorption parameters for the removal of glyphosate on forest soil using the response surface methodology	Environmental earth sciences (2017), Vol. 76, No. 1, pp. 22	Experiments on glyphosate removal by Indian forest soils are not relevant to the data requirements.
1194	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Shanmugam S. R. et al.	2019	Adsorption and desorption behavior of herbicide using bio-based materials	Transactions of the ASABE (2019), Vol. 62, No. 6, pp. 1435-1445	Adsorption of glyphosate to activated carbon and biochar was measured as a potential soil amendment to bind glyphosate. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1195	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Shimako A. H. et al.	2017	Operational integration of time dependent toxicity impact category in dynamic LCA	Science of the Total Environment (2017), Vol. 599-600, pp. 806-819	Life-cycle assessment. No specific glyphosate end-points that can be used in EU assessment.
1196	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Shipitalo M. J. et al.	2010	Impact of grassed waterways and compost filter socks on the quality of surface runoff from corn fields.	Journal of environmental quality (2010), Vol. 39, No. 3, pp. 1009-18	Field experiments performed in the US on concentration of glyphosate in run-off from experimental watersheds cropped with glyphosate-tolerant corn collected in grassed artificial waterways and removal by artificial compost filter socks. These are not relevant to the data requirements and not representative for EU agricultural practice.
1197	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Shushkova T. et al.	2010	Glyphosate bioavailability in soil.	Biodegradation (2010), Vol. 21, No. 3, pp. 403-10	Experiments on soil degradation and adsorption in soil columns amended with mineral salts and introduced bacteria strains are not relevant to the data requirement

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1198	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Si Y-B. et al.	2013	Complex Interaction and Adsorption of Glyphosate and Lead in Soil	Soil & sediment contamination (2013), Vol. 22, No. 1, pp. 72-84	Experiments on the influence of Pb on glyphosate adsorption in NaNO3 solution are not relevant to the data requirements
1199	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Silva J. T. B. et al.	2018	Glyphosate and turbidity removal in water conditions by clarification with Tanfloc. Remocao de glifosato e turbidez em meio aquoso por meio da clarificacao com Tanfloc	Periodico Tche Quimica (2018), Vol. 15, No. 30, pp. 489-496	Demonstrates glyphosate removal from raw water at pH 5.0 - 5.5 using natural tannin flocculant, but glyphosate concentration tested (8 mg/L) is not a relevant concentration for water treatment.
1200	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Sjerps R. M. A. et al.	2017	Projected impact of climate change and chemical emissions on the water quality of the European rivers Rhine and Meuse: A drinking water perspective	Science of the Total Environment (2017), Vol. 601-602, pp. 1682-1694	No new data are presented. Modeling of future surface water quality (year 2050) based on assumptions on climate change and future emission scenarios are not relevant to the data requirements.
1201	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Smith D. R. et al.	2015	What is causing the harmful algal blooms in Lake Erie?	Journal of soil and water conservation (2015), Vol. 70, No. 2, p. 27A-29A	Paper is a general review with no new data about reasons for increased soluble P loading to Lake Erie.
1202	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Sonne A. T. et al.	2017	Assessing the chemical contamination dynamics in a mixed land use stream system	Water Research (2017), Vol. 125, pp. 141-151	No glyphosate measurements reported from water monitoring. Some AMPA monitoring but source of AMPA unknown hence not relevant for risk assessment.
1203	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Struger J. et al.	2015	Sources of aminomethylphosphonic acid (AMPA) in urban and rural catchments in Ontario, Canada: Glyphosate or phosphonates in wastewater?.	Environmental pollution (2015), Vol. 204, pp. 289-97	Results of concentration measurements in Canadian urban and rural catchments are not representative for European agricultural practice.
1204	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Styczen M. et al.	2011	Macroscopic Evidence of Sources of Particles for Facilitated Transport during Intensive Rain	Vadose zone journal (2011), pp. 1151-1161	No new experimental data generated, only review & conclusions on results of data from literature.
1205	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Sviridov A. V. et al.	2011	New approaches to identification and activity estimation of glyphosate degradation enzymes.	Biochemistry. Biokhimiia (2011), Vol. 76, No. 6, pp. 720-5	Experiments on isolated and cultivated bacteria are not relevant to EU data requirement.
1206	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Sviridov A. V. et al.	2012	Distribution of glyphosate and methylphosphonate catabolism systems in soil bacteria Ochrobactrum anthropi and Achromobacter sp.	Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology (2012), Vol. 93, pp. 787-796	Experiments on isolated and cultivated bacteria are not relevant to the EU data requirements.
1207	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Tang X. et al.	2012	A review of rapid transport of pesticides from sloping farmland to surface waters: Processes and mitigation strategies.	JOURNAL OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES (2012), Vol. 24, No. 3, pp. 351-361	The paper is a review of pesticide transport from sloping farmland to surface water. Glyphosate is not explicitly mentioned.

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1208	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Tzaskos D. F. et al.	2012	Development of sampling for quantification of glyphosate in natural waters.	Ciencia e Agrotecnologia (2012), Vol. 36, No. 4, pp. 399-405	Development of an analytical method for water analysis in Brazil is not relevant to the data requirements for environmental fate. The analyses of Brazilian stream water samples from an area with transgenic soy plantations are not representative for European agricultural practice.
1209	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Van Stempvoort D. R. et al.	2016	Glyphosate residues in rural groundwater, Nottawasaga River Watershed, Ontario, Canada.	Pest management science (2016), Vol. 72, No. 10, pp. 1862-72	Results of concentration measurements in Canadian shallow rural groundwater are not representative for European agricultural practice.
1210	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Virginia A. et al.	2018	Industrial agriculture and agroecological transition systems: A comparative analysis of productivity results, organic matter and glyphosate in soil	Agricultural systems (2018), pp. 103-112	Economic and ecological study performed in Argentina. Comparison of industrial agriculture with agro-ecological system. Soil organic matter and glyphosate / AMPA concentrations in soil measured in addition to economic measures.
1211	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Vrain T. C.	2016	The nutritional status of GMOs	Acta horticulturae (2016), No. 1124, pp. 97-100	Limited review and commentary on glyphosate properties in relation to GMO nutritional status.
1212	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Waiman C. V. et al.	2013	A real time in situ ATR-FTIR spectroscopic study of glyphosate desorption from goethite as induced by phosphate adsorption: effect of surface coverage.	Journal of colloid and interface science (2013), Vol. 394, pp. 485-9	Adsorption experiments with isolate minerals (geothite and magnetite) are not relevant to the data requirements.
1213	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Wang K. et al.	2018	Application of least-squares support vector machines for quantitative evaluation of known contaminant in water distribution system using onlinewater quality parameters	Sensors (2018), Vol. 18, No. 4, pp. 938/1-938/19	No reference to glyphosate, AMPA, HMPA
1214	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Welch H. L.	2015	Occurrence of pesticides in groundwater underlying areas of high-density row-crop production in Alabama, 2009-2013	Scientific Investigations Report (2015), 2015-5014, 1-44	Groundwater monitoring data from areas of high density row-crop production in the US are not representative for European agricultural practice.
1215	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Wu X. et al.	2011	Degradation characteristics of organophosphate-degradation microorganism BR13.	Environmental Science & Technology (2011), Vol. 34, No. 11, pp. 54-58	Experiments on degradation of glyphosate by individual micro-organisms isolated from activated sludge are not relevant to the data requirements.
1216	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Xiao G. et al.	2020	D151 resin preloaded with Fe(3+) as a salt resistant adsorbent for glyphosate from water in the presence 16% NaCl	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2020), Vol. 190, pp. 110140	Experimental investigation of resins for removal of glyphosate from water. Not relevant for EU risk assessment.
1217	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Yadav V. et al.	2017	Effect of light conditions and chemical characteristics of water on dissipation of glyphosate in aqueous medium.	Environmental monitoring and assessment (2017), Vol. 189, No. 12, pp. 613	Non-EU study (India). Used glyphosate formulation to study degradation of glyphosate in distilled water and local water. Not relevant for EU risk assessment.

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1218	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Yang X. et al.	2015	Short-term transport of glyphosate with erosion in Chinese loess soil - a flume experiment.	The Science of the total environment (2015), Vol. 512-513, pp. 406-414	Laboratory experiments on run-off with hydraulic flumes are not relevant to EU data requirements.
1219	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Zhang X. et al.	2019	Photomineralization of Effluent Organic Phosphorus to Orthophosphate under Simulated Light Illumination	Environmental Science & Technology (2019), Vol. 53, No. 9, pp. 4997-5004	Study of photomineralization of Effluent Organic Phosphorus (including glyphosate) to Orthophosphate under Simulated Light Illumination. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1220	Fate and behaviour in the environment	Zhao Y. Q. et al.	2013	Current status of pesticides application and their residue in the water environment in Ireland	International journal of environmental studies (2013), Vol. 70, No. 1, pp. 59-72	Glyphosate use data are the basis on suggesting potential water pollution without presenting any water monitoring data.
1221	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Adeniyi O. et al.	2016	Quantitation of pesticide residue in water and food in Louisiana, USA	Journal of Water Resource and Protection (2016), Vol. 8, No. 12, pp. 1145-1157	Not relevant. Glyphosate not included in analysis.
1222	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Aikpo H. F. et al.	2016	Evaluation de la contamination des tubercules de manioc (Manihot esculenta Crantz) par les pesticides dans la zone cotonniere de Djidja (Benin) [Evaluation of contamination of cassava tubers (Manihot esculenta Crantz) by pesticides in cotton area of Djid	International Journal of Innovation and Applied Studies (2016), Vol. 14, no. 3, pp. 744	Based on the abstract the publication is likely to provide information on the uptake of glyphosate residues by root crops. However, since there is no information on the amount of glyphosate applied (if any), it is not possible to draw any conclusion from the results presented.
1223	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Bandana B. et al.	2015	Dissipation kinetics of glyphosate in tea and tea-field under northwestern mid-hill conditions of India	Journal of Pesticide Science (2015), Vol. 40, No. 3, 82 pp. 2015	Concerns a crop that is not a representative crop for renewal.
1224	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Barker A. L. et al.	2019	Fate of Glyphosate during Production and Processing of Glyphosate-Resistant Sugar Beet (Beta vulgaris).	Journal of agricultural and food chemistry (2019), Vol. 67, No. 7, pp. 2061-2065	Provides information on processing of glyphosate in glyphosate tolerant sugar beet. Not a relevant use for renewal.
1225	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Bertrand S.	2010	Pesticide consumption at farm level and residues in the environment and in milk	Bulletin of the International Dairy Federation (2010), Vol. 443, pp. 33-38	Article focuses on intake of pesticides by farm animals in general. Glyphosate is only mentioned in one table (list of log POW) and the examples given and described in the article deal with other active substances.
1226	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Boily M. et al.	2017	Foraging in maize field areas: A risky business?	Science of the Total Environment (2017), Vol. 601, pp. 1522-1532	Study compared conventionally and organically grown crops. Results could not be attributed to glyphosate, other products used on conventional plot.
1227	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Ciasca B. et al.	2020	Rapid and reliable detection of glyphosate in pome fruits, berries, pulses and cereals by flow injection - Mass spectrometry.	Food chemistry (2020), Vol. 310, pp. 125813	Residue analytical method. Wheat and chickpea not relevant to the uses considered for renewal in the EU. Only few real samples analysed. Therefore, not "representative" in terms of monitoring.

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1228	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Gelinas P. et al.	2018	Wheat preharvest herbicide application, whole-grain flour properties, yeast activity and the degradation of glyphosate in bread	International journal of food science & technology (2018), Vol. 53, No. 7, pp. 1597-1602	Provides information on effects of glyphosate on flour properties in baking following preharvest application in wheat. Not a relevant use for renewal.
1229	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Ghazala Y. et al.	2018	Monitoring and risk assessment due to presence of heavy metals and pesticides in tea samples.	Food Science and Technology (Campinas),(2018), Vol. 38, No. 4, pp. 625-628	Reports on glyphosate detection in tea samples from Pakistan, but with no information on the analytical method used or way to evaluate results. Not relevant to EU risk assessment.
1230	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Goen T. et al.	2017	Efficiency control of dietary pesticide intake reduction by human biomonitoring.	International journal of hygiene and environmental health (2017), Vol. 220, No. 2 Pt A, pp. 254-260	Pilot study of differences in urinary levels of several pesticides (including glyphosate) for two individuals following a conventional or organic diet. Limited data; not relevant for risk assessment.
1231	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Goldstein D. A.	2017	Glyphosate residues in feed.	Journal of Animal Science (2017), Vol. 95, 367 p., Suppl. 4	Overview of MRL process and summary of glyphosate in food and feed.
1232	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Gotti R. et al.	2019	Field-amplified sample injection and sweeping micellar electrokinetic chromatography in analysis of glyphosate and aminomethylphosphonic acid in wheat.	Journal of chromatography A (2019), Vol. 1601, pp. 357-364	Primarily an analytical methods paper. The authors report the analysis of 4 commercial wheat flour samples (residues below detection limit) and one wheat grain sample (glyphosate residues 243 mg/kg). The grain sample was from plants sprayed pre-harvest in a growth chamber; no details on application rate and timing provided, so cannot assess residues.
1233	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Herrera Lopez S. et al.	2019	Method validation and application of a selective multiresidue analysis of highly polar pesticides in food matrices using hydrophilic interaction liquid chromatography and mass spectrometry	Journal of Chromatography A (2019), 1594, 93-104	Analytical method; no monitoring data.
1234	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Jan M. R. et al.	2018	Flow injection spectrophotometric determination of glyphosate herbicide in wheat grains via condensation reaction with p-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde	South African Journal of Chemistry (2018), 71(1), 39-45	This is primarily an analytical method paper. No details of analysis of real samples included, just overall average of 62 wheat grain samples from South Africa.
1235	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	John J. et al.	2018	Glyphosate monitoring in water, foods, and urine reveals an association between urinary glyphosate and tea drinking: a pilot study.	International Journal of Environmental Health Engineering (2018), Vol. 7, 2 p	Pilot study in non-EU country (US) with limited analysis of food and urine samples, using semi-quantitative ELISA assay developed for water and with no reporting of validation in other matrices. Exposure assessment not relevant for EU consumers.
1236	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Khan N. et al.	2016	HPLC determination and comparative analysis of persistent organic compounds in different environmental matrices	Asian Journal of Chemistry (2016), Vol. 28, No. 2, pp. 339-342	No analytical results (or even validation data) for glyphosate
1237	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Lopez-Blanco R. et al.	2018	Experimental and theoretical determination of pesticide processing factors to model their behavior during virgin olive oil production	Food Chemistry (2018), Vol. 239, pp. 9-16	No glyphosate data included in article (only trimesium ion).

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1238	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Machado B. A. et al.	2019	X-ray Spectroscopy Fostering the Understanding of Foliar Uptake and Transport of Mn by Soybean (Glycine max L. Merril): Kinetics, Chemical Speciation, and Effects of Glyphosate.	Journal of agricultural and food chemistry (2019), Vol. 67, No. 47, pp. 13010-13020	No data on the transport of glyphosate in the crop; No glyphosate residue data; Furthermore it is not good agriculture practice to tank mix glyphosate with a fertilizer.
1239	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Mesnage R. et al.	2015	Laboratory Rodent Diets Contain Toxic Levels of Environmental Contaminants: Implications for Regulatory Tests.	PloS one (2015), Vol. 10, No. 7, pp. e0128429	Measures levels of GMOs and various contaminants (including glyphosate and AMPA) in rodent diets.
1240	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Nandula V. K. et al.	2015	Herbicide Absorption and Translocation in Plants using Radioisotopes.	Weed Science (2015), Vol. 63, No. Sp. Iss. 1, pp. 140-151	Methodology paper on the conduct of absorption and translocation studies of herbicides using radioisotopes.
1241	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Nougadere A. et al.	2011	Chronic dietary risk characterization for pesticide residues: A ranking and scoring method integrating agricultural uses and food contamination data	Food and Chemical Toxicology (2011), Vol. 49, No. 7, pp. 1484-1510	The article presents a method to identify pesticide residues and foodstuffs for inclusion in national monitoring programs with different priority levels. In the article a large number ofactive substances are included. For glyphosate the conclusion does not change the end-point for the dietary risk assessment.
1242	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Oliveira P. C. et al.	2018	Direct electrochemical detection of glyphosate at carbon paste electrode and its determination in samples of milk, orange juice, and agricultural formulation.	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2018), Vol. 53, No. 12, pp. 817-823	Analytical method. Study did not include analysis of any relevant samples (only fortified samples).
1243	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Perboni L. T. et al.	2018	Yield, germination and herbicide residue in seeds of preharvest desiccated wheat	JOURNAL OF SEED SCIENCE (2018), Vol. 40, No. 3, pp. 304-312	Provides information on glyphosate pre-harvest use in wheat. Not a relevant use for renewal.
1244	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Poppi A. C. O. et al.	2018	Influence of chemical pesticides on the survival of lactic acid bacteria in silage inoculants.	Proceedings of the International Silage Conference (XVIII ISC 2018), 24-26 July 2018, Bonn, Germany (2018), pp. 312-313	Effect of inadvertant contamination of silage innoculant with glyphosate in spray tank.
1245	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Tang X. Y. et al.	2018	Uptake, translocation, distribution and metabolism of glyphosate in target weeds and non-target tea trees in tea garden.	Journal of Food Safety and Quality (2018), Vol. 9, No. 18, pp. 4900-4905	The article does not include new data on metabolism of glyphosate in tea, but rather summarizes existing data.
1246	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Tassielli G. et al.	2018	Environmental life cycle assessment of fresh and processed sweet cherries in southern Italy	Journal of Cleaner Production (2018), 171, 184-197	Life cycle analysis of different production methods in cherry orchards. Glyphosate is one of numerous pesticides used during cultivation. No observations related to glyphosate in study.
1247	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Tu Q. et al.	2019	In situ colorimetric detection of glyphosate on plant tissues using cysteamine-modified gold nanoparticles.	The Analyst (2019), Vol. 144, No. 6, pp. 2017-2025	Analytical method for in situ visual detection of glyphosate in field treated samples. Not relevant for risk assessment.
1248	Residues in or on treated	Van Eenennaam A. L. et al.	2017	Detection of dietary DNA, protein, and glyphosate in meat, milk, and eggs.	Journal of animal science (2017), Vol. 95, No. 7, pp. 3247-3269	Review of existing information on glyphosate residues in meat, milk and eggs. No new data.

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	products, food and feed					
1249	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Wumbei A. et al.	2019	Glyphosate in yam from Ghana	Food Additives & Contaminants, Part B: Surveillance (2019), Vol. 12, No. 4, pp. 231-235	Description of analytical method and use in analyzing yam samples from Ghana. Some samples had detectable residues (>0.04 mg/kg), all below the LOQ of 0.12 mg/kg. Not relevant - method had low recovery (34%) and results not relevant for EU.
1250	Residues in or on treated products, food and feed	Zhao J. et al.	2018	Detection of glyphosate residues in companion animal feeds.	Environmental pollution (2018), Vol. 243, No. Pt B, pp. 1113-1118	Analysis of glyphosate residues in companion animal feed.
1251	Toxicology and metabolism	Abarikwu S. O. et al.	2015	Combined effects of repeated administration of Bretmont Wipeout (glyphosate) and Ultrazin (atrazine) on testosterone, oxidative stress and sperm quality of Wistar rats.	Toxicology mechanisms and methods (2015), Vol. 25, No. 1, pp. 70-80	Formulation provided to Wistar rats via oral gavage in corn oil.
1252	Toxicology and metabolism	Abass K. et al.	2012	Characterization of human cytochrome P450 induction by pesticides	Toxicology (2012), Vol. 294, No. 1, pp. 17-26	No significant glyphosate related effects.
1253	Toxicology and metabolism	Abass K. et al.	2013	The inhibition of major human hepatic cytochrome P450 enzymes by 18 pesticides: Comparison of the N-in-one and single substrate approaches	Toxicology In Vitro (2013), Vol. 27, No. 5, pp. 1584-1588	Glyphosate not mentioned in the paper.
1254	Toxicology and metabolism	Aboukila R. S. et al.	2014	Cytogenetic study on the effect of bentazon and glyphosate herbicide on mice.	Alexandria Journal of Veterinary Sciences (2014), Vol. 41, pp. 95-101	This publication is considered not relevant because a glyphosate formulation (Glalica) was used instead of glyphosate and the route of administration was intraperitoneal injection which is an inappropriate route of administration for the occupational and food risk assessment of glyphosate.
1255	Toxicology and metabolism	Addae J. I. et al.	2011	Effects of AMPA and clomethiazole on spreading depression cycles in the rat neocortex in vivo	European Journal of Pharmacology (2011), Vol. No. 1-3, pp. 41-46	The article is investigating AMPA Receptor with drugs applied i.p. and topically.
1256	Toxicology and metabolism	Alarcon R. et al.	2019	Neonatal exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide alters the histofunctional differentiation of the ovaries and uterus in lambs.	Molecular and cellular endocrinology (2019), Vol. 482, pp. 45-56	Formulation tested (Roundup Full II, Argos SRL, Santa Fe, Argentina; 54 g/100 mL glyphosate)
1257	Toxicology and metabolism	Altamirano G. A. et al.	2018	Postnatal exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide modifies mammary gland growth and development in Wistar male rats.	Food and chemical toxicology (2018), Vol. 118, pp. 111-118	Formulation tested (Roundup FULL II, potassium salt; 54% a.e.)
1258	Toxicology and metabolism	Aminov A. I. et al.	2013	Effect of the herbicide Roundup on the activity of Glycosidases of invertebrates and juvenile fish.	Inland Water Biology (2013), Vol. 6, No. 4, pp. 351-356	Formulation tested in vitro (Roundup, produced and packaged by ZAO Avgust, Russia; 36% glyphosate).
1259	Toxicology and metabolism	Anakwue R.	2019	Cardiotoxicity of Pesticides: Are Africans at Risk?	Cardiovascular toxicology (2019), Vol. 19, No. 2, pp. 95-104	Review article with no new data.
1260	Toxicology and metabolism	Anifandis G. et al.	2017	The In Vitro Impact of the Herbicide Roundup on Human Sperm Motility and Sperm Mitochondria.	Toxics (2017), Vol. 6, No. 1, pp. 2	Formulation tested in vitro (Roundup, not characterized).

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1261	Toxicology and metabolism	Williams, G. M. et al.	2018	Corrigendum to: A review of the carcinogenic potential of glyphosate by four independent expert panels and comparison to the IARC assessment (Critical Reviews in Toxicology, (2016), 46, sup1, (3-20), 10.1080/10408444.2016.1214677).	Critical Reviews in Toxicology (2018), Vol. 48, No. 10, pp 907-908	Corrigendum to paper updating acknowledgements and author conflicts of interest.
1262	Toxicology and metabolism	Mesnage R. et al.	2017	Erratum to: Transcriptome profile analysis reflects rat liver and kidney damage following chronic ultra-low dose Roundup exposure (Environmental Health: A Global Access Science Source (2015) 14:70 DOI: 10.1186/s12940-015-0056-1).	Environmental Health (2017), Vol. 16, No. 1, pp. 28	This is erratum to Mesnage et al., Environmental health (2015), Vol. 14, article No. 70.
1263	Toxicology and metabolism	Anon.	2013	Pesticide Exposure in Children (vol 130, pg e1757, 2012).	Pediatrics (2013), Vol. 131, No. 5, pp. 1013	No glyphosate data generated/presented.
1264	Toxicology and metabolism	Antoniou M. N. et al.	2019	Glyphosate does not substitute for glycine in proteins of actively dividing mammalian cells.	BMC research notes (2019), Vol. 12, No. 1, pp. 494	This publication is found not relevant because the end-point investigated (substitution of glycine by glyphosate in protein synthesis) is not appropriate for the risk assessment of glyphosate.
1265	Toxicology and metabolism	Aroonvilairat S. et al.	2015	Effect of pesticide exposure on immunological, hematological and biochemical parameters in Thai orchid farmers-a cross-sectional study	International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health (2015), Vol. 12, No. 6, pp. 5846-5861	This is a general pesticides paper and not specific to glyphosate.
1266	Toxicology and metabolism	Asita A. O. et al.	2012	Cytotoxicity and genotoxicity of some agropesticides used in Southern Africa	Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health Sciences (2012), Vol. 4, No. 10, pp. 175-184	Formulation tested in vitro (Wipe-out, Kombat (Pty) Ltd, South Africa; 360 g/L glyphosate). Tested a plant species with a herbicide for adverse end-points; not relevant to human health end-points.
1267	Toxicology and metabolism	Astiz M. et al.	2012	The oxidative damage and inflammation caused by pesticides are reverted by lipoic acid in rat brain.	Neurochemistry international (2012), Vol. 61, No. 7, pp. 1231-41	In vivo administration via intraperitoneal injection which is not a relevant exposure route for EU glyphosate renewal.
1268	Toxicology and metabolism	Astiz M. et al.	2013	Pesticide-induced decrease in rat testicular steroidogenesis is differentially prevented by lipoate and tocopherol.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2013), Vol. 91, pp. 129-38	In vivo administration via intraperitoneal injection which is not a relevant exposure route for EU glyphosate renewal.
1269	Toxicology and metabolism	Avdatek F. et al.	2018	Ameliorative effect of resveratrol on testicular oxidative stress, spermatological parameters and DNA damage in glyphosate-based herbicide-exposed rats.	Andrologia (2018), Vol. 50, No. 7, pp. e13036	Glyphosate based formulation tested (Knockdown 48 SL) which is not comparable to the EU renewal.
1270	Toxicology and metabolism	Avdatek F. et al.	2018	Protective effect of N-acetylcysteine on testicular oxidative damage, spermatological parameters and DNA damage in glyphosate-based herbicide-exposed rats.	Kocatepe Veterinary Journal (2018), Vol. 11, No. 3, pp. 292-300	Formulation tested (Knockdown 48 SL, Turkey) which is not comparable to the EU renewal.

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1271	Toxicology and metabolism	Avila-Vazquez M. et al.	2018	Environmental exposure to glyphosate and reproductive health impacts in agricultural population of Argentina.	Journal of Environmental Protection (2018), Vol. 9, No. 3, pp. 241-253	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because the general population followed was exposed to multiple environmental factors making it impossible to establish a causal relationship between exposure to glyphosate and reproductive disorders.
1272	Toxicology and metabolism	Ayanda O. I. et al.	2012	Histopathological examination of the liver and gills of Clarias gariepinus treated with glyphosate.	Environmental Research Journal (2012), Vol. 6, No. 3, pp. 228-234	Formulation tested in aquatic species (Roundup 480 mg/L isopropanol salt; 360 g/L a.e.). Effects clearly attributable to surfactant.
1273	Toxicology and metabolism	Babic Z. et al.	2019	Report of the Poison Control Centre for the period from 1 January to 31 December 2018; Original title: Izvjesce Centra za kontrolu otrovanja za razdoblje od 1. sijecnja do 31. prosinca 2018	Arhiv Za Higijenu Rada i Toksikologiju (2019), Vol. 70, No. 1, pp. 69-73	Glyphosate based herbicide mentioned once and no glyphosate specific data included in the study.
1274	Toxicology and metabolism	Bader M. A. et al.	2015	Effect of quercetin against Roundup and/or fluoride induced biochemical alterations and lipid peroxidation in rats	International Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences Review and Research (2015), Vol. 34, No. 2, pp. 168-175	Excessively high 28-day repeat dose at 500 mg/kg/day glyphosate based herbicide and is therefore not comparable to the EU glyphosate renewal.
1275	Toxicology and metabolism	Bali Y. A. et al.	2019	Learning and memory impairments associated to acetylcholinesterase inhibition and oxidative stress following glyphosate based-herbicide exposure in mice.	Toxicology (2019), Vol. 415, pp. 18-25	Formulation tested (Roundup herbicide (glyphosate concentration 360 g/l IPA salt, Monsanto) which contains a surfactant not present in the representative glyphosate used in the EU renewal process.
1276	Toxicology and metabolism	Bates N. et al.	2013	Glyphosate toxicity in animals.	Clinical Toxicology (2013), Vol. 51, No. 10, pp. 1243	Correspondence adds no new data on human health end-points.
1277	Toxicology and metabolism	Beecham J. E. et al.	2015	The possible link between autism and glyphosate acting as glycine mimetic - a review of evidence from the literature with analysis	Journal of Molecular and Genetic Medicine (2015), Vol. 9, No. 4, pp. 1000197/1-1000197/16	This publication is considered not relevant for glyphosate risk assessment because it is not based on experimental work and no epidemiologic methodology was followed.
1278	Toxicology and metabolism	Bellantuono V. et al.	2014	Pesticides alter ion transport across frog (Pelophylax kl. esculentus) skin	Chemistry in ecology (2014), Vol. 30, No. 7, pp. 602-610	End-point not relevant to human health risk assessment in the EU renewal.
1279	Toxicology and metabolism	Benitez Leite S. et al.	2019	DNA damage induced by exposure to pesticides in children of rural areas in Paraguay	Indian journal of medical research (2019), Vol. 150, No. 3, pp. 290-296	No evaluation of the glyphosate used as part of the study. Study provides a comparison of children living near transgenic soybean fields to a control group near crops managed with biological controls.
1280	Toxicology and metabolism	Beranger R. et al.	2018	Multiple pesticide analysis in hair samples of pregnant French women: Results from the ELFE national birth cohort.	Environment International (2018), Vol. 120, pp. 43-53	No data presented on glyphosate, therefore not relevant for the EU renewal.
1281	Toxicology and metabolism	Bernieri T. et al.	2019	Occupational exposure to pesticides and thyroid function in Brazilian soybean farmers.	Chemosphere (2019), Vol. 218, pp. 425-429	General pesticide exposures, not glyphosate specific, therefore not relevant for the EU renewal.
1282	Toxicology and metabolism	Bernieri T. et al.	2019	Effect of pesticide exposure on total antioxidant capacity and biochemical parameters in Brazilian soybean farmers	Drug and Chemical Toxicology (2019), Ahead of Print	General pesticide exposure biomonitoring study, not glyphosate specific and therefore not relevant for the EU renewal.

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1283	Toxicology and metabolism	Bhardwaj J. K. et al.	2019	Effective attenuation of glyphosate-induced oxidative stress and granulosa cell apoptosis by vitamins C and E in caprines.	Molecular reproduction and development (2019), Vol. 86, No. 1, pp. 42-52	Glyphosate based herbicide tested with in vitro test system. As this formulation is not the representative formulation used in the EU renewal process, it is not relevant.
1284	Toxicology and metabolism	Buralli R. J. et al.	2018	Respiratory condition of family farmers exposed to pesticides in the state of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.	International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health (2018), Vol. 15, No. 6, pp. 1203	General pesticide exposures, not glyphosate specific, therefore not relevant for the EU renewal.
1285	Toxicology and metabolism	Burella P. M. et al.	2017	Evaluation of Stage-Dependent Genotoxic Effect of Roundup(®) (Glyphosate) on Caiman latirostris Embryos.	Archives of environmental contamination and toxicology (2017), Vol. 72, No. 1, pp. 50-57	Glyphosate based herbicide tested on reptiles. End-point and species not relevant to EU annex I renewal.
1286	Toxicology and metabolism	Camacho A. et al.	2017	The health consequences of aerial spraying illicit crops: The case of Colombia.	Journal of health economics (2017), Vol. 54, pp. 147-160	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it is too general and no specific epidemiological method was followed to establish an association between the application of glyphosate and disease outcome.
1287	Toxicology and metabolism	Caramello C. S. et al.	2017	Evaluation of herbicide glyphosate effects in the fish Prochilodus lineatus using chromosome aberration test.	Revista Veterinaria (2017), Vol. 28, No. 1, pp. 65-68	Formulation tested (Roundup Full II), not representative for the renewal.
1288	Toxicology and metabolism	Cassault-Meyer E. et al.	2014	An acute exposure to glyphosate-based herbicide alters aromatase levels in testis and sperm nuclear quality.	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2014), Vol. 38, No. 1, pp. 131-40	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because a glyphosate formulation (Roundup Grand Travaux Plus) was tested instead of glyphosate.
1289	Toxicology and metabolism	Castelani P. et al.	2013	Novel adjuvants for high load glyphosate formulations	SOFW Journal (2013), Vol. 139, No. 6, pp. 30-34,36	Formulation chemistry paper and therefore not relevant to the EU renewal of glyphosate.
1290	Toxicology and metabolism	Cattani D. et al.	2017	Developmental exposure to glyphosate-based herbicide and depressive-like behavior in adult offspring: Implication of glutamate excitotoxicity and oxidative stress.	Toxicology (2017), Vol. 387, pp. 67-80	Formulation tested (Roundup Original, Brazil, 360 g/L glyphosate), not-representative for the renewal.
1291	Toxicology and metabolism	Cattani D. et al.	2014	Mechanisms underlying the neurotoxicity induced by glyphosate-based herbicide in immature rat hippocampus: involvement of glutamate excitotoxicity.	Toxicology (2014), Vol. 320, pp. 34-45	Formulation tested (Roundup Original, Brazil, 360 g/L glyphosate), not-representative for the renewal.
1292	Toxicology and metabolism	Cattelan M. D. P. et al.	2018	Occupational exposure to pesticides in family agriculture and the oxidative, biochemical and hematological profile in this agricultural model	Life Sciences (2018), Vol. 203, pp. 177-183	General pesticide exposures, not glyphosate specific and thus not relevant to the EU renewal of glyphosate.
1293	Toxicology and metabolism	Cavusoglu K. et al.	2011	Protective effect of Ginkgo biloba L. leaf extract against glyphosate toxicity in Swiss albino mice.	Journal of medicinal food (2011), Vol. 14, No. 10, pp. 1263-72	Single dose administration intraperitoneally as well as the protective effect of a Ginkgo biloba extract. This is not representative of glyphosate exposure and therefore not relevant to the renewal.
1294	Toxicology and metabolism	Cermak A. M. M. et al.	2018	Redox imbalance caused by pesticides: a review of OPENTOX-related research.	Arhiv za higijenu rada i toksikologiju (2018), Vol. 69, No. 2, pp. 126-134	A review article of in vitro studies with no new data provided.

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1295	Toxicology and metabolism	Chaufan G. et al.	2014	Glyphosate commercial formulation causes cytotoxicity, oxidative effects, and apoptosis on human cells: differences with its active ingredient.	International journal of toxicology (2014), Vol. 33, No. 1, pp. 29-38	No effects for glyphosate and AMPA, only with formulation tested in an in vitro system. Data not biologicaly relevant to the renewal.
1296	Toxicology and metabolism	Chlopecka M. et al.	2014	Glyphosate affects the spontaneous motoric activity of intestine at very low doses - in vitro study.	Pesticide biochemistry and physiology (2014), Vol. 113, pp. 25-30	A novel ex-vivo model not relevant to the EU renewal of glyphosate.
1297	Toxicology and metabolism	Chlopecka M. et al.	2017	The effect of glyphosate-based herbicide Roundup and its co-formulant, POEA, on the motoric activity of rat intestine - In vitro study.	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2017), Vol. 49, pp. 156-162	Formulation and mixtures of glyphosate and surfactant tested in vitro (Roundup ULTRA 170 SL; 170 g isopropylamine salt/L). Data not biologically relevant to the renewal.
1298	Toxicology and metabolism	Clair E. et al.	2012	A glyphosate-based herbicide induces necrosis and apoptosis in mature rat testicular cells in vitro, and testosterone decrease at lower levels.	Toxicology in vitro (2012), Vol. 26, No. 2, pp. 269-79	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate as a glyphosate formulation (Roundup Bioforce) was used instead of glyphosate for in vitro testing.
1299	Toxicology and metabolism	Clark P. A. et al.	2016	Chronic kidney disease in Nicaraguan sugarcane workers: A historical, medical, environmental analysis and ethical analysis.	Internet Journal of Third World Medicine (2016), Vol. 12, No. 1	This publication is considered not relevant for glyphosate risk assessment because no systematic epidemiological approach was followed. Similarly figures for workers were not reported, nor were exposure patterns observed.
1300	Toxicology and metabolism	Clausing P.	2017	Cancer risk by glyphosate: The "Weight of Evidence Approach" of BfR. Krebsgefahr durch Glyphosat: Der "Weight of Evidence Approach" des BfR.	Umweltmedizin Hygiene Arbeitsmedizin (2017), Vol. 22, No. 1, pp. 27-34	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it is not based on experimental work.
1301	Toxicology and metabolism	Clausing P. et al.	2018	Pesticides and public health: an analysis of the regulatory approach to assessing the carcinogenicity of glyphosate in the European Union.	Journal of epidemiology and community health (2018), Vol. 72, No. 8, pp. 668-672	No new data, a commentary article therefore not relevant for the renewal of glyphosate.
1302	Toxicology and metabolism	Coalova I. et al.	2014	Influence of the spray adjuvant on the toxicity effects of a glyphosate formulation.	Toxicology in vitro (2014), Vol. 28, No. 7, pp. 1306-11	The formulation tested in vitro (Atanor, Argentina; 48% glyphosate isopropylamine salt) is not therepresentative formulation for the renewal.
1303	Toxicology and metabolism	Coon E. A. et al.	2019	Conjugal multiple system atrophy: Chance, shared risk factors, or evidence of transmissibility?.	Parkinsonism and Related Disorders (2019), Vol. 67, pp. 10-13	Glyphosate use is one of many potential environmental factors considered as a cause for multiple system atrophy, with no specific information provided.
1304	Toxicology and metabolism	Cortinovis C. et al.	2015	Glyphosate-surfactant herbicide poisoning in domestic animals: an epidemiological survey.	The Veterinary record (2015), Vol. 176, No. 16, pp. 413	Acute poisoning in animals, not relevant fort he renewal.
1305	Toxicology and metabolism	Coullery R. P. et al.	2016	Neuronal development and axon growth are altered by glyphosate through a WNT non-canonical signaling pathway.	Neurotoxicology (2016), Vol. 52, pp. 150-61	High in vitro doses >10 mM of glyphosate, therefore not representative of use/exposure and not relevant for the renewal.
1306	Toxicology and metabolism	Dar M. A.. et al.	2015	Single and interactive toxic potential of Roundup and ammonium nitrate on Haemato-biochemical parameters in wistar rats	Journal of Cell and Tissue Research (2015), Vol. 15, No. 3, pp. 5295-5299	High dose of Glyphosate based herbicide administered to rats in drinking water. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.

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1307	Toxicology and metabolism	Dar M. A. et al.	2018	Sub-acute oral toxicity of Roundup® and ammonium nitrate with special reference to oxidative stress indices in wistar rats.	Indian Journal of Animal Research (2018), Vol. 52, No. 3, pp. 405-408	Formulation tested Roundup® (Glyphosate 41 % EC, SD Fine Chemicals Mumbai, India); this is not representative for the EU renewal.
1308	Toxicology and metabolism	Dar M. A. et al.	2019	Effect of Repeated Oral Administration of Roundup((R)) and Ammonium Nitrate on Liver of Wistar Rats.	Proceedings of the Indian National Science Academy Part B Biological Sciences (2019), Vol. 89, No. 2, pp. 505-510	Formulation tested (Roundup, 41% EC) which is not the representative formulation used in the renewal.
1309	Toxicology and metabolism	Dardiotis E. et al.	2019	Pesticide exposure and cognitive function: Results from the Hellenic Longitudinal Investigation of Aging and Diet (HELIAD)	Environmental Research (2019), Vol. 177, pp. 108632	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because exposure to glyphosate is not documented.
1310	Toxicology and metabolism	de Adad L. M. M. et al.	2015	Occupational exposure of workers to pesticides: Toxicogenetics and susceptibility gene polymorphisms.	Genetics and Molecular Biology (2015), Vol. 38, No. 3, pp. 308-315	Not specific to glyphosate and therefore not relevant to the renewal.
1311	Toxicology and metabolism	de Aguiar L. M. et al.	2016	Glyphosate-based herbicide exposure causes antioxidant defence responses in the fruit fly Drosophila melanogaster.	Comparative biochemistry and physiology. Toxicology & pharmacology (2016), Vol. 185-186, pp. 94-101	Tested formulation (Roundup Original) for cellular mechanisms in houseflies, not directly relevant to human health risk assessment in the EU renewal of glyphosate.
1312	Toxicology and metabolism	de Castilhos Ghisi N. et al.	2013	Genotoxic effects of the herbicide Roundup(®) in the fish Corydoras paleatus (Jenyns 1842) after short-term, environmentally low concentration exposure	Environmental monitoring and assessment (2013), Vol. 185, No. 4, pp. 3201-7	Glyphosate based herbicide tested in aquatic species. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1313	Toxicology and metabolism	de Melo M. I. A. et al.	2018	Glyphosate-based herbicide induces toxic effects on human adipose-derived mesenchymal stem cells grown in human plasma.	Comparative Clinical Pathology (2018), Vol. 27, No. 4, pp. 989-1000	Glyphosate based herbicide tested in an in vitro system.
1314	Toxicology and metabolism	de Liz Oliveira Cavalli V. L. et al.	2013	Roundup disrupts male reproductive functions by triggering calcium-mediated cell death in rat testis and Sertoli cells.	Free radical biology & medicine (2013), Vol. 65, pp. 335-46	Formulation tested in vitro was Roundup Original, 360 g/L, a.e., Brazil. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1315	Toxicology and metabolism	de Moura F. R. et al.	2017	Effects of glyphosate-based herbicide on pintado da Amazonia: Hematology, histological aspects, metabolic parameters and genotoxic potential.	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2017), Vol. 56, pp. 241-248	The effects of high doses of Glyphosate based herbicide to aquatic species was assessed. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1316	Toxicology and metabolism	de Oliveira A. F. B. et al.	2019	Investigation of pesticide exposure by genotoxicological, biochemical, genetic polymorphic and in silico analysis	Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety (2019), 179, 135-142	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it is not specific to glyphosate. Focuses on mixtures of pesticides. It is not possible to establish a causal relationship between the biological endpoints assessed and exposure to glyphosate.
1317	Toxicology and metabolism	de Oliveira Joaquim A. et al.	2014	Effects of exposure to glyphosate in male and female mice behavior in pubertal period.	Brazilian Journal of Veterinary Research and Animal Science (2014), Vol. 51, No. 3, pp. 194-203	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because a formulation (Roundup Transorb) was used instead of glyphosate.

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1318	Toxicology and metabolism	de Oliveira Joaquim A. et al.	2012	Behavioral effects of acute glyphosate exposure in male and female Balb/c mice.	Brazilian Journal of Veterinary Research and Animal Science (2012), Vol. 49, No. 5, pp. 367-376	Formulation tested in vivo was Roundup Transorb, 648 g/L of isopropylamine salt, 480 g/L a.e., Brazil. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1319	Toxicology and metabolism	de Ribeiro Sena T. R. et al.	2019	[High frequency hearing among rural workers exposed to pesticides] Audicao em altas frequencias em trabalhadore0s rurais expostos a agrotoxicos	Ciencia & saude coletiva (2019), Vol. 24, No. 10, pp. 3923-3932	No glyphosate specific data, confounded due to multiple pesticide uses therefore cannot be used in the renewal.
1320	Toxicology and metabolism	de Souza J. S. et al.	2019	Maternal glyphosate-based herbicide exposure alters antioxidant-related genes in the brain and serum metabolites of male rat offspring.	Neurotoxicology (2019), Vol. 74, pp. 121-131	Formulated product tested was Glyphosate Roundup Transorb; Monsanto of Brazil Ltda, São Paulo, Brazil. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1321	Toxicology and metabolism	de Souza J. S. et al.	2017	Perinatal exposure to glyphosate-based herbicide alters the thyrotrophic axis and causes thyroid hormone homeostasis imbalance in male rats.	Toxicology (2017), Vol. 377, pp. 25-37	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because a glyphosate formulation (Roundup Transorb) was used instead of glyphosate.
1322	Toxicology and metabolism	Defarge N. et al.	2018	Toxicity of formulants and heavy metals in glyphosate-based herbicides and other pesticides.	Toxicology reports (2018), Vol. 5, pp. 156-163	This paper is deemed not relevant as a non-representative formulation was tested as opposed to glyphosate.
1323	Toxicology and metabolism	Deshmukh U. S. et al.	2013	Effect of acute exposure of glyphosate herbicide, on wistar rats with reference to haematology and biochemical analysis	Bioscan (2013), Vol. 8, No. 2, pp. 381-383	Formulation tested in vivo at excessively high dose of 4000 mg/kg/day for 7 days and is therefore not applicable to the EU renewal.
1324	Toxicology and metabolism	Dhananjayan V. et al.	2019	Assessment of genotoxicity and cholinesterase activity among women workers occupationally exposed to pesticides in tea garden	Mutation Research, Genetic Toxicology and Environmental Mutagenesis (2019), Vol. 841, pp. 1-7	General pesticide exposure evaluation, not glyphosate specific therefore not applicable to the EU renewal.
1325	Toxicology and metabolism	Dhanarajam Y. et al.	2013	Haemato-biochemical studies on glyphosate induced toxicity in rats.	Journal of Interacademicia (2013), Vol. 17, No. 3, pp. 512-517	Formulation tested in vivo, via oral gavage at high doses of 400 and 800 mg/kg/day for 28 days (Roundup, 41% isopropylamine salt). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1326	Toxicology and metabolism	Diaz-Criollo S. et al.	2019	Chronic pesticide mixture exposure including paraquat and respiratory outcomes among Colombian farmers.	Industrial health (2019), Vol. 58, No. 1, pp. 15-21	Mixtures paper, focused on paraquat mixtures therefore not relevant to the EU renewal.
1327	Toxicology and metabolism	Schrenk D.	2018	What is the meaning of 'A compound is carcinogenic'?.	Toxicology reports (2018), Vol. 5, pp. 504-511	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate as it concerns the classification of carcinogens in general and not glyphosate in particular.
1328	Toxicology and metabolism	Diken M. E. et al.	2017	In vitro effects of some pesticides on glutathione-s transferase activity.	Fresenius Environmental Bulletin (2017), Vol. 26, No. 12A, pp. 8023-8029	Formulations tested at excessively high in vitro doses in the mM range and is therefore not applicable to the EU renewal.
1329	Toxicology and metabolism	Dimpfel W. et al.	2018	Effect of Zembrin® and four of its alkaloid constituents on electric excitability of the rat hippocampus.	Journal of Ethnopharmacology (2018), Vol. 223, pp. 135-141	AMPA described in the paper is not aminomethylphosphonic acid, rather α-amino-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-isoxazole-propionic acid, therefore not relevant to the renewal.

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1330	Toxicology and metabolism	Djaldetti R. et al.	2019	The role of exposure to pesticides in the etiology of Parkinson's disease: a 18F-DOPA positron emission tomography study.	Journal of Neural Transmission (2019), Vol. 126, No. 2, pp. 159-166	A general pesticides paper which does not present any new glyphosate specific data. Therefore not relevant to the renewal.
1331	Toxicology and metabolism	dos Santos K. C. et al.	2014	Genotoxic and biochemical effects of atrazine and Roundup(®), alone and in combination, on the Asian clam Corbicula fluminea.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2014), Vol. 100, pp. 7-14	A glyphosate based herbicide was tested on an aquatic invertebrate. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1332	Toxicology and metabolism	Douwes J. et al.	2018	Carcinogenicity of glyphosate: why is New Zealand's EPA lost in the weeds?.	The New Zealand medical journal (2018), Vol. 131, No. 1472, pp. 82-89	Opinion article with no new data relevant to the renewal of glyphosate.
1333	Toxicology and metabolism	Dumukhalska Y. B. et al.	2018	Protective effect of the cisteile-histidile-tyrosile-histidile- isoleucine against heavy metal and glyfosate induced on content of lipid peroxidation products and reactive oxygen species in different age rats	Medichna ta Klinichna Khimiya (2018), No. 2, pp. 77-83	Administered a glyphosate based herbicide to rats for 30 days at 25% of acute oral LD50, this is not a representative way of exposure.
1334	Toxicology and metabolism	Eapen A. et al.	2018	Science, safety, and sanity: hot topics in food toxicology.	Journal of Food Protection (2018), Vol. 81, pp. 24	This paper did not mention glyphosate and is therefore not relevant.
1335	Toxicology and metabolism	Elhalwagy M. E. A. et al.	2014	Hepatoxicity induced by glyphosate-based herbicide baron in albino rats.	Journal of Animal and Veterinary Advances (2014), Vol. 13, No. 5, pp. 322-329	Formulation tested in vivo (Baron, 48% glyphosate, Egypt). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1336	Toxicology and metabolism	Elie-Caille C. et al.	2010	Morphological damages of a glyphosate-treated human keratinocyte cell line revealed by a micro- to nanoscale microscopic investigation.	Cell biology and toxicology (2010), Vol. 26, No. 4, pp. 331-9	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate as the test concentrations used were in the range of 10-70 mM (all >> 1mM) and therefore considered physiologically irrelevant.
1337	Toxicology and metabolism	Emmanuel A. G. et al.	2015	Protective potential of betulinic acid against glyphosate-induced toxicity in testis and epididymis of male wistar rats	International Journal of Current Research (2015), Vol. 7, No. 6, pp. 16650-16660	Formulation tested in vivo (decribed as "commercial glyphosate"). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1338	Toxicology and metabolism	Erhunmwunse N. O. et al.	2014	Histopathological changes in the brain tissue of Africa catfish exposure to glyphosate herbicide.	Journal of Applied Sciences and Environmental Management (2014), Vol. 18, No. 2, pp. 275-280	Formulation tested (commercial formulation of glyphosate (360 g/l-41 w.wt IPA). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1339	Toxicology and metabolism	Fagan J. et al.	2015	The Seralini affair: degeneration of Science to Re-Science?	Environmental Sciences Europe (2015), Vol. 27, No. 19	Commentary from the Seralini paper retraction therefore not relevant to the renewal.
1340	Toxicology and metabolism	Faria M. A.	2015	Glyphosate, neurological diseases - and the scientific method	Surgical neurology international (2015), Vol. 6, pp. 132	A letter providing comments on Samsel and Seneff (ref 2324). Therefore not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate.
1341	Toxicology and metabolism	Feng P. et al.	2019	A review on gut remediation of selected environmental contaminants: Possible roles of probiotics and gut microbiota.	Nutrients (2019), Vol. 11, No. 1, pp. 22	A literature review on pollutants, probiotics and gut microbes therefore not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate.
1342	Toxicology and metabolism	Flandroy L. et al.	2018	The impact of human activities and lifestyles on the interlinked microbiota and health of humans and of ecosystems.	Science of the Total Environment (2018), Vol. 627, pp. 1018-1038	General discussion of microbiota and proposal for research prioritization therefore not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate.

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1343	Toxicology and metabolism	Fluegge K. et al.	2017	Exploring the potential confounder of nitrogen fertilizers in the relationship between pesticide exposures and risk of leukemia: a Poisson regression with two-way fixed-effects analysis	Chinese Journal of Cancer (2017), Vol. 36, No. 1, pp. 58	Letter to editor, focuses on nitrogen fertilizers and is therefore not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate.
1344	Toxicology and metabolism	Fluegge K. et al.	2017	Exposure to ambient PM10 and nitrogen dioxide and ADHD risk: A reply to Min & Min (2017).	Environment International (2017), Vol. 103, pp. 109-110	No new data, therefore not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate.
1345	Toxicology and metabolism	Fluegge K. R. et al.	2015	Glyphosate Use Predicts ADHD Hospital Discharges in the Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project Net (HCUPnet): A Two-Way Fixed-Effects Analysis.	PloS one (2015), Vol. 10, No. 8, pp. e0133525	Retracted publication, therefore not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate.
1346	Toxicology and metabolism	Ford B. et al.	2017	Mapping Proteome-wide Targets of Glyphosate in Mice.	Cell chemical biology (2017), Vol. 24, No. 2, pp. 133-140	This publication is considered not relevant because intraperitoneal injection was used which is an inappropriate route of administration for the occupational and food risk assessment of glyphosate.
1347	Toxicology and metabolism	Freddo N. et al.	2019	Isoflavone quantitation in soymilk: Genistein content and its biological effect.	CyTA-Journal of Food (2019), Vol. 17, No. 1, pp. 20-24	It mainly concerns the development of a bioanalytical method for the analysis of genistein and glyphosate in soya milk. The biological end-point selected (anxiety) and the test system used (elevated plus maze test) are not acceptable for regulatory use.
1348	Toxicology and metabolism	Frescura V. D. et al.	2013	Post-treatment with plant extracts used in Brazilian folk medicine caused a partial reversal of the antiproliferative effect of glyphosate in the Allium cepa test	Biocell (2013), Vol. 37, No. 2, pp. 23-8	Glyphosate used as an un-validated positive control in assay and is therefore not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate.
1349	Toxicology and metabolism	Fu H. et al.	2019	Toxicity of glyphosate in feed for weanling piglets and the mechanism of glyphosate detoxification by the liver nuclear receptor CAR/PXR pathway.	Journal of hazardous materials (2019), Vol. 387, pp. 121707	Glyphosate based herbicide dosed to weanling piglets. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1350	Toxicology and metabolism	Fuso A. et al.	2019	CpG and non-CpG methylation in the diet-epigenetics-neurodegeneration connection.	Current Nutrition Reports (2019), Vol. 8, No. 2, pp. 74-82	A review paper that mentions glyphosate once without any data. Therefore is not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate.
1351	Toxicology and metabolism	Gallegos C. E. et al.	2016	Exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide during pregnancy and lactation induces neurobehavioral alterations in rat offspring.	Neurotoxicology (2016), Vol. 53, pp. 20-28	Formulation tested in vivo via drinking water (Glifloglex, 48% glyphosate, Gleba S.R.L., Argentina). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1352	Toxicology and metabolism	Gallegos C. E. et al.	2018	Perinatal Glyphosate-Based Herbicide Exposure in Rats Alters Brain Antioxidant Status, Glutamate and Acetylcholine Metabolism and Affects Recognition Memory.	Neurotoxicity research (2018), Vol. 34, No. 3, pp. 363-374	Formulation tested (in Argentina, Glifloglex® from Gleba S.R.L., 48 g isopropylamine salt per 100 cm3; 35.6% w/v a.e.). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.

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1353	Toxicology and metabolism	Gasnier C. et al.	2011	Defined plant extracts can protect human cells against combined xenobiotic effects.	Journal of occupational medicine and toxicology (2011), Vol. 6, No. 1, pp. 3	Protective mechanism of plant extracts upon various chemical exposure (RoundUp residues, Bisphenol A, Atrazine). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1354	Toxicology and metabolism	Gasnier C. et al.	2010	Dig1 protects against cell death provoked by glyphosate-based herbicides in human liver cell lines	Journal of Occupational Medicine and Toxicology (2010), Vol. 5, pp. 29-29	Protective mechanism of plant extracts upon various chemical exposure (RoundUp residues, Bisphenol A, Atrazine). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1355	Toxicology and metabolism	Gencer N. et al.	2011	In vitro effects of some pesticides on PON1Q192 and PON1R192 isoenzymes from human serum.	Fresenius Environmental Bulletin (2011), Vol. 20, No. 3, pp. 590-596	Test material identity is entirely missing and the claim presented is dubious: "The pesticides were of commercial origin, and at the highest available purity level (99%)." Therefore it is not relevant to the renewal of glyphosate.
1356	Toxicology and metabolism	Gentile N. et al.	2012	Micronucleus assay as a biomarker of genotoxicity in the occupational exposure to agrochemicals in rural workers	Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology (2012), Vol. 88, No. 6, pp. 816-822	This paper does not contain glyphosate specific data and is therefore not relevant to the renewal of glpyohsate.
1357	Toxicology and metabolism	George J. et al.	2010	Studies on glyphosate-induced carcinogenicity in mouse skin: a proteomic approach.	Journal of proteomics (2010), Vol. 73, No. 5, pp. 951-64	The test material was a glyphosate-based formulation and not the reference formulation MON 52276. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1358	Toxicology and metabolism	George J. et al.	2013	Emptying of Intracellular Calcium Pool and Oxidative Stress Imbalance Are Associated with the Glyphosate-Induced Proliferation in Human Skin Keratinocytes HaCaT Cells.	ISRN dermatology (2013), Vol. 2013, pp. 825180	Formulation tested in vivo via dermal application (Roundup Original, 41% isopropylamine salt, 36% a.e.). Relevance of proteomic measurements not validated and as this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1359	Toxicology and metabolism	Gomez A. L. et al.	2019	Male mammary gland development and methylation status of estrogen receptor alpha in Wistar rats are modified by the developmental exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide.	Molecular and cellular endocrinology (2019), Vol. 481, pp. 14-25	Formulation tested (Magnum Super II, Grupo Agros SA; 66.2% K salt, 54% a.e.). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1360	Toxicology and metabolism	Gomez-Arroyo S. et al.	2013	Assessing the genotoxic risk for Mexican children who are in residential proximity to agricultural areas with intense aerial pesticide applications	Revista Internacional de Contaminacion Ambiental (2013), Vol. 29, No. 3, pp. 217-225	This study does not present any glyphosate specific information and is therefore not relevant to the renewal.
1361	Toxicology and metabolism	Goussard P. et al.	2019	Corrosive injury of the trachea in children.	Clinical Case Reports (2019), Vol. 7, No. 10, pp. 1999-2003	One of the cases cited in the article swallowed an unknown amount of glyphosate formulation. No other mention of glyphosate. Focus of article on corrosion of trachea, not glyphosate and is therefore not relevant to the renewal
1362	Toxicology and metabolism	Gress S. et al.	2016	Dig1 protects against locomotor and biochemical dysfunctions provoked by Roundup.	BMC complementary and alternative medicine (2016), Vol. 16, pp. 234	Glyphosate based herbicide administered to rats in drinking water. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.

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1363	Toxicology and metabolism	Gress S. et al.	2015	Cardiotoxic Electrophysiological Effects of the Herbicide Roundup(®) in Rat and Rabbit Ventricular Myocardium In Vitro.	Cardiovascular toxicology (2015), Vol. 15, No. 4, pp. 324-35	Roundup Ultra formulation tested in vitro. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1364	Toxicology and metabolism	Guerrero Schimpf M. et al.	2018	Glyphosate-based herbicide enhances the uterine sensitivity to estradiol in rats.	The Journal of endocrinology (2018), Vol. 239, No. 2, pp 197-213	Non representative formulation tested instead of glyphosate. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1365	Toxicology and metabolism	Guerrero Schimpf M. et al.	2017	Neonatal exposure to a glyphosate based herbicide alters the development of the rat uterus.	Toxicology (2017), Vol. 376, pp. 2-14	Formulation tested in vivo via subcutaneous injection (Roundup FULL II, 66.2% potassium salt). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1366	Toxicology and metabolism	Guha N. et al.	2013	Characterization of residential pesticide use and chemical formulations through self-report and household inventory: The northern California childhood leukemia study.	Environmental Health Perspectives (2013), Vol. 121, No. 2, pp. 276-282	No data relevant to glyphosate human health effects and exposure to glyphosate therefore not relevant to the risk assessments.
1367	Toxicology and metabolism	Guilherme S. et al.	2012	DNA damage in fish (Anguilla anguilla) exposed to a glyphosate-based herbicide -- elucidation of organ-specificity and the role of oxidative stress.	Mutation research (2012), Vol. 743, No. 1-2, pp. 1-9	Glyphosate based herbicide tested in eels, surfactants present in the formulation are known to damage gills. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1368	Toxicology and metabolism	Guilherme S. et al.	2014	Are DNA-damaging effects induced by herbicide formulations (Roundup® and Garlon®) in fish transient and reversible upon cessation of exposure?.	Aquatic toxicology (2014), Vol. 155, pp. 213-21	Glyphosate based herbicide tested in aquatic species. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1369	Toxicology and metabolism	Gunatilake S. et al.	2019	Glyphosate's Synergistic Toxicity in Combination with Other Factors as a Cause of Chronic Kidney Disease of Unknown Origin.	International journal of environmental research and public health (2019), Vol. 16, No. 15	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it does not present concrete epidemiological data on a possible association between chronic kidney disease and a synergistic effect of glyphosate with other environmental factors such as heavy metals.
1370	Toxicology and metabolism	Guyton K. Z. et al.	2015	Carcinogenicity of tetrachlorvinphos, parathion, malathion, diazinon, and glyphosate	Lancet Oncology (2015), Vol. 16, no. 5, pp. 490-491	This review is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it does not contain a detailed report and discussion of experimental results. It only concerns a brief summary of the IARC evaluation of glyphosate which is not corroborated by regulatory agencies.
1371	Toxicology and metabolism	Halwachs S. et al.	2016	Assessment of ABCG2-mediated transport of pesticides across the rabbit placenta barrier using a novel MDCKII in vitro model.	Toxicology and applied pharmacology (2016), Vol. 305, pp. 66-74	No adverse effects, and therefore there is no relevance to the human health risk assessment.
1372	Toxicology and metabolism	Hamdaoui L. et al.	2016	Nephrotoxicity of Kalach 360 SL: biochemical and histopathological findings.	Toxicology mechanisms and methods (2016), Vol. 26, No. 9, pp. 685-691	Formulation tested (Kalach 360 SL) in vivo. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1373	Toxicology and metabolism	Hamdaoui L. et al.	2019	Sub-chronic exposure to Kalach 360 SL-induced damage in rats' liver and hematological system.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2019), Vol. 26, No. 36, pp. 36634-36646	Glyphosate based herbicide dosed to rats. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.

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1374	Toxicology and metabolism	Hamdaoui L. et al.	2018	Subchronic exposure to kalach 360 SL-induced endocrine disruption and ovary damage in female rats.	Archives of physiology and biochemistry (2018), Vol. 124, No. 1, pp. 27-34	Formulation tested (KL, Arysta Life Science, Fouchana Tunisia; isopropylamine salt 41.5%; surfactant, 15.5%). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1375	Toxicology and metabolism	Han J. et al.	2016	Determination of glyphosate and its metabolite in emergency room in Korea.	Forensic science international (2016), Vol. 265, pp. 41-6	Analytical method development in human blood therefore not relevant to the glyphosate risk assessment.
1376	Toxicology and metabolism	Hao Y. et al.	2019	Roundup confers cytotoxicity through DNA damage and Mitochondria-Associated apoptosis induction	Environmental Pollution (2019), Vol. 252, No. Part_A, pp. 917-923	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because a glyphosate formulation was tested in vitro instead of glyphosate.
1377	Toxicology and metabolism	Hao Y. et al.	2019	Evaluation of the cytotoxic effects of glyphosate herbicides in human liver, lung, and nerve	Journal of Environmental Science and Health, Part B Pesticides, Food Contaminants, and Agricultural Wastes (2019), Vol. 54, No. 9, pp. 737-744	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because glyphosate concentrations were tested in vitro that are physiologically not feasible in in vivo experimental models (> 1 mM).
1378	Toxicology and metabolism	Haskovic E. et al.	2016	Effects of Glyphosate on Enzyme Activity and Serum Glucose in Rats Rattus norvegicus	Acta veterinaria (2016), Vol. 66, No. 2, pp. 214-221	Only liver enzymes measured after 15 days dermal application of formulated product (Total 480 SL, Croatia), which is not a representative formulation fo the renewal.
1379	Toxicology and metabolism	Hendges C. et al.	2019	Human intoxication by agrochemicals in the region of South Brazil between 1999 and 2014.	Journal of Environmental Science and Health Part B Pesticides Food Contaminants and Agricultural Wastes (2019), Vol. 54, No. 4, pp. 219-225	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it does not address specifically glyphosate exposure but pesticide poisoning in general.
1380	Toxicology and metabolism	Heritier L. et al.	2017	Oxidative stress induced by glyphosate-based herbicide on freshwater turtles.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2017), Vol. 36, No. 12, pp. 3343-3350	Glyphosate based herbicide tested on turtles. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1381	Toxicology and metabolism	Hernandez-Plata I. et al.	2015	The herbicide glyphosate causes behavioral changes and alterations in dopaminergic markers in male Sprague-Dawley rat.	Neurotoxicology (2015), Vol. 46, pp. 79-91	This publication is considered not relevant because of the use of intraperitoneal injection which is an inappropriate route of exposure for the occupational and food risk assessment of glyphosate.
1382	Toxicology and metabolism	Herrera-Valdes R. et al.	2019	Epidemic of chronic kidney disease of nontraditional etiology in El Salvador: Integrated health sector action and south-south cooperation.	MEDICC Review (2019), Vol. 21, No. 3, pp. 46-52	No data specific to glyphosate. Evaluated handling of agrochemicals as a risk factor, rather than individual pesticides.
1383	Toxicology and metabolism	Heu C. et al.	2012	Glyphosate-induced stiffening of HaCaT keratinocytes, a Peak Force Tapping study on living cells.	Journal of structural biology (2012), Vol. 178, No. 1, pp. 1-7	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because glyphosate concentrations have been used in vitro that cannot be attained in in vivo experimental models (> 1 mM).
1384	Toxicology and metabolism	Heu C. et al.	2012	A step further toward glyphosate-induced epidermal cell death: involvement of mitochondrial and oxidative mechanisms.	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2012), Vol. 34, No. 2, pp. 144-153	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because the cytotoxicity of glyphosate to epidermal cells was tested in the mM range whereas contact of epidermal cells to glyphosate formulations is always combined with surfactants which produce cytotoxicity in the sub-mM range.
1385	Toxicology and metabolism	Hofmann J. N. et al.	2015	The Biomarkers of Exposure and Effect in Agriculture (BEEA) Study: Rationale, Design, Methods, and Participant Characteristics	Journal of toxicology and environmental health. Part A (2015), Vol. 78, No. 21-22, pp. 1338-47	No endpoints for glyphosate, only relative use rates therefore cannot be used in the risk assessments.

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1386	Toxicology and metabolism	Hong S. et al.	2012	Cellular Toxicity of Surfactants Used as Herbicide Additives	JOURNAL OF KOREAN MEDICAL SCIENCE (2012), Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 3-9	This study does not present any glyphosate specific information and cannot therefore be used in risk assessments.
1387	Toxicology and metabolism	Hong Y. et al.	2017	Effects of glyphosate on immune responses and haemocyte DNA damage of Chinese mitten crab, Eriocheir sinensis.	Fish & shellfish immunology (2017), Vol. 71, pp. 19-27	This paper discusses the effects of high doses of a glyphosate based herbicideto crabs. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1388	Toxicology and metabolism	Hsu C. et al.	2013	Can mortality from agricultural pesticide poisoning be predicted in the emergency department? Findings from a hospital-based study in eastern Taiwan	Tzu Chi Medical Journal (2013), Vol. 25, no. 1, pp. 32-38	This paper provides a retrospective analysis of poisoning incidents in Taiwan and is therefore not relevant to the renewal of glyphosate.
1389	Toxicology and metabolism	Hulin M. et al.	2014	Assessment of infant exposure to food chemicals: the French Total Diet Study design	Food Additives & Contaminants, Part A: Chemistry, Analysis, Control, Exposure & Risk Assessment (2014), Vol. 31, No. 7, pp. 1226-1239	This paper describes the assessment process of infant exposure to food chemicals. No glyphosate data was presented in the report, and is therefore not relevant to the renewal process.
1390	Toxicology and metabolism	Hussain R. et al.	2019	Exposure to Sub-Acute Concentrations of Glyphosate Induce Clinico-Hematological, Serum Biochemical and Genotoxic Damage in Adult Cockerels	PAKISTAN VETERINARY JOURNAL (2019), Vol. 39, No. 2, pp. 181-186	The glyphosate based herbicide used in the paper is not an EU representative formulation and is therefore not relevant to the renewal. Furthermore, the product was administered via gavage to avian species.
1391	Toxicology and metabolism	Hutter H. et al.	2018	Cytotoxic and Genotoxic Effects of Pesticide Exposure in Male Coffee Farmworkers of the Jarabacoa Region, Dominican Republic	INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH AND PUBLIC HEALTH (2018), Vol. 15, No. 8	This study did not include any analyses specific for glyphosate, so it is not relevant.
1392	Toxicology and metabolism	IARC	2017	Some organophosphate insecticides and herbicides.	IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans (2017), Vol. 112, VII + pp. 452	This paper provides a secondary source of infomation and is therefore not relevant.
1393	Toxicology and metabolism	Ibrahim A. M. et al.	2019	Toxicological impact of butralin, glyphosate-isopropylammonium and pendimethalin herbicides on physiological parameters of Biomphalaria alexandrina snails	Molluscan research (2019), Vol. 39, No. 3, pp. 224-233	This paper describes an ecotoxicology study of snails exposed to a glyphosate based herbicide. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1394	Toxicology and metabolism	Ikpeme E. V. et al.	2012	Efficacy of ascorbic acid in reducing glyphosate-induced toxicity in rats.	British Biotechnology Journal (2012), Vol. 2, No. 3, pp. 157-168	The formulation tested in vivo is not described. It is not sure what was tested and therefore the effect cannot be attributed to glyphosate.
1395	Toxicology and metabolism	Ilyushina N. A. et al.	2019	Applicability of the Ames test and micronucleus test in vivo for the evaluation of the equivalence of pesticide technical grade active ingredients compared to original active substances	Gigiena i Sanitariya (2019), No. 2, pp. 219-224	Technical grade glyphosate was used as positive control in an assay within this paper. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1396	Toxicology and metabolism	Ingaramo P. I. et al.	2019	Acute uterine effects and long-term reproductive alterations in postnatally exposed female rats to a mixture of commercial formulations of endosulfan and glyphosate.	Food and chemical toxicology (2019), Vol. 134, pp. 110832	A glyphosate based herbicide was dosed to rats in this report. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1397	Toxicology and metabolism	Ingaramo P. I. et al.	2017	Neonatal exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide alters uterine decidualization in rats.	Reproductive toxicology (2017), Vol. 73, pp. 87-95	Formulation tested in vivo via sub-cutaneous injection (undisclosed brand, 66.2% potassium salt; 54% glyphosate acid). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1398	Toxicology and metabolism	Ingaramo P. I. et al.	2016	Effects of neonatal exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide on female rat reproduction.	Reproduction (2016), Vol. 152, No. 5, pp. 403-15	A glyphosate based herbicide formulation was tested in vivo (66.2%, potassium salt). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1399	Toxicology and metabolism	Intranuovo G. et al.	2018	Assessment of DNA damages in lymphocytes of agricultural workers exposed to pesticides by comet assay in a cross-sectional study	Biomarkers (2018), Vol. 23, No. 5, pp. 462-473	General pesticide exposure evaluation, not glyphosate specific. Therefore this article is not relevant to the glyphosate renewal process.
1400	Toxicology and metabolism	Iummato M. M. et al.	2017	Effect of glyphosate acid on biochemical markers of periphyton exposed in outdoor mesocosms in the presence and absence of the mussel Limnoperna fortunei.	Environmental toxicology and chemistry (2017), Vol. 36, No. 7, pp. 1775-1784	The end-points described in this study are not relevant to human health risk assessments in the renewal.
1401	Toxicology and metabolism	Jayasumana C.	2019	Chronic Interstitial Nephritis in Agricultural Communities (CINAC) in Sri Lanka	SEMINARS IN NEPHROLOGY (2019), Vol. 39, No. 3, pp. 278-283	There is no evaluation of glyphosate exposure with any disease outcome presented in this paper. Therefore it is not relevant to the renewal.
1402	Toxicology and metabolism	Jayasumana C. et al.	2015	Drinking well water and occupational exposure to Herbicides is associated with chronic kidney disease, in Padavi-Sripura, Sri Lanka.	Environmental health (2015), Vol. 14, pp. 6	This study was performed in Sri Lanka and is therefore not relevant to the EU.
1403	Toxicology and metabolism	Jayasumana C. et al.	2015	Phosphate fertilizer is a main source of arsenic in areas affected with chronic kidney disease of unknown etiology in Sri Lanka.	SpringerPlus (2015), Vol. 4, pp. 90	No data on glyphosate is presented, and is therefore not relevant to the renewal dossier.
1404	Toxicology and metabolism	Ji H. et al.	2018	Differential microRNA expression in the prefrontal cortex of mouse offspring induced by glyphosate exposure during pregnancy and lactation.	Experimental and therapeutic medicine (2018), Vol. 15, No. 3, pp. 2457-2467	In this paper a glyphosate based formulation was tested, (purchased in China) and containing 48% IPA salt, and 35.6% a.e. Furthermore a glyphosate-based formulation (marketed in China) was used instead of glyphosate in an in vivo assay in mice with the end-points measured not suitable for risk assessment (differential microRNA expression in the prefrontal cortex).
1405	Toxicology and metabolism	Jiang X. et al.	2018	A commercial Roundup formulation induced male germ cell apoptosis by promoting the expression of XAF1 in adult mice	Toxicology Letters (2018), Vol. 296, pp. 163-172	In this study, a Roundup formulation was administered via gavage to adult male mice. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1406	Toxicology and metabolism	Kamata R. et al.	2018	Agonistic effects of diverse xenobiotics on the constitutive androstane receptor as detected in a recombinant yeast-cell assay	Toxicology In Vitro (2018), Vol. 46, pp. 335-349	This paper presents yeast cell assay validation. Glyphosate was not active in the test system and therefore this is not relevant for the renewal.
1407	Toxicology and metabolism	Kamel F. et al.	2012	Pesticide exposure and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	NeuroToxicology (2012), Vol. 33, No. 3, pp. 457-462	This study does not present correlations of glyphosate use and effect and is not relevant to the renewal.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1408	Toxicology and metabolism	Karthikraj R. et al.	2019	Widespread occurrence of glyphosate in urine from pet dogs and cats in New York State, USA.	The Science of the total environment (2019), Vol. 659, pp. 790-795	These data do not meet any data requirement under Regulation (EC) 1107/2009 and do not fit within any standard risk assessment under that regulation. The results indicate that exposure to glyphosate may be common in this limited population of companion animals, but at levels which do not raise toxicological concern.
1409	Toxicology and metabolism	Kawada T.	2018	Glyphosate toxicity and carcinogenicity.	EXCLI journal (2018), Vol. 17, pp. 800-801	Letter to editor citing other publications in this review, with no data discussed. Therefore not relevant to the renewal.
1410	Toxicology and metabolism	Khayat C. B. et al.	2013	Assessment of DNA damage in Brazilian workers occupationally exposed to pesticides: a study from Central Brazil.	Environmental Science and Pollution Research International (2013), Vol. 20, No. 10, pp. 7334-7340	No specific analyses was performed for glyphosate in this paper. Furthermore, uncertain sampling from an undefined population and adequate statistical analysis was carried out. No description of a case control study was provided, and the analysis did not evaluate a causal parameter for case control studies (e.g., an odds ratio) or address potential biases in the analysis. Therefore this study is not relevant to the renewal.
1411	Toxicology and metabolism	Kim S. et al.	2019	Pesticides as a risk factor for metabolic syndrome: Population-based longitudinal study in Korea	Molecular & Cellular Toxicology (2019), Vol. 15, No. 4, pp. 431-441	Epidemiology study on pesticide use in general. No information on specific pesticides used in the study was collected and is therefore not applicable to the renewal of glyphosate.
1412	Toxicology and metabolism	Kongtip P. et al.	2018	A cross-sectional investigation of cardiovascular and metabolic biomarkers among conventional and organic farmers in Thailand	International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health (2018), Vol. 15, No. 11, pp. 2590	This paper presents an evalution of the effects of pesticide use in general on metabolic biomarkers. The results are not correlated to glyphosate use and cannot be used in glyphosate risk assessments.
1413	Toxicology and metabolism	Koutros S. et al.	2013	Genetic susceptibility loci, pesticide exposure and prostate cancer risk	PLoS One (2013), Vol. 8, No. 4, pp. e58195	This paper does not mention glyphosate and is not relevant.
1414	Toxicology and metabolism	Kubsad D. et al.	2019	Assessment of Glyphosate Induced Epigenetic Transgenerational Inheritance of Pathologies and Sperm Epimutations: Generational Toxicology	Scientific Reports (2019), Vol. 9, No. 1, pp. 1-17	This publication is considered not relevant because the intraperitoneal route of administration is not appropriate for the risk assessment of glyphosate.
1415	Toxicology and metabolism	Kumar V. et al.	2018	Interactions of Acephate, Glyphosate, Monocrotophos and Phorate with Bovine Serum Albumin.	Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (2018), Vol. 80, No. 6, pp. 1151-1154	Study of binding to bovine serum albumin by several pesticides. No significant effect of glyphosate in this test system and is therefore not relevant for the risk assessment.
1416	Toxicology and metabolism	Kurenbach B. et al.	2017	Herbicide ingredients change Salmonella enterica sv. Typhimurium and Escherichia coli antibiotic responses.	Microbiology (2017), Vol. 163, pp. 1791-1801	This study describes the addition of high doses of herbicide ingredients to an in vitro system. The reason for the exclusion of in vitro testing of formulations to assess health effects as a result of systemic exposure is the presence of surfactants which produce cell toxicity based on the destabilization of the cell membrane and the mitochondrial membrane thus masking the specific toxicity of glyphosate.
1417	Toxicology and metabolism	Kwiatkowska M. et al.	2014	The effect of metabolites and impurities of glyphosate on human erythrocytes (in vitro).	Pesticide biochemistry and physiology (2014), Vol. 109, pp. 34-43	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because the in vitro concentrations used are in the mM range and the impurities were tested at the same concentrations as glyphosate which will never occur in practice.
1418	Toxicology and metabolism	Kwiatkowska M. et al.	2016	The Impact of Glyphosate, Its Metabolites and Impurities on	PloS one (2016), Vol. 11, No. 6, pp. e0156946	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because the in vitro concentrations

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
				Viability, ATP Level and Morphological changes in Human Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells.		used are in the mM range and the impurities were tested at the same concentrations as glyphosate which will never occur in practice.
1419	Toxicology and metabolism	Lajmanovich R. C. et al.	2015	Harmful Effects of the Dermal Intake of Commercial Formulations Containing Chlorpyrifos, 2,4-D, and Glyphosate on the Common Toad Rhinella arenarum (Anura: Bufonidae).	Water Air and Soil Pollution (2015), Vol. 226, No. 12, pp. Article No.: 427	This study describes toad dermal exposure to a glyphosate based herbicide. Dermal uptake via moist toad skin was assessed and the end-points identified are not relevant to the human health risk assessment of glyphosate.
1420	Toxicology and metabolism	Landrigan P. J.	2018	Pesticides and Human Reproduction.	JAMA Internal Medicine (2018), Vol. 178, No. 1, pp. 26-27	No data provided in this paper as it is a commentary article. Cannot be used in a glyphosate risk assessment.
1421	Toxicology and metabolism	Larsen K. E. et al.	2016	The herbicide glyphosate is a weak inhibitor of acetylcholinesterase in rats.	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2016), Vol. 45, pp. 41-4	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because the concentrations used for in vitro testing were all in the mM range and not representative of in use conditions.
1422	Toxicology and metabolism	Larsson M. O. et al.	2018	Corrigendum to "Refined assessment and perspectives on the cumulative risk resulting from the dietary exposure to pesticide residues in the Danish population"[Food and Chemical Toxicology 111 (2018) 207-267] [Erratum to document cited in CA169:146371]	Food and Chemical Toxicology (2018), Vol. 113, pp. 345-346	Corrigendum to paper correcting calculations not pertaining to glyphosate. Therefore not relevant.
1423	Toxicology and metabolism	Lee H. M. et al.	2012	A case of activated charcoal aspiration treated by early and repeated bronchoalveolar lavage.	Tuberculosis and Respiratory Diseases (2012), Vol. 72, No. 2, pp. 177-181	Effects attributed to activated charcoal aspiration, not glyphosate. Therefore the paper is not relevant to the renewal.
1424	Toxicology and metabolism	Lee J-W. et al.	2015	Common Pesticides Used in Suicide Attempts Following the 2012 Paraquat Ban in Korea.	Journal of Korean medical science (2015), Vol. 30, No. 10, pp. 1517-21	Reports numbers of suicide attempts in South Korea, common pesticide use, not specifically referring to glyphosate.
1425	Toxicology and metabolism	Lermen J. et al.	2018	Pesticide exposure and health conditions among orange growers in Southern Brazil	Journal of Environmental Science and Health, Part B: Pesticides, Food Contaminants, and Agricultural Wastes (2018), Vol. 53, No. 4, pp. 215-221	This publication is not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because the biological monitoring data were only used to address pesticide exposure in general and not glyphosate in particular.
1426	Toxicology and metabolism	Leveroni F. A. et al.	2017	Genotoxic response of blood, gill and liver cells of Piaractus mesopotamicus after an acute exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide	Caryologia (2017), Vol. 70, No. 1, pp. 21-28	Formulation tested in aquatic species (Roundup Full II; 66.2% glyphosate potassium salt; CAS no. 70901-12-1). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1427	Toxicology and metabolism	Lewis M. M. et al.	2017	Lateralized basal ganglia vulnerability to pesticide exposure in asymptomatic agricultural workers	Toxicological Sciences (2017), Vol. 159, No. 1, pp. 170-178	The results presented are not correlated with exposure to glyphosate. Therefore this article is not relevant to the renewal of glyphosate.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1428	Toxicology and metabolism	Leyva-Soto L. A. et al.	2018	GLYPHOSATE AND AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID IN POPULATION OF AGRICULTURAL FIELDS: HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT OVERVIEW.	Applied Ecology and Environmental Research (2018), Vol. 16, No. 4, pp. 5127-5140	This paper is misrepresented as an epidemiologic cohort study. It is an informal community health risk survey with uncertain exposure assessment and uncertain health outcomes. The study population is poorly characterized. Uncertain temporal relationship between purported glyphosate drinking water exposure and disease outcome. The analysis was not appropriate for a cohort (or case control) study and is not relevant for glyphosate renewal.
1429	Toxicology and metabolism	Li M-H. et al.	2016	Multi-tissue metabolic responses of goldfish (Carassius auratus) exposed to glyphosate-based herbicide.	Toxicology Research (2016), Vol. 5, No. 4, pp. 1039-1052	This paper presents results of a glyphosate based herbicide tested on goldfish. The end-points defined are not relevant to the human health risk assessment for glyphosate renewal.
1430	Toxicology and metabolism	Li Q. et al.	2013	Glyphosate and AMPA inhibit cancer cell growth through inhibiting intracellular glycine synthesis.	Drug design, development and therapy (2013), Vol. 7, pp. 635-43	This paper described the theraputic applicactions of glyphosate and AMPA at very high in vitro doses to cancer cells. This is deemed not relevant to the glyphosate renewal.
1431	Toxicology and metabolism	Li Z.	2018	The use of a disability-adjusted life-year (DALY) metric to measure human health damage resulting from pesticide maximum legal exposures.	Science of the Total Environment (2018), Vol. 639, pp. 438-456	This publication is considered not relevant because it concerns the development of a uniform metric (the disability-adjusted life-year; DALY) in risk characterisation to express the human health impact of pesticide exposure and not experimental data that can be used for the risk assessment of glyphosate.
1432	Toxicology and metabolism	Litvinko N. M. et al.	2015	The effect of N-(phosphonomethyl)-glycine on phospholytic reaction catalyzed by phospholipase A2	Vestsi Natsyyanal'nai Akademii Navuk Belarusi, Seryya Khimichnykh Navuk (2015), Vol. 3, pp. 91-100	Unrealistic in vitro concentrations of ≥ 100 mg/mL were tested in the study. Therefore not relevant to the renewal of glyphosate.
1433	Toxicology and metabolism	Loomba R. S.	2016	Prevalence of isomerism from a European registry: Live births, fetal deaths, and terminations of pregnancy.	Congenital Anomalies (2016), Vol. 56, No. 6, pp. 256-257	This paper does not mention glyphosate or AMPA and is not relevant.
1434	Toxicology and metabolism	Lopez Gonzalez E. C. et al.	2013	Induction of micronuclei in broad snouted caiman (Caiman latirostris) hatchlings exposed in vivo to Roundup® (glyphosate) concentrations used in agriculture	Pesticide biochemistry and physiology (2013), Vol. 105, No. 2, pp. 131-134	The formulation tested in reptiles (Roundup, undefined, uncharacterized) is not the representative formulation, and therefore the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1435	Toxicology and metabolism	Lorenz V. et al.	2019	Epigenetic disruption of estrogen receptor alpha is induced by a glyphosate-based herbicide in the preimplantation uterus of rats.	Molecular and cellular endocrinology (2019), Vol. 480, pp. 133-141	Formulation tested (MAGNUM SUPER II) marketed in Argentina by Grupo Agros S.R.L. and comprises 66.2% potassium salt and 54% w/v a.e. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1436	Toxicology and metabolism	Loro V. L. et al.	2015	Glyphosate-based herbicide affects biochemical parameters in Rhamdia quelen (Quoy & Gaimard, 1824 and) Leporinus obtusidens (Valenciennes, 1837).	Neotropical Ichthyology (2015), Vol. 13, No. 1, pp. 229-235	This study describes the application of high aquatic doses of glyphosate based herbicide with observed effects attributable to the surfactant present in the formulation. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1437	Toxicology and metabolism	Luaces J. P. et al.	2017	Genotoxic effects of Roundup Full II® on lymphocytes of Chaetophractus villosus (Xenarthra, Mammalia): In vitro studies.	PloS one (2017), Vol. 12, No. 8, pp. e0182911	Formulation tested in vivo (Roundup Full II, containing 66.2% glyphosate, Argentina). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.

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1438	Toxicology and metabolism	Luo L. et al.	2017	In vitro cytotoxicity assessment of roundup (glyphosate) in L-02 hepatocytes.	Journal of environmental science and health. Part. B, Pesticides, food contaminants, and agricultural wastes (2017), Vol. 52, No. 6, pp. 410-417	Formulation tested in vitro (Roundup, containing 41% isopropylamine salt; Belgium). The effects observed are due to high dosing of the surfactant in vitro, and as this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1439	Toxicology and metabolism	Mahakhode R. H. et al.	2013	Mitotic abnormalities induced by glyphosate in Psoralea corylifolia L..	International Journal of Current Pharmaceutical Research (2013), Vol. 5, No. 1, pp. 46-48	Tested a plant species with a herbicide for adverse end-points; the identified end-points are not relevant to human health and the renewal.
1440	Toxicology and metabolism	Malagoli C. et al.	2016	Passive exposure to agricultural pesticides and risk of childhood leukemia in an Italian community.	International journal of hygiene and environmental health (2016), Vol. 219, No. 8, pp. 742-748	This study did not perform any specific analyses for glyphosate. Furthermore, there was a very small case control study with a speculative exposure variable. This is not relevant for the renewal of glyphosate.
1441	Toxicology and metabolism	Mao Y. et al.	2015	Effect of glyphosate on serum biochemical indices of exposed workers	Zhongguo Gongye Yixue Zazhi (2015), Vol. 28, No. 5, pp. 362-364	The worker protections and manufacturing processes in China do not reflect Western occupational exposure scenarios. Therefore this is not relevant to glyphosate renewal.
1442	Toxicology and metabolism	Marcoccia D. et al.	2017	Food components and contaminants as (anti)androgenic molecules.	Genes and Nutrition (2017), Vol. 12, No. 1 pp. 6	This paper discusses some glyphosate literature, but does not provide new data. Therefore it cannot be used in the glyphosate risk assessments.
1443	Toxicology and metabolism	Marques A. et al.	2014	Progression of DNA damage induced by a glyphosate-based herbicide in fish (Anguilla anguilla) upon exposure and post-exposure periods--insights into the mechanisms of genotoxicity and DNA repair.	Comparative biochemistry and physiology. Toxicology & pharmacology (2014), Vol. 166, pp. 126-33	This study outlines the test of a glyphosate based herbicide to aquatic species. As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1444	Toxicology and metabolism	Martinez M. et al.	2019	Use of human neuroblastoma SH-SY5Y cells to evaluate glyphosate-induced effects on oxidative stress, neuronal development and cell death signaling pathways.	Environment international (2019), Vol. 135, pp. 105414	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate and AMPA as the concentrations used for the measurement of oxidative stress and apoptosis were beyond the physiologically acceptable range of 1 mM (5 and 10 mM).
1445	Toxicology and metabolism	Martini C. N. et al.	2012	A commercial formulation of glyphosate inhibits proliferation and differentiation to adipocytes and induces apoptosis in 3T3-L1 fibroblasts.	Toxicology in vitro (2012), Vol. 26, No. 6, pp. 1007-13	The formulation tested in vitro (commercial glyphosate formulation; 48% w/v, isopropylamine salt,from Atanor, Argentina) is not the representative formulation, and thus the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1446	Toxicology and metabolism	Martini C. N. et al.	2016	Glyphosate Inhibits PPAR Gamma Induction and Differentiation of Preadipocytes and is able to Induce Oxidative Stress.	Journal of biochemical and molecular toxicology (2016), Vol. 30, No. 8, pp. 404-13	Formulation tested in vitro at a single high dose in the mM range (Glifosato Atanor, containing 48% isopropylamine salt, 35.6% glyphosate, Argentina). As this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1447	Toxicology and metabolism	Martini C. N. et al.	2016	Glyphosate-based herbicides with different adjuvants are more potent inhibitors of 3T3-L1 fibroblast proliferation and differentiation to adipocytes than glyphosate alone.	Comparative Clinical Pathology (2016), Vol. 25, No. 3, pp. 607-613	In this paper, three glyphosate-based herbicides with different adjuvants were tested in vitro. Glyphosate only effects were noted only at excessively high doses > 20mM, this is physiologically not possible to attain in standard regulatory in vivo testing

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1448	Toxicology and metabolism	Marx-Stoelting P. et al.	2014	Assessment of three approaches for regulatory decision making on pesticides with endocrine disrupting properties	Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology (2014), Vol. 70, No. 3, pp. 590-604	No glyphosate specific information was presented in this paper and therefore this article is not relevant to the renewal.
1449	Toxicology and metabolism	Mesnage R. et al.	2013	Cytotoxicity on human cells of Cry1Ab and Cry1Ac Bt insecticidal toxins alone or with a glyphosate-based herbicide.	Journal of applied toxicology (2013), Vol. 33, No. 7, pp. 695-9	Not only was the glyphosate based herbicide formulation tested together with other substances (Roundup GT Plus containing 450 g/L glyphosate), this is not the representative formulation, the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1450	Toxicology and metabolism	Mesnage R. et al.	2015	Transcriptome profile analysis reflects rat liver and kidney damage following chronic ultra-low dose Roundup exposure.	Environmental health (2015), Vol. 14, article No. 70	Formulation tested (Grand Travaux Plus (450 g/L, Belgium) for non-validated endpoints therefore cannot be used in an EU Annex I renewal.
1451	Toxicology and metabolism	Mesnage R. et al.	2018	Multiomics reveal non-alcoholic fatty liver disease in rats following chronic exposure to an ultra-low dose of Roundup herbicide (vol 7, 39328, 2017).	Scientific Reports (2018), Vol. 8, pp. Article No.: 12572	The Roundup formulation tested in rats is not the representative formulation, and the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1452	Toxicology and metabolism	Meyer-Monath M. et al.	2014	Development of a multi-residue method in a fetal matrix: analysis of meconium	Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry (2014), Vol. 406, No. 30, pp. 7785-7797	This is primarily an analytical method paper for determination of multiple analytes (including glyphosate) in meconium. Actual meconium samples were analyzed. Minimal details of results provided, and no detections of glyphosate reported, therefore the report is not relevant.
1453	Toxicology and metabolism	Moreno N. C. et al.	2014	Genotoxic effects of the herbicide Roundup Transorb and its active ingredient glyphosate on the fish Prochilodus lineatus.	Environmental toxicology and pharmacology (2014), Vol. 37, No. 1, pp. 448-54	Formulation tested (Roundup Transorb® containing480 g glyphosate /L, Monsanto Brazil Ltd). As this is not the representative formulation, and the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1454	Toxicology and metabolism	Morley W. A. et al.	2014	Diminished brain resilience syndrome: A modern day neurological pathology of increased susceptibility to mild brain trauma, concussion, and downstream neurodegeneration.	Surgical neurology international (2014), Vol. 5, pp. 97	Many hypotheses are discussed in this studywith no data presented that could be used in a renewal dossier.
1455	Toxicology and metabolism	Moshammer H. et al.	2019	Validity of reported indicators of pesticide exposure and relevance for cytotoxic and genotoxic effects on buccal cells.	Mutagenesis (2019), Vol. 34, No. 2, pp. 147-152	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate as the association between pesticide use in general and genotoxicity and cytotoxicity markers in buccal cells was studied only, and not specifically glyphosate.
1456	Toxicology and metabolism	Murussi C. et al.	2014	Changes in oxidative markers, endogenous antioxidants and activity of the enzyme acetylcholinesterase in farmers exposed to agricultural pesticides - a pilot study	Ciencia Rural (2014), Vol. 44, No. 7, pp. 1186-1193	This pilot study evaluated the use of general pesticides only with a comparison between treated and non-treated. Glyphosate alone was not evaluated and as a result this study cannot be used in the renewal dossier.
1457	Toxicology and metabolism	Mwabulambo S. G. et al.	2018	Health symptoms associated with pesticides exposure among flower and onion pesticide applicators in Arusha region.	Annals of Global Health (2018), Vol. 84, No. 3, pp. 369-379	This document describes the use of PPE during general occupational pesticide use and is not relevant to the glyphosate renewal dossier.

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1458	Toxicology and metabolism	Nagy K. et al.	2020	Systematic review of comparative studies assessing the toxicity of pesticide active ingredients and their product formulations.	Environmental research (2020), Vol. 181, pp. 108926	This is a review paper with no new data presented. Therefore is not relevant to the glyphosate risk assessments.
1459	Toxicology and metabolism	Nardi J. et al.	2017	Prepubertal subchronic exposure to soy milk and glyphosate leads to endocrine disruption.	Food and chemical toxicology (2017), Vol. 100, pp. 247-252	A paper describing a glyphosate formulation co-dosed with phytoestrogen. As this is a mixture the effects cannot be determined for glyphosate alone and thus the paper is not relevant for the renewal dossier.
1460	Toxicology and metabolism	Naz S. et al.	2019	Effect of glyphosate on hematological and biochemical parameters of Rabbit (Oryctolagus cuniculus)	Pure and Applied Biology (2019), Vol. 8, No. 1, pp. 78-92	Rabbits gavaged with a glyphosate based herbicide(Glyphosate comprised 48% of the formulation with another 48% glyphosate IPA (isopropylammonium) salt) sourced in Pakistan. As this is not the representative formulation, and the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1461	Toxicology and metabolism	Negga R. et al.	2012	Exposure to glyphosate- and/or Mn/Zn-ethylene-bis-dithiocarbamate-containing pesticides leads to degeneration of γ-aminobutyric acid and dopamine neurons in Caenorhabditis elegans.	Neurotoxicity research (2012), Vol. 21, No. 3, pp. 281-90	This study describes invertebrate tests performed using a glyphosate based herbicide. As this is not the representative formulation, and the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1462	Toxicology and metabolism	Nippanon P. et al.	2019	Chemical pesticide use and quality of life of rubber farmers in the Northeast of Thailand.	Kathmandu University Medical Journal (2019), Vol. 17, No. 65	A paper evaluating the handling of agrochemicals as a risk factor, rather than individual pesticides. Similarly, only the percentage of farmers using glyphosate was reported.
1463	Toxicology and metabolism	Nishiyori Y. et al.	2014	Unilateral hippocampal infarction associated with an attempted suicide: a case report.	Journal of medical case reports (2014), Vol. 8, pp. 219	Glyphosate does not cross the blood brain barrier and does not cause neurotoxicity. Nor would it be expected that glyphosate ingestion unilaterally targets the dorsal part of the left hippocampus. This presentation is much more consistent with a small vessel embolic event and the patient should have been evaluated for risk factors for stroke such as atrial fibrillation or carotid atherosclerosis. Not relevant for the risk assessment.
1464	Toxicology and metabolism	Nobels I. et al.	2011	Toxicity Ranking and Toxic Mode of Action Evaluation of Commonly Used Agricultural Adjuvants on the Basis of Bacterial Gene Expression Profiles	PLOS ONE (2011), Vol. 6, No. 11, pp. E24139	A study on commonly used adjuvants and solvents in pesticide formulations, however no glyphosate or Roundup specific data is mentioned therefore the study is not relevant for the renewal dossier.
1465	Toxicology and metabolism	Norskov N. P. et al.	2019	Robust and highly sensitive micro liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry method for analyses of polar pesticides (glyphosate, aminomethylphosfonic acid, N-acetyl glyphosate and N-acetyl aminomethylphosfonic acid) in multiple biological matrices.	Journal of chromatography. A (2019), Vol. 1605, pp. 360343	This paper concerns development of a glyphosate assay and is likely a precursor to a gut microbe study. No animal data and no information relevant for the risk assessment were presented.
1466	Toxicology and metabolism	Nur G. et al.	2018	Histopathological and biochemical responses to the oxidative stress induced by glyphosate-based herbicides in the rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	Journal of Cellular Neuroscience and Oxidative Stress (2018), Vol. 10, No. 1, pp. 656-665	A glyphosate based herbicidewas tested in aquatic species, without positive control to verify validity of the assay. Gill damage is directly attributable to the surfactant present in the formulation, with oxidative stress a consequence of cell damage.

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1467	Toxicology and metabolism	Nwani C. D. et al.	2014	Induction of micronuclei and nuclear lesions in Channa punctatus following exposure to carbosulfan, glyphosate and atrazine.	Drug and chemical toxicology (2014), Vol. 37, No. 4, pp. 370-7	A glyphosate based herbicide (Roundup SL; India; 41% soluble liquid) was tested in aquatic species. This study discusses cellular and molecular level end-points that are not relevant to an EU level ecotoxicology risk assessment.
1468	Toxicology and metabolism	Owrang I. et al.	2013	Antioxidant effect of ginger on the pituitary-gonadal axis hormones recovered from the devastating effects of the herbicide Glyphosate in female rats	International Journal of Biology, Pharmacy and Allied Sciences (2013), Vol. 2, No. 8, pp. 1606-1616	Dosing via i.p. injection daily for three weeks is not relevant. The glyphosate source is not described at all. It is not clear whether this study dosed a glyphosate based herbicide, a technical acid or salt.
1469	Toxicology and metabolism	Pandey A. et al.	2019	Inflammatory Effects of Subacute Exposure of Roundup in Rat Liver and Adipose Tissue.	Dose-response (2019), Vol. 17, No. 2, pp. 1	The formulation tested in this study (Herbicide Roundup, 41% w/w glyphosate, Monsanto India Ltd, Mumbai, India) is not the representative formulation and is not relevant to the renewal.
1470	Toxicology and metabolism	Parajuli K. R. et al.	2015	Aminomethylphosphonic acid and methoxyacetic acid induce apoptosis in prostate cancer cells.	International journal of molecular sciences (2015), Vol. 16, No. 5, pp. 11750-65	In this study the therapeutic use of AMPA was evaluated rather than glyphosate. Therefore it is not relevant to the renewal.
1471	Toxicology and metabolism	Parajuli K. R. et al.	2016	Aminomethylphosphonic acid inhibits growth and metastasis of human prostate cancer in an orthotopic xenograft mouse model.	Oncotarget (2016), Vol. 7, No. 9, pp. 10616-26	In this study the therapeutic use of AMPA was evaluated rather than glyphosate. Therefore it is not relevant to the renewal.
1472	Toxicology and metabolism	Paumgartten F. J. R.	2019	Comment on 'Perinatal exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide impairs female reproductive outcomes and induces second-generation adverse effects in Wistar rats', Arch Toxicol 92:2629-2643 : On the impairment of female reproductive performance by developm	Archives of toxicology (2019), Vol. 93, No. 3, pp. 831-832	Letter refers to a previous paper published by Milesi et al (Perinatal exposure to a glyphosate-based herbicide impairs.; Arch Toxicol 2018, 92(8):2629–2643.): Milesi et al is not in Marian's LRR2 list.
1473	Toxicology and metabolism	Perego M. C. et al.	2017	Influence of a Roundup formulation on glyphosate effects on steroidogenesis and proliferation of bovine granulosa cells in vitro.	Chemosphere (2017), Vol. 188, pp. 274-279	This study examines the in vitro formulation effects only, rather than glyphosate alone.
1474	Toxicology and metabolism	Perez-Torres I. et al.	2017	Beneficial Effects of the Amino Acid Glycine.	Mini reviews in medicinal chemistry (2017), Vol. 17, No. 1, pp. 15-32	This paper does not contain any data pertaining to glyphosate and is therefore not relevant.
1475	Toxicology and metabolism	Peters C. E. et al.	2018	Priority Setting for Occupational Cancer Prevention.	Safety and Health at Work (2018), Vol. 9, No. 2, pp. 133-139	This paper does not contain any data pertaining to glyphosate and is therefore not relevant
1476	Toxicology and metabolism	Portier C. J. et al.	2016	Differences in the carcinogenic evaluation of glyphosate between the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA).	Journal of epidemiology and community health (2016), Vol. 70, No. 8, pp. 741-5	This publication is considered not relevant because it is not based on experimental data.
1477	Toxicology and metabolism	Pouokam G. B. et al.	2017	A Pilot Study in Cameroon to Understand Safe Uses of Pesticides in Agriculture, Risk Factors for Farmers' Exposure and Management of Accidental Cases.	Toxics (2017), Vol. 5, No. 4	This paper does not contain any data pertaining to glyphosate and is therefore not relevant.

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1478	Toxicology and metabolism	Qiu S. et al.	2020	Toxic effects of glyphosate on intestinal morphology, antioxidant capacity and barrier function in weaned piglets.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2020), Vol. 187, pp. 109846	This study investigates glyphosate based herbicides dosed to piglets. As this is not the representative formulation, and the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1479	Toxicology and metabolism	Ramsden J. J.	2017	Assaults on health.	Journal of Biological Physics and Chemistry (2017), Vol. 17, No. 1, pp. 3-7	Commentary on various threats to human health and not directly relevant to the renewal.
1480	Toxicology and metabolism	Rappazzo K. M. et al.	2019	Maternal residential exposure to specific agricultural pesticide active ingredients and birth defects in a 2003-2005 North Carolina birth cohort.	Birth defects research (2019), Vol. 111, No. 6, pp. 312-323	Highly speculative exposure assessment limited to pesticides makes it impossible to adequately assess results. Therefore this study is not relevant.
1481	Toxicology and metabolism	Robert J. R. et al.	2013	Council on Environmental Health. Technical Report: Pesticide Exposure in Children (vol 130, pg e1765, 2012).	Pediatrics (2013), Vol. 131, No. 5, pp. 1013-1014	This paper does not contain any data pertaining to glyphosate and is therefore not relevant.
1482	Toxicology and metabolism	Rojas Garcia A. E. et al.	2018	Special issue on pesticide contamination and toxicology. Numero especial: Contaminacion y toxicologia por plaguicidas	Revista Internacional de Contaminacion Ambiental (2018), Vol. 34, pp. 7-105	A special issue with seven articles that were either reviews discussing glyphosate, or notrelevant to glyphosate.
1483	Toxicology and metabolism	Romano M. A. et al.	2012	Glyphosate impairs male offspring reproductive development by disrupting gonadotropin expression.	Archives of toxicology (2012), Vol. 86, No. 4, pp. 663-73	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate as a glyphosate based herbicide (Roundup Transorb) has been tested instead of glyphosate.
1484	Toxicology and metabolism	Romano M. A. et al.	2012	Reply to comment of John M. DeSesso and Amy L. Williams regarding "Glyphosate impairs male offspring reproductive development by disrupting gonadotropin expression" by Romano et al. 2012	Archives of Toxicology (2012), Vol. 86, No. 11, pp. 1795-1797	This article reflects the categorization of the original article which was classified as not relevant.
1485	Toxicology and metabolism	Romano R. M. et al.	2010	Prepubertal exposure to commercial formulation of the herbicide glyphosate alters testosterone levels and testicular morphology.	Archives of toxicology (2010), Vol. 84, No. 4, pp. 309-17	The test material was a glyphosate-based formulation and not the reference formulation MON 52276 and is therefore not relevant
1486	Toxicology and metabolism	Roongruangchai J. et al.	2018	The teratogenic effects of glyphosate based herbicide (GBH) on the development of chick embryos.	Siriraj Medical Journal (2018), Vol. 70, No. 5, pp. 419-428	This report studies the injection of glyphosate based fertilisers into fertilized chicken eggs. As this is not the representative formulation, athe article is not relevant to the renewal.
1487	Toxicology and metabolism	Salaroli L. et al.	2019	Occupational Exposure to Agrochemicals, Risks and Safety Practices in Family Agriculture in a Municipality of the State of Espirito Santo, Brazil (P04-077-19).	Current developments in nutrition (2019), Vol. 3, No. Suppl 1, pp. 259	General pesticide review of occupational exposures and safety practices and not relevant for the renewal.
1488	Toxicology and metabolism	Samsel A. et al.	2013	Glyphosate, pathways to modern diseases II: Celiac sprue and gluten intolerance.	Interdisciplinary toxicology (2013), Vol. 6, No. 4, pp. 159-84	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it is not based on experimental work and no epidemiologic methodology was followed.
1489	Toxicology and metabolism	Samsel A. et al.	2015	Glyphosate, pathways to modern diseases III: Manganese, neurological diseases, and associated pathologies.	Surgical neurology international (2015), Vol. 6, pp. 45	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it is not based on experimental work and no epidemiologic methodology was followed.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1490	Toxicology and metabolism	Samsel A. et al.	2013	Glyphosate's suppression of cytochrome P450 enzymes and amino acid biosynthesis by the gut microbiome: pathways to modern diseases	Entropy (2013), Vol. 15, pp. 1416-1463	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it is not based on experimental work and no epidemiologic methodology was followed.
1491	Toxicology and metabolism	Samsel A. et al.	2015	Glyphosate, pathways to modern diseases IV: cancer and related pathologies.	Journal of Biological Physics and Chemistry (2015), Vol. 15, No. 3, pp. 121-159	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it is not based on experimental work and no epidemiologic methodology was followed.
1492	Toxicology and metabolism	Samsel A. et al.	2016	Glyphosate pathways to modern diseases V: Amino acid analogue of glycine in diverse proteins.	Journal of Biological Physics and Chemistry (2016), Vol. 16, No. 1, pp. 9-46	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it is not based on experimental work and no epidemiologic methodology was followed.
1493	Toxicology and metabolism	Samsel A. et al.	2017	Glyphosate pathways to modern diseases VI: Prions, amyloidoses and autoimmune neurological diseases.	Journal of Biological Physics and Chemistry (2017), Vol. 17, No. 1, pp. 8-32	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because it is not based on experimental work and no epidemiologic methodology was followed.
1494	Toxicology and metabolism	Scammell M. K. et al.	2019	Environmental and Occupational Exposures in Kidney Disease.	Seminars in Nephrology (2019), Vol. 39, No. 3, pp. 230-243	This paper does not contain any new data pertaining to glyphosate and is therefore not relevant.
1495	Toxicology and metabolism	Schaumburg L. G. et al.	2016	Genotoxicity induced by Roundup® (Glyphosate) in tegu lizard (Salvator merianae) embryos.	Pesticide biochemistry and physiology (2016), Vol. 130, pp. 71-78	A glyphosate based herbicide was tested in lizard eggs. As this was not the representative formulation the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1496	Toxicology and metabolism	Seneff S. et al.	2015	Death as a drug side effect in FAERS: is glyphosate contamination a factor?	Agricultural Sciences (2015), Vol. 6, No. 12, pp. 1472-1501	Within this report, hypotheses are discussed without any empirical data. Therefore it is not relevant to the renewal.
1497	Toxicology and metabolism	Seneff S. et al.	2015	Aluminum and glyphosate can synergistically induce pineal gland pathology: connection to gut dysbiosis and neurological disease.	Agricultural Sciences (2015), Vol. 6, No. 1, pp. 42-70	This paper is not relevant as it is not based on experimental work and no epidemiologic methodology was followed. Conclusion (glyphosate and aluminium, operate synergistically to induce dysfunction in the pineal gland leading to the sleep disorder that is characteristic of multiple neurological diseases, including autism, ADHD, depression, Alzheimer's disease, ALS, anxiety disorder and Parkinson's disease) is pure speculation and is not corroborated by current experimental data.
1498	Toxicology and metabolism	Seneff S. et al.	2017	Can glyphosate's disruption of the gut microbiome and induction of sulfate deficiency explain the epidemic in gout and associated diseases in the industrialized world?.	Journal of Biological Physics and Chemistry (2017), Vol. 17, No. 2, pp. 53-76	Study is not relevant as it is not based on experimental work and no epidemiologic methodology was followed. Results and proposed mode of actions are speculation without any experimental proof.
1499	Toxicology and metabolism	Seneff S. et al.	2013	Is encephalopathy a mechanism to renew sulfate in autism?	Entropy (2013), Vol. 15, pp. 372-406	This paper presents hypotheses without data and is not relevant.
1500	Toxicology and metabolism	Seralini G. E.	2015	Why glyphosate is not the issue with Roundup A short overview of 30 years of our research.	Journal of Biological Physics and Chemistry (2015), Vol. 15, No. 3, pp. 111-119	A review of glyphosate vs formulations. Secondary source of information, not experimental data presented.
1501	Toxicology and metabolism	Seralini G. E. et al.	2014	Conclusiveness of toxicity data and double standards	FOOD AND CHEMICAL TOXICOLOGY (2014), Vol. 69, pp. 357-359	This is a commentary of a Seralini paper retraction and not relevant.
1502	Toxicology and metabolism	Seralini G. E. et al.	2014	Conflicts of interests, confidentiality and censorship in health risk assessment: the example of an herbicide and a GMO.	Environmental Sciences Europe (2014), Vol. 26, No. 13, pp. 1	This is a commentary article and not relevant.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1503	Toxicology and metabolism	Seralini G. et al.	2012	Long term toxicity of a Roundup herbicide and a Roundup-tolerant genetically modified maize.	Food and chemical toxicology (2012), Vol. 50, No. 11, pp. 4221-31	This paper is a retraction announcement from the journal publishers and not relevant.
1504	Toxicology and metabolism	Seralini G. et al.	2014	Republished study: long-term toxicity of a Roundup herbicide and a Roundup-tolerant genetically modified maize.	Environmental sciences Europe (2014), Vol. 26, No. 1, pp. 14	This publication is considered not relevant for risk assessment of glyphosate because a glyphosate formulation was used instead of glyphosate.
1505	Toxicology and metabolism	Siddiqui S. et al.	2012	Glyphosate, alachor and maleic hydrazide have genotoxic effect on Trigonella foenum-graecum L	Bulletin of environmental contamination and toxicology (2012), Vol. 88, No. 5, pp. 659-65	Not valid to evaluate genotoxicity of herbicides on the plant species tested.
1506	Toxicology and metabolism	Soudani N. et al.	2019	Glyphosate disrupts redox status and up-regulates metallothionein I and II genes expression in the liver of adult rats. Alleviation by quercetin.	General physiology and biophysics (2019), Vol. 38, No. 2, pp. 123-134	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate because the route of administration used was not appropriate (intraperitoneal injection).
1507	Toxicology and metabolism	Stur E. et al.	2019	Glyphosate-based herbicides at low doses affect canonical pathways in estrogen positive and negative breast cancer cell lines.	PloS one (2019), Vol. 14, No. 7, pp. e0219610	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate as the concentration of AMPA used (10 mM) is beyond the physiologically acceptable range (> 1 mM). Evaluation of a glyphosate-based herbicide in in vitro systems is not relevant to the risk assessment of glyphosate due to the effects of surfactants on cells.
1508	Toxicology and metabolism	Swanson N. L. et al.	2014	Genetically engineered crops, glyphosate and the deterioration of health in the United States of America.	Journal of Organic Systems (2014), Vol. 9, No. 2, pp. 6-37	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate as no epidemiological approach was followed to establish an association between exposure to glyphosate and disease outcome.
1509	Toxicology and metabolism	Szabo R. et al.	2017	Studies on joint toxic effects of a glyphosate herbicide (Fozat 480) and a heavy metal (cadmium) on chicken embryos.	AGROFOR International Journal (2017), Vol. 2, No. 3, pp. 37-43	Glyphosate based herbicide applied to fertilized chicken eggs, is not the representative formulation and not relevant to human health risk assessment.
1510	Toxicology and metabolism	Szemeredy G. et al.	2016	TOXICITY TEST OF INDIVIDUAL AND COMBINED TOXIC EFFECTS OF HERBICIDE GLIALKA STAR AND LEAD-ACETATE ON CHICKEN EMBRYOS. Original Title: GLIALKA STAR GYOMIRTO SZER ES AZ OLOM-ACETAT EGYEDI ES INTERAKCIOS TOXICITASANAK VIZSGALATA MADAREMBRIOKBAN.	Novenyvdelem (2016), Vol. 52, No. 10, pp. 483-487	Formulation tested via injection to chicken embryos. This is not a typical route of exposure. Tested formulation was not the representative formulation for the renewal.
1511	Toxicology and metabolism	Szepanowski F. et al.	2018	Glyphosate-based herbicide, but not pure glyphosate, affects peripheral nervous system myelination.	European Journal of Neurology (2018), Vol. 25, Supp. 2, pp. 567.	Effects observed in this study were noted with a glyphosate based herbicide only in vitro. In addition, as this was not the representative formulation the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1512	Toxicology and metabolism	Teleken J. L. et al.	2019	Glyphosate-based herbicide exposure during pregnancy and lactation malprograms the male reproductive morphofunction in F1 offspring.	Journal of developmental origins of health and disease (2019), Vol. 11, No. 2, pp 146-153	This study described a glyphosate based herbicidedosed to mice. As this was not the representative formulation the article is not relevant to the renewal.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1513	Toxicology and metabolism	Tincher C. et al.	2017	The Glyphosate-Based Herbicide Roundup Does not Elevate Genome-Wide Mutagenesis of Escherichia coli.	G3 (Bethesda, Md.) (2017), Vol. 7, No. 10, pp. 3331-3335	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate as a glyphosate based formulation was used instead of glyphosate for in vitro testing.
1514	Toxicology and metabolism	Tizhe E. et al.	2018	Pancreatic function and histoarchitecture in Wistar rats following chronic exposure to Bushfire®: the mitigating role of zinc.	The Journal of international medical research (2018), Vol. 46, No. 8, pp. 3296-3305	The formulation tested (BushfireVR, containing 441 g/L potassium salt; 360 g a.e./L) is not the representative formulation the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1515	Toxicology and metabolism	Tizhe E. V. et al.	2014	Serum biochemical assessment of hepatic and renal functions of rats during oral exposure to glyphosate with zinc.	Comparative clinical pathology (2014), Vol. 23, pp. 1043-1050	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate as a combination of zinc chloride and a glyphosate formulation (Bushfire) has been used instead of glyphosate.
1516	Toxicology and metabolism	Tizhe E. V. et al.	2019	Effect of zinc on erythrocyte osmotic fragility and hemogram following chronic exposure to glyphosate-based herbicide in Wistar rats	Comparative Clinical Pathology (2019), Vol. 28, pp. 1275-1279	Formulation tested (BUSHFIRE, Ningbo Agro-star Industrial Co., Ltd., Zhejiang, China; 441 g/L potassium salt, 360 g/L a.e.). As this was not the representative formulation the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1517	Toxicology and metabolism	Tsatsakis A. M. et al.	2019	Hormetic Neurobehavioral effects of low dose toxic chemical mixtures in real-life risk simulation (RLRS) in rats	Food and Chemical Toxicology (2019), 125, 141-149	The test material was a mixture of thirteen different chemicals and cannot be interpreted for glyphosate alone.
1518	Toxicology and metabolism	Turkmen R. et al.	2019	Prenatal and neonatal exposure to glyphosate-based herbicide reduces the primordial to primary follicle transition in the newborn rat ovary: a preliminary study	Kocatepe Veterinary Journal (2019), Vol. 12, No. 2, pp. 168-177	Rats gavaged with a glyphosate based herbicide [Knockdown 48 SL; Safa Agriculture Inc., Turkey] As this was not the representative formulation the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1519	Toxicology and metabolism	Turkmen R. et al.	2019	Protective effects of resveratrol on biomarkers of oxidative stress, biochemical and histopathological changes induced by sub-chronic oral glyphosate-based herbicide in rats.	Toxicology research (2019), Vol. 8, No. 2, pp. 238-245	This paper describes high oral gavage dosing of a glyphosate based herbicide. As this is not the representative formulation the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1520	Toxicology and metabolism	Turkmen R. et al.	2019	Antioxidant and cytoprotective effects of N-acetylcysteine against subchronic oral glyphosate-based herbicide-induced oxidative stress in rats.	Environmental science and pollution research international (2019), Vol. 26, No. 11, pp. 11427-11437	The formulation tested in this article (Knockdown 48SL, Safa Agriculture Corp., Turkey; containing 480 g/L isopropylamine salt) is not the representative formulation and is not relevant to the renewal.
1521	Toxicology and metabolism	Upadhyay J. et al.	2019	Biomarker responses (serum biochemistry) in pregnant female wistar rats and histopathology of their neonates exposed prenatally to pesticides	Brazilian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (2019), Vol. 55, pp. e18194	In this report a glyphosate based herbicide was tested (Topper 77; Crystal Crop Protection Pvt. Ltd. India) at one dose to six rats and compared with controls. As this was not the representative formulation the article is not relevant to the renewal.
1522	Toxicology and metabolism	Vandenberg L. N. et al.	2017	Is it time to reassess current safety standards for glyphosate-based herbicides?.	Journal of epidemiology and community health (2017), Vol. 71, No. 6, pp. 613-618	This publication is considered not relevant because it is not based on experimental work.
1523	Toxicology and metabolism	Varayoud J. et al.	2017	Effects of a glyphosate-based herbicide on the uterus of adult ovariectomized rats.	Environmental toxicology (2017), Vol. 32, No. 4, pp. 1191-1201	This publication is considered not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate as a non-representative glyphosate formulation was tested instead of glyphosate.

No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1524	Toxicology and metabolism	Vinceti M. et al.	2017	Pesticide exposure assessed through agricultural crop proximity and risk of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.	Environmental Health (2017), Vol. 16, No. 1. pp. 91	This article does not demonstrate correlations with glyphosate use and effect and is therefore not relevant.
1525	Toxicology and metabolism	Von Ehrenstein O. S. et al.	2019	Prenatal and infant exposure to ambient pesticides and autism spectrum disorder in children: Population based case-control study	BMJ (Online) (2019), Vol. 364, pp. l962	This publication is not relevant for the risk assessment of glyphosate with relation to ED because the pathology investigated is not ED related (autism spectrum disorder in children).
1526	Toxicology and metabolism	Wallace Hayes A.	2014	Editor in Chief of Food and Chemical Toxicology answers questions on retraction	Food and chemical toxicology (2014), Vol. 65, pp. 394-5	Letter from editor on Seralini retraction (2012) -> #2472, 3617, 5654 (all not relevant)
1527	Toxicology and metabolism	Wang F. et al.	2018	Advance on clinical study of glyphosate toxicity.	Journal of Environmental & Occupational Medicine (2018), Vol. 35, No. 2, pp. 175-179	A review and summary of selected literature.
1528	Toxicology and metabolism	Wilhelm C. M. et al.	2015	Assessment of DNA damage in floriculturists in southern Brazil	Environmental Science and Pollution Research (2015), Vol. 22, No. 11, pp. 8182-8189	No glyphosate specific conclusions, confounded due to multiple pesticide uses.
1529	Toxicology and metabolism	Wilke R. A. et al.	2019	Chronic Kidney Disease in Agricultural Communities	AMERICAN JOURNAL OF MEDICINE (2019), Vol. 132, No. 10, pp. E727-E732	Discussion of different factors that could be used to predict prevalence of chronic kidney disease in the US.
1530	Toxicology and metabolism	Witherspoon N. O.	2019	Protecting children from known pesticides exposures: our collective duty to provide primary prevention.	Pediatric Research (2019), Vol. 85, No. 2, pp. 118-119	Study does not include data on glyphosate and is therefore not relevant.
1531	Toxicology and metabolism	Wongta A. et al.	2018	The Pesticide Exposure of People Living in Agricultural Community, Northern Thailand.	Journal of toxicology (2018), Vol. 2018, pp. 4168034	Farming practices in Thailand are not applicable to European farmer exposure scenarios.
1532	Toxicology and metabolism	Wozniak E. et al.	2018	The mechanism of DNA damage induced by Roundup 360 PLUS, glyphosate and AMPA in human peripheral blood mononuclear cells - genotoxic risk assessement.	Food and chemical toxicology (2018), Vol. 120, pp. 510-522	In vitro effects only noted at excessively high doses greater than 100-250 uM. Therefore this article is not relevant to the risk assessment.
1533	Toxicology and metabolism	Wumbei A. et al.	2019	Pesticides use and exposure among yam farmers in the Nanumba traditional area of Ghana.	Environmental monitoring and assessment (2019), Vol. 191, No. 5, pp. 307	Article is not relevant to agricultural practices and glyphosate uses in Europe.
1534	Toxicology and metabolism	Youness E. R. et al.	2016	The protective effect of orange juice on glyphosate toxicity in adult male mice.	Journal of Chemical and Pharmaceutical Research (2016), Vol. 8, No. 3, pp. 13-28	This study uses excessively high gavage doses to rats and is not relevant to renewal.
1535	Toxicology and metabolism	Yu H. et al.	2013	The antagonistic effects of tea polyphenols on damage of mouse Sertoli cells induced by glyphosate.	Acta Nutrimenta Sinica (2013), Vol. 35, No. 3, pp. 283-287	In vitro study testing of what appears to be a formulated product, described as, glyphosate (41% Isopropylamine Hydrochloride, Monsanto glyphosate (41% Isopropylamine Hydrochloride, Monsanto), dosed at 10-160 ug/mL (high glyphosate levels of 24-390 uM plus surfactant), well above any potential physiological concentrations in sertoli cells.
1536	Toxicology and metabolism	Yu N. et al.	2018	Circular RNA expression profiles in hippocampus from mice with perinatal glyphosate exposure.	Biochemical and biophysical research communications (2018), Vol. 501, No. 4, pp. 838-845	This publication is considered not relevant for risk assessment of glyphosate with relation to ED because a no ED related endpoint was investigated (circular RNA expression profiles in the hippocampus).
1537	Toxicology and metabolism	Zanardi M. V. et al.	2019	Glyphosate-based herbicide induces hyperplastic ducts in the mammary gland of aging Wistar rats.	Molecular and cellular endocrinology (2019), Vol. 501, pp. 110658	This study examines the effects of glyphosate based herbicide dosed to rats. As this is not the representative formulation the article is not relevant to the renewal.

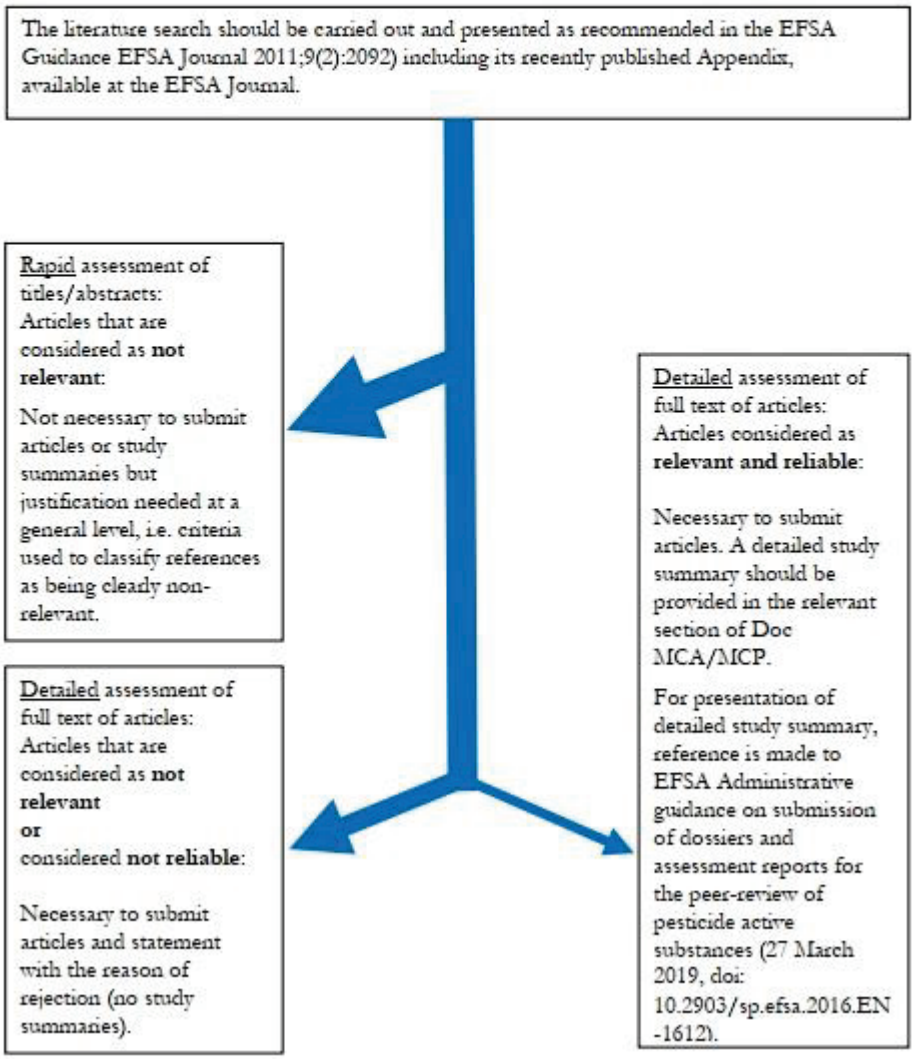
No	Technical section	Author(s)	Year	Title	Source	Reason for not including publication in dossier (based on relevance and reliability criteria)
1538	Toxicology and metabolism	Zhang H.-C. et al.	2018	Molecular cloning, characterization, expression and enzyme activity of catalase from planarian Dugesia japonica in response to environmental pollutants.	Ecotoxicology and environmental safety (2018), Vol. 165, pp. 88-95	Novel microbial test system of questionable relevance to human health risk assessment.
1539	Toxicology and metabolism	Zhao W. et al.	2013	Effects of glyphosate on apoptosis and expressions of androgen-binding protein and vimentin mRNA in mouse Sertoli cells	Journal of Southern Medical University (2013), Vol. 33, No. 11, pp. 1709-13	Not relevant. In vitro testing of a glyphosate based herbicide.
1540	Toxicology and metabolism	Zhao W-H. et al.	2016	THE PROTECTIVE EFFECTS OF TEA POLYSACCHARIDES ON INJURY AND APOPTOSIS OF MOUSE SERTOLY CELLS INDUCED BY GLYPHOSATE.	Current Topics in Nutraceutical Research (2016), Vol. 14, No. 1, pp. 81-90	Not relevant. In vitro testing of a glyphosate based herbicide.
1541	Toxicology and metabolism	Zhu J. et al.	2018	An Effective Machine Learning Approach for Identifying the Glyphosate Poisoning Status in Rats Using Blood Routine Test	IEEE ACCESS (2018), Vol. 6, pp. 15653-15662	Test substance souce not identified, not clear whether glyphosate or formulation administered to animals. Data used in development of machine learning.
1542	Toxicology and metabolism	Zoccali C.	2017	Causal mechanism and component causes in Mesoamerican-Sri Lankan nephropathy: the moderator's view	NEPHROLOGY DIALYSIS TRANSPLANTATION (2017), Vol. 32, No. 4, pp. 607-610	No glyphosate specific information provided.

Appendix 1: AGG ADVICE on how to present the literature search in the dossier

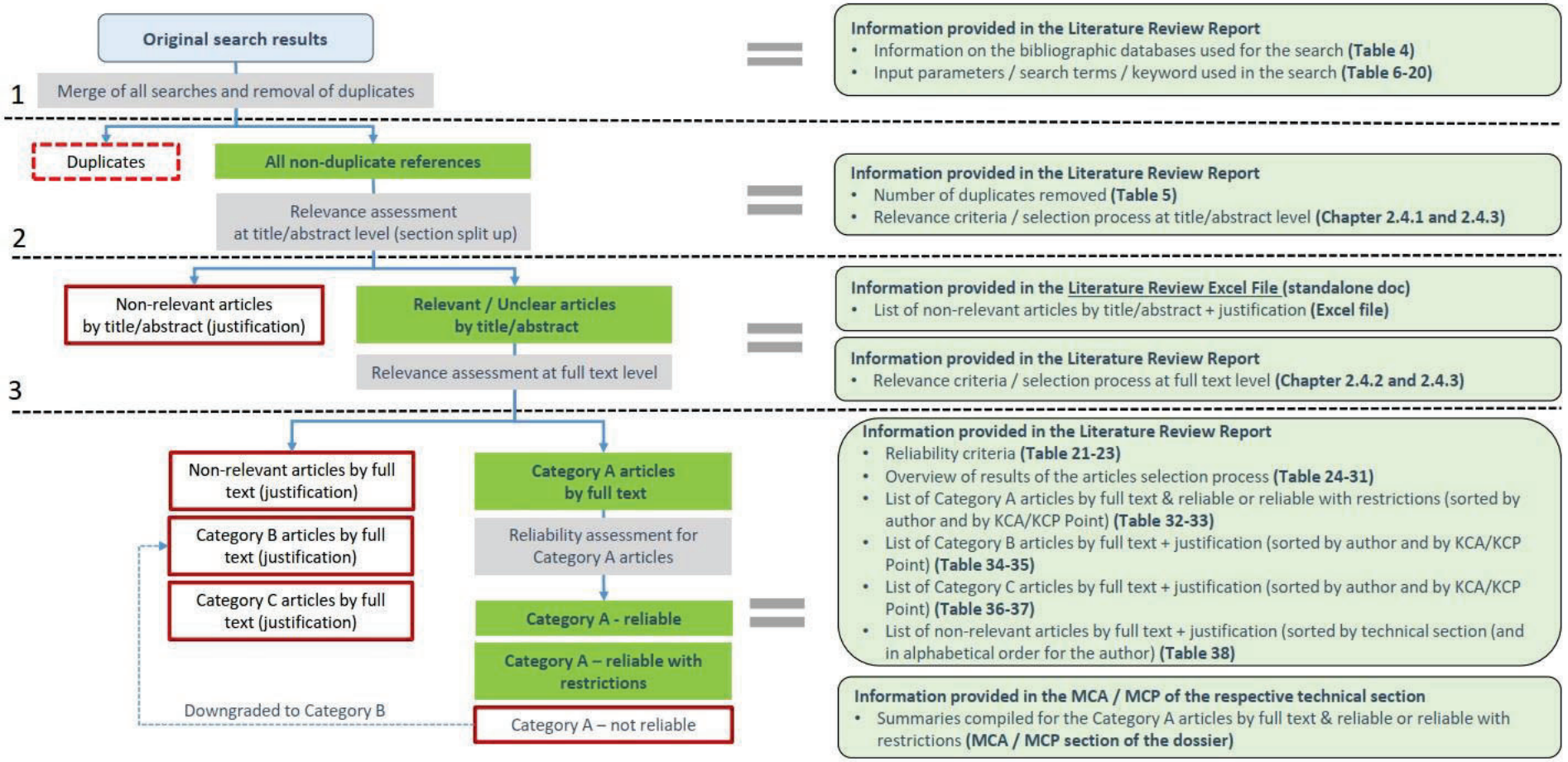
ASSESSMENT GROUP ON GLYPHOSATE (AGG)

October 2019

ADVICE TO GTF2:
HOW TO PRESENT THE LITERATURE SEARCH
IN THE DOSSIER TO BE SUBMITTED JUNE 2020



Appendix 2: The process of articles selection



Appendix 3: ORIGINAL SEARCH QUERY - Part 0

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:20:57 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L1 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR 69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC OR 1066-51-9
SAVE TEMP L1 GLY1/Q
L2 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
SAVE TEMP L2 GLY2/Q
L3 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TOX? OR HAZARD? OR ADVERSE OR HEALTH OR NOAEL OR NOEL OR LOAEL OR LOEL OR BMD? OR IN VIVO OR IN VITRO OR INVIVO OR INVITRO OR MODE OF ACTION OR SKIN? OR EYE? OR IRRIT? OR SENSI? OR ALLERG?
L4 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON RAT OR RATS OR DOG? OR RABBIT? OR GUINEA PIG? OR MOUSE OR MICE OR METABOLISM OR METABOLITE? OR METABOLIC OR DISTRIBUTION OR ADSORPTION OR EXCRETION OR ELIMINATION OR KINETIC OR CYTOCHROME OR ENZYM?
L5 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GEN? OR MUTA? OR CHROMOS? OR CLASTOGEN? OR DNA OR CARCINO? OR CANCER? OR TUMOR? OR TUMOUR? OR ONCOG? OR ONCOL? OR MALIGN? OR IMMUN? OR NEUR? OR ENDOCRIN? OR HORMON? OR GONAD? OR DISRUPT?
L6 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON REPRODUCT? OR DEVELOPMENT? OR MALFORM? OR ANOMAL? OR FERTIL? OR FOET? OR FET? OR MATERN? OR PREGNAN? OR EMBRYO? OR EPIDEM? OR MEDICAL? OR POISON? OR EXPOSURE OR OPERATOR? OR BYSTANDER? OR RESIDENT? OR WORKER? OR OCCUPAT?
L7 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON BIOMONITORING OR HUMAN EXPOSURE OR MICROBIOME OR OXIDATIVE STRESS OR APOPTOSIS OR NECROSIS OR CYTOTOXICITY OR POLYOXYETHYLENEAMINE OR POEA OR SURFACTANT OR RISK ASSESSMENT?
L8 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7)
SAVE TEMP L8 TOX/Q
L9 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON UPTAKE OR TRANSLOCATION OR RUMEN OR STORAGE STABILITY OR STORAGE OR STABILITY OR METABOLIC OR METABOLISM OR BREAKDOWN OR NATURE OF RESIDUES OR RESIDUE? OR MAGNITUDE OF RESIDUES OR PROCESS? OR EFFECTS OF PROCESSING
L10 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON DESSICANT OR PREHARVEST OR PREEMERG? OR ?RESISTANT? OR ?TOLERAN? OR TRANSGENIC OR HYDROLY? OR ROTATION? OR SUCCEED? OR PLANT? OR CROP? OR FEED? OR ANIMAL? OR LIVESTOCK? OR HEN OR CATTLE OR RUMINANT?
L11 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GOAT? OR COW? OR PIG? OR DIETARY OR ASSESSMENT OR RISK ASSESSMENT OR CONSUM? OR EXPOSURE
L12 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L9 OR L10 OR L11)
SAVE TEMP L12 RES/Q
L13 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SOIL OR WATER OR SEDIMENT OR DEGRADAT? OR PHOTO? OR SOIL RESIDUES OR SOIL ACCUMULAT? OR SOIL CONTAMINAT? OR MOBILITY OR SORPTION OR COLUMN LEACHING OR AGED RESIDUE OR LEACH? OR LYSIMETER OR GROUNDWATER
L14 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON CONTAMINAT? OR MICROB? OR EXUDATION OR RHIZOSPHERE OR DISSIPATION OR SATURATED ZONE OR HYDROLYSIS OR DRIFT OR RUN-OFF OR RUNOFF OR DRAINAGE OR VOLAT? OR ATMOSPHERE OR LONG-RANGE TRANSPORT OR SHORT-RANGE TRANSPORT
L15 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TRANSPORT OR MICRONUTRIENT OR PHOSPHATE OR IRON OR MANGANESE OR HALF-LIFE OR HALFLIFE OR HALF-LIVES OR HALFLIVES OR DT50 OR KINETICS OR OFF-SITE MOVEMENT OR REMOVAL OR DRINKING WATER OR WATER TREATMENT PROCESSES
L16 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON ATMOSPHERIC DEPOSITION OR TILE-DRAINS OR SURFACE WATER OR MONITORING DATA OR DISINFECTANT OR OZONE OR TILLAGE OR INFILTRATION OR HARD SURFACE OR RAINWATER OR RAIN WATER OR CHELAT? OR COMPLEX? OR MINERALIZATION OR PERSISTENCE OR LIGAND
L17 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L13 OR L14 OR L15 OR L16)
SAVE TEMP L17 FATE/Q
L18 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TOX? OR ECOTOX? OR ?TOXIC OR ?TOXICITY OR HAZARD OR ADVERSE OR ENDOCRINE DISRUPT? OR BIOACCUMULATE? OR BIOMAGNIFI? OR BIOCONCENTRATION OR POISON OR EFFECT OR INDIRECT EFFECT? OR DIRECT EFFECT? OR BIODIVERS? OR PROTECTION GOALS OR ECO?
L19 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON IMPACT OR POPULATION OR COMMUNITY OR WILDLIFE OR INCIDENT OR PEST OR BIRD? OR ACUTE OR CHRONIC OR LONG-TERM OR MALLARD OR DUCK OR QUAIL OR BOBWHITE OR ANAS? OR COLINUS? OR WILD OR DIETARY OR AQUATIC OR FISH OR DAPHNI? OR ALG? OR CHIRON?
L20 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SEDIMENT DWELL? OR BENTHIC OR LEMNA OR MARIN? OR ESTUARINE OR CRUSTA? OR GASTROPOD? OR INSECT OR MOLLUSC OR REPTILE OR AMPHIB? OR BEE? OR APIS OR APIDAE OR BUMBLE? OR COLONY OR HIVE OR POLLINATOR
L21 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON PLANT AND (SUBMERGE? OR EMERGE?)
L22 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SOLITARY OR ALG? OR AQUATIC OR FRESHWATER OR VERTEBRAT? OR MAMMAL? OR RAT OR MOUSE OR MICE OR RABBIT OR HARE OR PROTECTION OR MODEL? OR VOLE OR PEST OR ARTHROPOD? OR BENEFICIALS OR TYPHLODROMUS OR APHIDIUS OR PARASITOID
L23 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON PREDATOR OR CHRYSOPERLA OR ORIUS OR SPIDER OR WORM? OR ?WORM OR EISENIA OR SOIL OR COLLEMBOL? OR MACRO ORGANISM OR FOLSOMIA OR SPRINGTAIL OR DECOMPOS? OR MICRO ORGANISMS OR MICROORGANISMS OR MICROBIAL OR CARBON OR NITROGEN
L24 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON PLANT? OR VEGETATIVE VIGO? OR

SEEDLING OR GERMINATION OR MONOCOT? OR DICOT? OR SEWAGE OR
ACTIVATED SLUDGE OR BIODEGRAD? OR BIOACCUMULATION? OR AMPHIB?
OR REPTILE? OR AQUATIC PLANT OR BENEFICIAL
L25 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L18 OR L19 OR L20 OR L21 OR L22
OR L23 OR L24)
SAVE TEMP L25 ECO/Q
D SAVE

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 12:33:22 ON 28 OCT 2019

Final search - publication year 2010-2011:

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:03:38 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L1 3311 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY1/Q
L2 257 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND 2010-2011/PY
L3 249 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T
L4 5 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY2/Q
L5 0 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 AND 2010-2011/PY

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 13:07:29 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L6 6804 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY1/Q
L7 412 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L6 AND 2010-2011/PY
L8 412 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T
L9 3 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY2/Q
L10 0 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 AND 2010-2011/PY

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 13:09:54 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L11 10255 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY1/Q
L12 692 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 AND 2010-2011/PY
L13 583 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T
L14 7 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY2/Q
L15 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 AND 2010-2011/PY
L16 0 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T

FILE 'CABA' ENTERED AT 13:11:30 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L17 17998 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY1/Q
L18 1018 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 AND 2010-2011/PY
L19 1018 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T
L20 5 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY2/Q
L21 0 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 AND 2010-2011/PY

FILE 'FSTA' ENTERED AT 13:12:58 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L22 478 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY1/Q
L23 34 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND 2010-2011/PY
L24 33 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T
L25 4 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY2/Q
L26 0 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND 2010-2011/PY

FILE 'PQSCITECH' ENTERED AT 13:14:11 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L27 4932 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY1/Q
L28 505 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L27 AND 2010-2011/PY
L29 468 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T
L30 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY2/Q
L31 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L30 AND 2010-2011/PY
L32 0 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L31 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T

FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 13:15:40 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L33 14261 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY1/Q
L34 1677 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L33 AND 2010-2011/PY
L35 736 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L34 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T
L36 21 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY2/Q
L37 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 AND 2010-2011/PY
L38 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L37 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 13:17:00 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L39 4013 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY1/Q
L40 336 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L39 AND 2010-2011/PY
L41 335 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T
L42 5 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLY2/Q
L43 0 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L42 AND 2010-2011/PY

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    FILE 'ESBIOBASE' ENTERED AT 13:18:05 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L44        4567 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L45         390 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L44 AND 2010-2011/PY
L46         390 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L45 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
             OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
             T
L47           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L48           0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L47 AND 2010-2011/PY

    FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:19:10 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L49       23450 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L50        3195 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L49 AND 2010-2011/PY
L51         896 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L50 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
             OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
             T
L52          59 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L53           6 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L52 AND 2010-2011/PY
L54           3 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L53 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
             OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
             T

    FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 13:20:41 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L55       10341 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L56         820 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L55 AND 2010-2011/PY
L57         815 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L56 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
             OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
             T
L58           4 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L59           0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L58 AND 2010-2011/PY

    FILE 'TOXCENTER, HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:28:27 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L60           3 DUP REM L38 L54 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                ANSWERS '1-2' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
                ANSWER '3' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
              SAVE L60 GLY2SUBST/A

    FILE 'MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CABA, FSTA, PQSCITECH, TOXCENTER,
    EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 13:29:29 ON 28 OCT 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L61        1955 DUP REM L3 L8 L13 L19 L24 L29 L35 L41 L46 L51 L57 (3980 DUPLICA
                ANSWERS '1-249' FROM FILE MEDLINE
                ANSWERS '250-535' FROM FILE AGRICOLA
                ANSWERS '536-705' FROM FILE BIOSIS
                ANSWERS '706-1209' FROM FILE CABA
                ANSWERS '1210-1218' FROM FILE FSTA
                ANSWERS '1219-1365' FROM FILE PQSCITECH
                ANSWERS '1366-1544' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
                ANSWERS '1545-1602' FROM FILE EMBASE
                ANSWERS '1603-1619' FROM FILE ESBIOBASE
                ANSWERS '1620-1799' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
                ANSWERS '1800-1955' FROM FILE SCISEARCH
              SAVE L61 GLY1SUBST/A
L62        1956 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L60 OR L61
L63        1349 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L62 AND TOX/Q
              SAVE L63 GLYTOX/A
L64        1630 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L62 AND RES/Q
              SAVE L64 GLYRES/A
L65        1015 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L61 AND FATE/Q
              SAVE L65 GLYFATE/A
L66        1764 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L61 AND ECO/Q
              SAVE L66 GLYECO/A
L67        1911 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L63 OR L64 OR L65 OR L66
              SAVE L67 GLY201011/A
E301354C        PRINT WZULEGER@KNOELL.COM N ALL


 SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 14:02:42 ON 28 OCT 2019
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Appendix 4: ORIGINAL SEARCH QUERY - Part 1

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    FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:21:51 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L1        2816 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR
               GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-
               5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR
               69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC
               OR 1066-51-9
L2        1216 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L1 AND 2012-2017/PY
L3        1186 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L2 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
               OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
               T
               SAVE L3 GLY1MEDL/A
L4           3 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO
               ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N
               ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL
               AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL
                PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L5           2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L4 AND 2012-2017/PY
L6           2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L5 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
               OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
               T
               SAVE L6 GLY2MEDL/A

    FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 12:31:43 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L7        6075 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR
               GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-
               5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR
               69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC
               OR 1066-51-9
L8        1482 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L7 AND 2012-2017/PY
L9        1482 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L8 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
               OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
               T
               SAVE L8 GLY1AGRI/A
L10          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO
               ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N
               ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL
               AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL
                PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L11          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L10 AND 2012-2017/PY
L12          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L11 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
               OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
               T
               SAVE L12 GLY2AGRI/A

    FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 12:37:15 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L13       9348 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR
               GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-
               5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR
               69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC
               OR 1066-51-9
L14       2599 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L13 AND 2012-2017/PY
L15       2214 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L14 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
               OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
               T
               SAVE L15 GLY1BIOS/A
L16          4 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO
               ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N
               ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL
               AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL
                PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L17          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L16 AND 2012-2017/PY
L18          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L17 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
               OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
               T
               SAVE L18 GLY2BIOS/A

    FILE 'CABA' ENTERED AT 12:40:03 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L19      16954 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR
               GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-
               5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR
               69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC
               OR 1066-51-9
L20       3417 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L19 AND 2012-2017/PY
L21       3416 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L20 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
               OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
               T
               SAVE L21 GLY1CABA/A
L22          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO
               ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N
               ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL
               AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL
                PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L23          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L22 AND 2012-2017/PY
L24          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L23 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
               OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
               T
               SAVE L24 GLY2CABA/A

    FILE 'FSTA' ENTERED AT 12:45:13 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L25        427 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR
```

GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR 69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC OR 1066-51-9
L26 181 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND 2012-2017/PY
L27 174 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L27 GLY1FSTA/A
L28 3 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L29 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 AND 2012-2017/PY
L30 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L30 GLY2FSTA/A

FILE 'PQSCITECH' ENTERED AT 12:48:48 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L31 4671 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR 69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC OR 1066-51-9
L32 1171 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L31 AND 2012-2017/PY
L33 1043 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L33 GLY1PQSCI/A
L34 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L35 0 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L34 AND 2012-2017/PY

FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 12:51:18 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L36 12807 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR 69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC OR 1066-51-9
L37 4701 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 AND 2012-2017/PY
L38 2929 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L37 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L38 GLY1TOXC/A
L39 16 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L40 6 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L39 AND 2012-2017/PY
L41 6 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L41 GLY2TOXC/A

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 12:55:29 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L42 3332 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR 69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC OR 1066-51-9
L43 1399 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L42 AND 2012-2017/PY
L44 1388 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L43 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L44 GLY1EMBAS/A
L45 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L46 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L45 AND 2012-2017/PY
L47 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L46 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L47 GLY2EMBAS/A

FILE 'ESBIOBASE' ENTERED AT 12:59:06 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L48 4062 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR 69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC OR 1066-51-9
L49 1424 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L48 AND 2012-2017/PY
L50 1420 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L49 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L50 GLY1ESBIO/A
L51 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL

AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L52 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L51 AND 2012-2017/PY
L53 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L52 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L53 GLY2ESBIO/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:06:10 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L54 21464 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR 69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC OR 1066-51-9
L55 9051 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L54 AND 2012-2017/PY
L56 3028 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L55 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L56 GLY1HCAP/A
L57 49 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L58 15 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L57 AND 2012-2017/PY
L59 8 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L58 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L59 GLY2HCAP/A

FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 13:08:59 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L60 9189 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR 69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC OR 1066-51-9
L61 3278 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L60 AND 2012-2017/PY
L62 3234 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L61 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L62 GLY1SCIS/A
L63 3 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
L64 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L63 AND 2012-2017/PY
L65 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L64 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
SAVE L65 GLY2SCIS/A

FILE 'MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CABA, FSTA, TOXCENTER, EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 13:15:58 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L66 11 DUP REM L6 L12 L18 L24 L30 L41 L47 L53 L59 L65 (17 DUPLICATES R
ANSWERS '1-2' FROM FILE MEDLINE
ANSWER '3' FROM FILE CABA
ANSWER '4' FROM FILE FSTA
ANSWERS '5-6' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
ANSWERS '7-11' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
SAVE L66 GLY1/A

FILE 'MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CABA, FSTA, PQSCITECH, TOXCENTER, EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 13:18:05 ON 08 JUN 2018
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L67 7119 DUP REM L3 L8 L15 L21 L27 L33 L38 L44 L50 L56 L62 (14395 DUPLIC
ANSWERS '1-1186' FROM FILE MEDLINE
ANSWERS '1187-2095' FROM FILE AGRICOLA
ANSWERS '2096-2843' FROM FILE BIOSIS
ANSWERS '2844-4456' FROM FILE CABA
ANSWERS '4457-4510' FROM FILE FSTA
ANSWERS '4511-4845' FROM FILE PQSCITECH
ANSWERS '4846-5504' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
ANSWERS '5505-5753' FROM FILE EMBASE
ANSWERS '5754-5800' FROM FILE ESBIOBASE
ANSWERS '5801-6426' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
ANSWERS '6427-7119' FROM FILE SCISEARCH
L68 7123 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR L67
L69 2786 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L68 AND (TOX? OR HAZARD? OR ADVERSE OR HEALTH OR NOAEL OR NOEL OR LOAEL OR LOEL OR BMD? OR IN VIVO OR IN VITRO OR INVIVO OR INVITRO OR MODE OF ACTION OR SKIN? OR EYE? OR IRRIT? OR SENSI? OR ALLERG?)
L70 2062 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L68 AND (RAT OR RATS OR DOG? OR RABBIT? OR GUINEA PIG? OR MOUSE OR MICE OR METABOLISM OR METABOLITE? OR METABOLIC OR DISTRIBUTION OR ADSORPTION OR EXCRETION OR ELIMINATION OR KINETIC OR CYTOCHROME OR ENZYM?)
L71 2897 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L68 AND (GEN? OR MUTA? OR CHROMOS? OR CLASTOGEN? OR DNA OR CARCINO? OR CANCER? OR TUMOR? OR TUMOUR? OR ONCOG? OR ONCOL? OR MALIGN? OR IMMUN? OR NEUR? OR ENDOCRIN? OR HORMON? OR GONAD? OR DISRUPT?)
L72 2459 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L68 AND (REPRODUCT? OR DEVELOPMENT? OR MALFORM? OR ANOMAL? OR FERTIL? OR FOET? OR FET? OR MATERN? OR PREGNAN? OR EMBRYO? OR EPIDEM? OR MEDICAL? OR POISON? OR EXPOSURE OR OPERATOR? OR BYSTANDER? OR RESIDENT? OR WORKER? OR OCCUPAT?)
L73 793 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L68 AND (BIOMONITORING OR HUMAN EXPOSURE OR MICROBIOME OR OXIDATIVE STRESS OR APOPTOSIS OR

NECROSIS OR CYTOTOXICITY OR POLYOXYETHYLENEAMINE OR POEA OR SURFACTANT OR RISK ASSESSMENT?)
L74 5428 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L69 OR L70 OR L71 OR L72 OR L73)

SAVE L74 GLYTOX/A
L75 2180 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L68 AND (UPTAKE OR TRANSLOCATION OR RUMEN OR STORAGE STABILITY OR STORAGE OR STABILITY OR METABOLIC OR METABOLISM OR BREAKDOWN OR NATURE OF RESIDUES OR RESIDUE? OR MAGNITUDE OF RESIDUES OR PROCESS? OR EFFECTS OF PROCESSING)
L76 5121 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L68 AND (DESSICANT OR PREHARVEST OR PREEMERG? OR ?RESISTANT? OR ?TOLERAN? OR TRANSGENIC OR HYDROLY? OR ROTATION? OR SUCCEED? OR PLANT? OR CROP? OR FEED? OR ANIMAL? OR LIVESTOCK? OR HEN OR CATTLE OR RUMINANT?)
L77 1847 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L68 AND (GOAT? OR COW? OR PIG? OR DIETARY OR ASSESSMENT OR RISK ASSESSMENT OR CONSUM? OR EXPOSURE)
L78 6170 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L75 OR L76 OR L77)
SAVE L78 GLYRES/A
L79 2696 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND (SOIL OR WATER OR SEDIMENT OR DEGRADAT? OR PHOTO? OR SOIL RESIDUES OR SOIL ACCUMULAT? OR SOIL CONTAMINAT? OR MOBILITY OR SORPTION OR COLUMN LEACHING OR AGED RESIDUE OR LEACH? OR LYSIMETER OR GROUNDWATER)
L80 1145 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND (CONTAMINAT? OR MICROB? OR EXUDATION OR RHIZOSPHERE OR DISSIPATION OR SATURATED ZONE OR HYDROLYSIS OR DRIFT OR RUN-OFF OR RUNOFF OR DRAINAGE OR VOLAT? OR ATMOSPHERE OR LONG-RANGE TRANSPORT OR SHORT-RANGE TRANSPORT)

L81 1327 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND (TRANSPORT OR MICRONUTRIENT OR PHOSPHATE OR IRON OR MANGANESE OR HALF-LIFE OR HALFLIFE OR HALF-LIVES OR HALFLIVES OR DT50 OR KINETICS OR OFF-SITE MOVEMENT OR REMOVAL OR DRINKING WATER OR WATER TREATMENT PROCESSES)
L82 1105 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND (ATMOSPHERIC DEPOSITION OR TILE-DRAINS OR SURFACE WATER OR MONITORING DATA OR DISINFECTANT OR OZONE OR TILLAGE OR INFILTRATION OR HARD SURFACE OR RAINWATER OR RAIN WATER OR CHELAT? OR COMPLEX? OR MINERALIZATIO N OR PERSISTENCE OR LIGAND)
L83 3895 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L79 OR L80 OR L81 OR L82)
SAVE L83 GLYFATE/A
L84 4237 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND (TOX? OR ECOTOX? OR ?TOXIC OR ?TOXICITY OR HAZARD OR ADVERSE OR ENDOCRINE DISRUPT? OR BIOACCUMULATE? OR BIOMAGNIFI? OR BIOCONCENTRATION OR POISON OR EFFECT OR INDIRECT EFFECT? OR DIRECT EFFECT? OR BIODIVERS? OR PROTECTION GOALS OR ECO?)
L85 3189 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND (IMPACT OR POPULATION OR COMMUNITY OR WILDLIFE OR INCIDENT OR PEST OR BIRD? OR ACUTE OR CHRONIC OR LONG-TERM OR MALLARD OR DUCK OR QUAIL OR BOBWHITE OR ANAS? OR COLINUS? OR WILD OR DIETARY OR AQUATIC OR FISH OR DAPHNI? OR ALG? OR CHIRON?)
L86 1935 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND (SEDIMENT DWELL? OR BENTHIC OR LEMNA OR MARIN? OR ESTUARINE OR CRUSTA? OR GASTROPOD ? OR INSECT OR MOLLUSC OR REPTILE OR AMPHIB? OR BEE? OR APIS OR APIDAE OR BUMBLE? OR COLONY OR HIVE OR POLLINATOR)
L87 2102 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND (SOLITARY OR ALG? OR AQUATIC OR FRESHWATER OR VERTEBRAT? OR MAMMAL? OR RAT OR MOUSE OR MICE OR RABBIT OR HARE OR PROTECTION OR MODEL? OR VOLE OR PEST OR ARTHROPOD? OR BENEFICIALS OR TYPHLODROMUS OR APHIDIUS OR PARASITOID)
L88 1953 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND (PREDATOR OR CHRYSOPERLA OR ORIUS OR SPIDER OR WORM? OR ?WORM OR EISENIA OR SOIL OR COLLEMBOL? OR MACRO ORGANISM OR FOLSOMIA OR SPRINGTAIL OR DECOMPOS? OR MICRO ORGANISMS OR MICROORGANISMS OR MICROBIAL OR CARBON OR NITROGEN)
L89 3955 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND (PLANT? OR VEGETATIVE VIGO? OR SEEDLING OR GERMINATION OR MONOCOT? OR DICOT? OR SEWAGE OR ACTIVATED SLUDGE OR BIODEGRAD? OR BIOACCUMULATION? OR AMPHIB? OR REPTILE? OR AQUATIC PLANT OR BENEFICIAL)
L90 446 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L67 AND PLANT AND (SUBMERGE? OR EMERGE?)
L91 6605 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L84 OR L85 OR L86 OR L87 OR L88 OR L89 OR L90)
SAVE L91 GLYECO/A
L92 7031 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L74 OR L78 OR L83 OR L91
SAVE L92 GLYFINAL/A

STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 14:17:00 ON 08 JUN 2018

Appendix 5: ORIGINAL SEARCH QUERY - Part 2a & 2b

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:56:20 ON 04 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689

L1 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR 69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC OR 1066-51-9
SAVE L1 GLY1/Q

L2 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
SAVE L2 GLY2/Q

L3 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TOX? OR HAZARD? OR ADVERSE OR HEALTH OR NOAEL OR NOEL OR LOAEL OR LOEL OR BMD? OR IN VIVO OR IN VITRO OR INVIVO OR INVITRO OR MODE OF ACTION OR SKIN? OR EYE? OR IRRIT? OR SENSI? OR ALLERG?
L4 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON RAT OR RATS OR DOG? OR RABBIT? OR GUINEA PIG? OR MOUSE OR MICE OR METABOLISM OR METABOLITE? OR METABOLIC OR DISTRIBUTION OR ADSORPTION OR EXCRETION OR ELIMINATION OR KINETIC OR CYTOCHROME OR ENZYM?
L5 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GEN? OR MUTA? OR CHROMOS? OR CLASTOGEN? OR DNA OR CARCINO? OR CANCER? OR TUMOR? OR TUMOUR? OR ONCOG? OR ONCOL? OR MALIGN? OR IMMUN? OR NEUR? OR ENDOCRIN? OR HORMON? OR GONAD? OR DISRUPT?
L6 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON REPRODUCT? OR DEVELOPMENT? OR MALFORM? OR ANOMAL? OR FERTIL? OR FOET? OR FET? OR MATERN? OR PREGNAN? OR EMBRYO? OR EPIDEM? OR MEDICAL? OR POISON? OR EXPOSURE OR OPERATOR? OR BYSTANDER? OR RESIDENT? OR WORKER? OR OCCUPAT?
L7 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON BIOMONITORING OR HUMAN EXPOSURE OR MICROBIOME OR OXIDATIVE STRESS OR APOPTOSIS OR NECROSIS OR CYTOTOXICITY OR POLYOXYETHYLENEAMINE OR POEA OR SURFACTANT OR RISK ASSESSMENT?
L8 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7)
SAVE L8 TOX/Q

L9 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON UPTAKE OR TRANSLOCATION OR RUMEN OR STORAGE STABILITY OR STORAGE OR STABILITY OR METABOLIC OR METABOLISM OR BREAKDOWN OR NATURE OF RESIDUES OR RESIDUE? OR MAGNITUDE OF RESIDUES OR PROCESS? OR EFFECTS OF PROCESSING
L10 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON DESSICANT OR PREHARVEST OR PREEMERG? OR ?RESISTANT? OR ?TOLERAN? OR TRANSGENIC OR HYDROLY? OR ROTATION? OR SUCCEED? OR PLANT? OR CROP? OR FEED? OR ANIMAL? OR LIVESTOCK? OR HEN OR CATTLE OR RUMINANT?
L11 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GOAT? OR COW? OR PIG? OR DIETARY OR ASSESSMENT OR RISK ASSESSMENT OR CONSUM? OR EXPOSURE
L12 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L9 OR L10 OR L11)
SAVE L12 RES/Q

L13 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SOIL OR WATER OR SEDIMENT OR DEGRADAT? OR PHOTO? OR SOIL RESIDUES OR SOIL ACCUMULAT? OR SOIL CONTAMINAT? OR MOBILITY OR SORPTION OR COLUMN LEACHING OR AGED RESIDUE OR LEACH? OR LYSIMETER OR GROUNDWATER
L14 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON CONTAMINAT? OR MICROB? OR EXUDATION OR RHIZOSPHERE OR DISSIPATION OR SATURATED ZONE OR HYDROLYSIS OR DRIFT OR RUN-OFF OR RUNOFF OR DRAINAGE OR VOLAT? OR ATMOSPHERE OR LONG-RANGE TRANSPORT OR SHORT-RANGE TRANSPORT
L15 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TRANSPORT OR MICRONUTRIENT OR PHOSPHATE OR IRON OR MANGANESE OR HALF-LIFE OR HALFLIFE OR HALF-LIVES OR HALFLIVES OR DT50 OR KINETICS OR OFF-SITE MOVEMENT OR REMOVAL OR DRINKING WATER OR WATER TREATMENT PROCESSES
L16 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON ATMOSPHERIC DEPOSITION OR TILE-DRAINS OR SURFACE WATER OR MONITORING DATA OR DISINFECTANT OR OZONE OR TILLAGE OR INFILTRATION OR HARD SURFACE OR RAINWATER OR RAIN WATER OR CHELAT? OR COMPLEX? OR MINERALIZATION OR PERSISTENCE OR LIGAND
L17 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L13 OR L14 OR L15 OR L16)
SAVE L17 FATE/Q

L18 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TOX? OR ECOTOX? OR ?TOXIC OR ?TOXICITY OR HAZARD OR ADVERSE OR ENDOCRINE DISRUPT? OR BIOACCUMULATE? OR BIOMAGNIFI? OR BIOCONCENTRATION OR POISON OR EFFECT OR INDIRECT EFFECT? OR DIRECT EFFECT? OR BIODIVERS? OR PROTECTION GOALS OR ECO?
L19 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON IMPACT OR POPULATION OR COMMUNITY OR WILDLIFE OR INCIDENT OR PEST OR BIRD? OR ACUTE OR CHRONIC OR LONG-TERM OR MALLARD OR DUCK OR QUAIL OR BOBWHITE OR ANAS? OR COLINUS? OR WILD OR DIETARY OR AQUATIC OR FISH OR DAPHNI? OR ALG? OR CHIRON?
L20 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SEDIMENT DWELL? OR BENTHIC OR LEMNA OR MARIN? OR ESTUARINE OR CRUSTA? OR GASTROPOD? OR INSECT OR MOLLUSC OR REPTILE OR AMPHIB? OR BEE? OR APIS OR APIDAE OR BUMBLE? OR COLONY OR HIVE OR POLLINATOR
L21 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON PLANT AND (SUBMERGE? OR EMERGE?)
L22 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SOLITARY OR ALG? OR AQUATIC OR FRESHWATER OR VERTEBRAT? OR MAMMAL? OR RAT OR MOUSE OR MICE OR RABBIT OR HARE OR PROTECTION OR MODEL? OR VOLE OR PEST OR ARTHROPOD? OR BENEFICIALS OR TYPHLODROMUS OR APHIDIUS OR PARASITOID
L23 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON PREDATOR OR CHRYSOPERLA OR ORIUS OR SPIDER OR WORM? OR ?WORM OR EISENIA OR SOIL OR COLLEMBOL?

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          OR MACRO ORGANISM OR FOLSOMIA OR SPRINGTAIL OR DECOMPOS? OR
          MICRO ORGANISMS OR MICROORGANISMS OR MICROBIAL OR CARBON OR
          NITROGEN
L24         QUE SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  PLANT? OR VEGETATIVE VIGO? OR
          SEEDLING OR GERMINATION OR MONOCOT? OR DICOT? OR SEWAGE OR
          ACTIVATED SLUDGE OR BIODEGRAD? OR BIOACCUMULATION? OR AMPHIB?
          OR REPTILE? OR AQUATIC PLANT OR BENEFICIAL
L25         QUE SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  (L18 OR L19 OR L20 OR L21 OR L22
          OR L23 OR L24)
          SAVE L25 ECO/Q

 SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 14:25:17 ON 04 JUL 2019
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Final search - publication year 2010-2011 and 2018:

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    FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:20:48 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L1        3202 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L2         602 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L1 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L3         582 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L2 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE L3 GLY1MEDL/A
L4          4 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L5          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L4 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L6          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L5 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE L6 GLY2MEDL/A

    FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 13:28:28 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L7        6647 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L8         773 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L7 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L9         773 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L8 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE L9 GLY1AGRI/A
L10         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L11         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L10 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)

    FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 13:32:55 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L12      10087 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L13       1325 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L12 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L14       1134 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L13 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE L14 GLY1BIOS/A
L15         5 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L16         3 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L15 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L17         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L16 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE L17 GLY2BIOS/A

    FILE 'CABA' ENTERED AT 13:35:53 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L18      17709 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L19       1582 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L18 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L20       1581 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L19 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE L20 GLY1CABA/A
L21         3 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L22         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L21 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)

    FILE 'FSTA' ENTERED AT 13:37:51 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L23       459 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L24        72 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L23 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L25        70 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L24 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE L25 GLY1FSTA/A
L26         3 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L27         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L26 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L28         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L27 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE L28 GLY2FSTA/A

    FILE 'PQSCITECH' ENTERED AT 13:41:25 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L29       4920 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L30        647 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L29 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L31        592 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L30 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE L31 GLY1PQSCI/A
L32         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L33         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L32 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L34         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L33 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T

    FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 13:43:02 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L35       13930 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
```

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L36      2526 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L35 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L37      1382 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L36 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
              OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
              T
              SAVE L37 GLY1TOXC/A
L38        20 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L39         6 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L38 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L40         4 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L39 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
              OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
              T
              SAVE L40 GLY2TOXC/A

    FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 13:45:19 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L41      3877 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L42       719 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L41 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L43       714 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L42 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
              OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
              T
              SAVE L43 GLY1EMBAS/A
L44         4 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L45         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L44 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L46         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L45 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
              OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
              T
              SAVE L46 GLY2EMBAS/A

    FILE 'ESBIOBASE' ENTERED AT 13:48:00 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L47      4278 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L48       773 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L47 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L49       771 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L48 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
              OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
              T
              SAVE L49 GLY1ESBIO/A
L50         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L51         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L50 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)

    FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:49:40 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L52     23049 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L53      5095 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L52 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L54      1407 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L53 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
              OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
              T
              SAVE L54 GLY1HCAP/A
L55        57 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L56        13 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L55 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L57         6 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L56 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
              OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
              T
              SAVE L57 GLY2HCAP/A

    FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 13:52:17 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L58     10093 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L59      1608 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L58 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L60      1586 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L59 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
              OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
              T
              SAVE L60 GLY1SCIS/A
L61         3 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L62         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L61 AND (2010-2011/PY OR 2018/PY)
L63         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L62 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
              OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
              T
              SAVE L63 GLY2SCIS/A

    FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 13:57:54 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689

    FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, FSTA, TOXCENTER, EMBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH'
    ENTERED AT 14:06:02 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L64         7 DUP REM L6 L17 L28 L40 L46 L57 L63 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                ANSWER '1' FROM FILE MEDLINE
                ANSWERS '2-4' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
                ANSWERS '5-7' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
              SAVE L64 GLY2SUBST/A

    FILE 'MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CABA, FSTA, PQSCITECH, TOXCENTER,
    EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 14:07:06 ON 08 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L65      3345 DUP REM L3 L9 L14 L20 L25 L31 L37 L43 L49 L54 L60 (7247 DUPLICA
                ANSWERS '1-581' FROM FILE MEDLINE
                ANSWERS '582-1050' FROM FILE AGRICOLA
                ANSWERS '1051-1384' FROM FILE BIOSIS
                ANSWERS '1385-2096' FROM FILE CABA
                ANSWERS '2097-2115' FROM FILE FSTA
                ANSWERS '2116-2314' FROM FILE PQSCITECH
                ANSWERS '2315-2582' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
                ANSWERS '2583-2709' FROM FILE EMBASE
                ANSWERS '2710-2747' FROM FILE ESBIOBASE
                ANSWERS '2748-3010' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
                ANSWERS '3011-3345' FROM FILE SCISEARCH
              SAVE L65 GLY1SUBST/A
              D COST FUL
L66      3346 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L64 OR L65
L67      2492 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L66 AND TOX/Q
              SAVE L67 GLYTOX/A
L68      2868 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L66 AND RES/Q
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```
          SAVE L68 GLYRES/A
L69       1831 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L65 AND FATE/Q
          SAVE L69 GLYFATE/A
L70       3076 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L65 AND ECO/Q
          SAVE L70 GLYECO/A
L71       3291 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L67 OR L68 OR L69 OR L70
          SAVE L71 GLYFINALUPD/A

 SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 16:10:37 ON 08 JUL 2019
```

Final search - amendment of publication year 2019:

```
    FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:54:19 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L1         239 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L2         238 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L1 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T
L3           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY
L4           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L3 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T

    FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 10:57:30 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L5         133 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L6         133 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L5 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T
L7           0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY

    FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:58:37 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L8         252 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L9         240 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L8 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T
L10          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY

    FILE 'CABA' ENTERED AT 10:59:24 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L11        106 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L12        106 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L11 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T
L13          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY

    FILE 'FSTA' ENTERED AT 10:59:58 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L14         14 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L15         14 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L14 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T
L16          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY

    FILE 'PQSCITECH' ENTERED AT 11:00:51 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L17         51 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L18         45 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L17 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T
L19          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY

    FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 11:01:45 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L20        475 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L21        344 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L20 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T
L22          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY
L23          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L22 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T

    FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 11:06:25 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L24        249 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L25        247 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L24 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T
L26          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY
L27          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L26 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T

    FILE 'ESBIOBASE' ENTERED AT 11:07:10 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L28        186 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L29        185 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L28 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T
L30          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY

    FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:08:31 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L31       1153 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L32        293 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L31 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
           OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
           T
L33          3 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY
```

```
L34          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L33 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
             OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
             T

    FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 11:09:30 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L35        393 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q AND 2019/PY
L36        383 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L35 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
             OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
             T
L37          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q AND 2019/PY

    FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:11:34 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689

    FILE 'MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, EMBASE, HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:14:41 ON 10 JUL
    2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L38          3 DUP REM L4 L23 L27 L34 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                 ANSWER '1' FROM FILE MEDLINE
                 ANSWER '2' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
                 ANSWER '3' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
             SAVE L38 GLY2SUB2019/A

    FILE 'MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CABA, FSTA, PQSCITECH, TOXCENTER,
    EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 11:15:55 ON 10 JUL 2019
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L39        706 DUP REM L2 L6 L9 L12 L15 L18 L21 L25 L29 L32 L36 (1522 DUPLICAT
                 ANSWERS '1-238' FROM FILE MEDLINE
                 ANSWERS '239-293' FROM FILE AGRICOLA
                 ANSWERS '294-397' FROM FILE BIOSIS
                 ANSWERS '398-416' FROM FILE CABA
                 ANSWERS '417-418' FROM FILE FSTA
                 ANSWERS '419-434' FROM FILE PQSCITECH
                 ANSWERS '435-498' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
                 ANSWERS '499-539' FROM FILE EMBASE
                 ANSWERS '540-555' FROM FILE ESBIOBASE
                 ANSWERS '556-601' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
                 ANSWERS '602-706' FROM FILE SCISEARCH
             SAVE L39 GLY1SUB2019/A
L40        707 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L38 OR L39
L41        623 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L40 AND TOX/Q
             SAVE L41 GLYTOX2019/A
L42        613 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L40 AND RES/Q
             SAVE L42 GLYRES2019/A
L43        445 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L39 AND FATE/Q
             SAVE L43 GLYFATE2019/A
L44        677 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L39 AND ECO/Q
             SAVE L44 GLYECO2019/A
L45        703 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L41 OR L42 OR L43 OR L44
             SAVE L45 GLYFINAL2019/A

             ACT GLYFINALUPD/A
             ---------
L46(         7)DUP REM L46 L46 L46 L46 L46 L46 L46 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVE
L47(      3345)DUP REM L46 L46 L46 L46 L46 L46 L46 L46 L46 L46 L46 L46
L48(         1)SEA FILE=MEDLINE L46
L49(       581)SEA FILE=MEDLINE L47
L50(       581)SEA FILE=MEDLINE L48 OR L49
L51(         0)SEA FILE=AGRICOLA L46
L52(       469)SEA FILE=AGRICOLA L47
L53(       469)SEA FILE=AGRICOLA L51 OR L52
L54(         0)SEA FILE=BIOSIS L46
L55(       334)SEA FILE=BIOSIS L47
L56(       334)SEA FILE=BIOSIS L54 OR L55
L57(         0)SEA FILE=CABA L46
L58(       712)SEA FILE=CABA L47
L59(       712)SEA FILE=CABA L57 OR L58
L60(         0)SEA FILE=FSTA L46
L61(        19)SEA FILE=FSTA L47
L62(        19)SEA FILE=FSTA L60 OR L61
L63(         0)SEA FILE=PQSCITECH L46
L64(       199)SEA FILE=PQSCITECH L47
L65(       199)SEA FILE=PQSCITECH L63 OR L64
L66(         3)SEA FILE=TOXCENTER L46
L67(       268)SEA FILE=TOXCENTER L47
L68(       269)SEA FILE=TOXCENTER L66 OR L67
L69(         0)SEA FILE=EMBASE L46
L70(       127)SEA FILE=EMBASE L47
L71(       127)SEA FILE=EMBASE L69 OR L70
L72(         0)SEA FILE=ESBIOBASE L46
L73(        38)SEA FILE=ESBIOBASE L47
L74(        38)SEA FILE=ESBIOBASE L72 OR L73
L75(         3)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L46
L76(       263)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L47
L77(       263)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L75 OR L76
L78(         0)SEA FILE=SCISEARCH L46
L79(       335)SEA FILE=SCISEARCH L47
L80(       335)SEA FILE=SCISEARCH L78 OR L79
L81(      3346)SEA L46 OR L47
L82(       545)SEA FILE=MEDLINE L50 AND TOX/Q
L83(       315)SEA FILE=AGRICOLA L53 AND TOX/Q
L84(       255)SEA FILE=BIOSIS L56 AND TOX/Q
L85(       461)SEA FILE=CABA L59 AND TOX/Q
L86(        17)SEA FILE=FSTA L62 AND TOX/Q
L87(       112)SEA FILE=PQSCITECH L65 AND TOX/Q
L88(       214)SEA FILE=TOXCENTER L68 AND TOX/Q
L89(       121)SEA FILE=EMBASE L71 AND TOX/Q
L90(        28)SEA FILE=ESBIOBASE L74 AND TOX/Q
L91(       175)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L77 AND TOX/Q
L92(       249)SEA FILE=SCISEARCH L80 AND TOX/Q
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L93(2492)SEA L81 AND TOX/Q
L94(518)SEA FILE=MEDLINE L50 AND RES/Q
L95(415)SEA FILE=AGRICOLA L53 AND RES/Q
L96(326)SEA FILE=BIOSIS L56 AND RES/Q
L97(699)SEA FILE=CABA L59 AND RES/Q
L98(18)SEA FILE=FSTA L62 AND RES/Q
L99(134)SEA FILE=PQSCITECH L65 AND RES/Q
L100(201)SEA FILE=TOXCENTER L68 AND RES/Q
L101(106)SEA FILE=EMBASE L71 AND RES/Q
L102(31)SEA FILE=ESBIOBASE L74 AND RES/Q
L103(160)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L77 AND RES/Q
L104(260)SEA FILE=SCISEARCH L80 AND RES/Q
L105(2868)SEA L81 AND RES/Q
L106(581)SEA FILE=MEDLINE L47
L107(401)SEA FILE=MEDLINE L106 AND FATE/Q
L108(469)SEA FILE=AGRICOLA L47
L109(245)SEA FILE=AGRICOLA L108 AND FATE/Q
L110(334)SEA FILE=BIOSIS L47
L111(183)SEA FILE=BIOSIS L110 AND FATE/Q
L112(712)SEA FILE=CABA L47
L113(327)SEA FILE=CABA L112 AND FATE/Q
L114(19)SEA FILE=FSTA L47
L115(6)SEA FILE=FSTA L114 AND FATE/Q
L116(199)SEA FILE=PQSCITECH L47
L117(83)SEA FILE=PQSCITECH L116 AND FATE/Q
L118(268)SEA FILE=TOXCENTER L47
L119(166)SEA FILE=TOXCENTER L118 AND FATE/Q
L120(127)SEA FILE=EMBASE L47
L121(51)SEA FILE=EMBASE L120 AND FATE/Q
L122(38)SEA FILE=ESBIOBASE L47
L123(16)SEA FILE=ESBIOBASE L122 AND FATE/Q
L124(263)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L47
L125(165)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L124 AND FATE/Q
L126(335)SEA FILE=SCISEARCH L47
L127(188)SEA FILE=SCISEARCH L126 AND FATE/Q
L128(1831)SEA L47 AND FATE/Q
L129(581)SEA FILE=MEDLINE L47
L130(556)SEA FILE=MEDLINE L129 AND ECO/Q
L131(469)SEA FILE=AGRICOLA L47
L132(433)SEA FILE=AGRICOLA L131 AND ECO/Q
L133(334)SEA FILE=BIOSIS L47
L134(334)SEA FILE=BIOSIS L133 AND ECO/Q
L135(712)SEA FILE=CABA L47
L136(707)SEA FILE=CABA L135 AND ECO/Q
L137(19)SEA FILE=FSTA L47
L138(17)SEA FILE=FSTA L137 AND ECO/Q
L139(199)SEA FILE=PQSCITECH L47
L140(142)SEA FILE=PQSCITECH L139 AND ECO/Q
L141(268)SEA FILE=TOXCENTER L47
L142(245)SEA FILE=TOXCENTER L141 AND ECO/Q
L143(127)SEA FILE=EMBASE L47
L144(114)SEA FILE=EMBASE L143 AND ECO/Q
L145(38)SEA FILE=ESBIOBASE L47
L146(32)SEA FILE=ESBIOBASE L145 AND ECO/Q
L147(263)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L47
L148(198)SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L147 AND ECO/Q
L149(335)SEA FILE=SCISEARCH L47
L150(298)SEA FILE=SCISEARCH L149 AND ECO/Q
L151(3076)SEA L47 AND ECO/Q
L152 581 SEA L82 OR L94 OR L107 OR L130
L153 466 SEA L83 OR L95 OR L109 OR L132
L154 334 SEA L84 OR L96 OR L111 OR L134
L155 711 SEA L85 OR L97 OR L113 OR L136
L156 19 SEA L86 OR L98 OR L115 OR L138
L157 182 SEA L87 OR L99 OR L117 OR L140
L158 265 SEA L88 OR L100 OR L119 OR L142
L159 125 SEA L89 OR L101 OR L121 OR L144
L160 38 SEA L90 OR L102 OR L123 OR L146
L161 248 SEA L91 OR L103 OR L125 OR L148
L162 322 SEA L92 OR L104 OR L127 OR L150
L163 3291 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L93 OR L105 OR L128 OR L151

L164 3994 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L163 OR L45
SAVE L164 GLYFINALMERG/A
L165 1909 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L164 AND 2010-2011/PY
SAVE L165 GLY201011/A
L166 2085 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L164 NOT L165
SAVE L166 GLY201819/A
E191244C PRINT WZULEGER@KNOELL.COM N ALL

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 12:24:27 ON 10 JUL 2019

Appendix 6: ORIGINAL SEARCH QUERY - Part 3

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:55:43 ON 06 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689

L1 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GLYPHOSAT? OR GLIFOSAT? OR GLYFOSAT? OR 1071-83-6 OR 38641-94-0 OR 70901-12-1 OR 39600-42-5 OR 69200-57-3 OR 34494-04-7 OR 114370-14-8 OR 40465-66-5 OR 69254-40-6 OR AMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC OR AMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC OR 1066-51-9
SAVE TEMP L1 GLY1/Q

L2 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 ACETYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR N ACETYL GLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYLGLYPHOSATE OR N ACETYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR 129660-96-4 OR N ACETYL AMPA OR ACETYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR ACETYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 57637-97-5
SAVE TEMP L2 GLY2/Q

L3 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TOX? OR HAZARD? OR ADVERSE OR HEALTH OR NOAEL OR NOEL OR LOAEL OR LOEL OR BMD? OR IN VIVO OR IN VITRO OR INVIVO OR INVITRO OR MODE OF ACTION OR SKIN? OR EYE? OR IRRIT? OR SENSI? OR ALLERG?

L4 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON RAT OR RATS OR DOG? OR RABBIT? OR GUINEA PIG? OR MOUSE OR MICE OR METABOLISM OR METABOLITE? OR METABOLIC OR DISTRIBUTION OR ADSORPTION OR EXCRETION OR ELIMINATION OR KINETIC OR CYTOCHROME OR ENZYM?

L5 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GEN? OR MUTA? OR CHROMOS? OR CLASTOGEN? OR DNA OR CARCINO? OR CANCER? OR TUMOR? OR TUMOUR? OR ONCOG? OR ONCOL? OR MALIGN? OR IMMUN? OR NEUR? OR ENDOCRIN? OR HORMON? OR GONAD? OR DISRUPT?

L6 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON REPRODUCT? OR DEVELOPMENT? OR MALFORM? OR ANOMAL? OR FERTIL? OR FOET? OR FET? OR MATERN? OR PREGNAN? OR EMBRYO? OR EPIDEM? OR MEDICAL? OR POISON? OR EXPOSURE OR OPERATOR? OR BYSTANDER? OR RESIDENT? OR WORKER? OR OCCUPAT?

L7 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON BIOMONITORING OR HUMAN EXPOSURE OR MICROBIOME OR OXIDATIVE STRESS OR APOPTOSIS OR NECROSIS OR CYTOTOXICITY OR POLYOXYETHYLENEAMINE OR POEA OR SURFACTANT OR RISK ASSESSMENT?

L8 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7)
SAVE TEMP L8 TOX/Q

L9 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON UPTAKE OR TRANSLOCATION OR RUMEN OR STORAGE STABILITY OR STORAGE OR STABILITY OR METABOLIC OR METABOLISM OR BREAKDOWN OR NATURE OF RESIDUES OR RESIDUE? OR MAGNITUDE OF RESIDUES OR PROCESS? OR EFFECTS OF PROCESSING

L10 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON DESSICANT OR PREHARVEST OR PREEMERG? OR ?RESISTANT? OR ?TOLERAN? OR TRANSGENIC OR HYDROLY? OR ROTATION? OR SUCCEED? OR PLANT? OR CROP? OR FEED? OR ANIMAL? OR LIVESTOCK? OR HEN OR CATTLE OR RUMINANT?

L11 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GOAT? OR COW? OR PIG? OR DIETARY OR ASSESSMENT OR RISK ASSESSMENT OR CONSUM? OR EXPOSURE

L12 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L9 OR L10 OR L11)
SAVE TEMP L12 RES/Q

L13 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SOIL OR WATER OR SEDIMENT OR DEGRADAT? OR PHOTO? OR SOIL RESIDUES OR SOIL ACCUMULAT? OR SOIL CONTAMINAT? OR MOBILITY OR SORPTION OR COLUMN LEACHING OR AGED RESIDUE OR LEACH? OR LYSIMETER OR GROUNDWATER

L14 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON CONTAMINAT? OR MICROB? OR EXUDATION OR RHIZOSPHERE OR DISSIPATION OR SATURATED ZONE OR HYDROLYSIS OR DRIFT OR RUN-OFF OR RUNOFF OR DRAINAGE OR VOLAT? OR ATMOSPHERE OR LONG-RANGE TRANSPORT OR SHORT-RANGE TRANSPORT

L15 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TRANSPORT OR MICRONUTRIENT OR PHOSPHATE OR IRON OR MANGANESE OR HALF-LIFE OR HALFLIFE OR HALF-LIVES OR HALFLIVES OR DT50 OR KINETICS OR OFF-SITE MOVEMENT OR REMOVAL OR DRINKING WATER OR WATER TREATMENT PROCESSES

L16 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON ATMOSPHERIC DEPOSITION OR TILE-DRAINS OR SURFACE WATER OR MONITORING DATA OR DISINFECTANT OR OZONE OR TILLAGE OR INFILTRATION OR HARD SURFACE OR RAINWATER OR RAIN WATER OR CHELAT? OR COMPLEX? OR MINERALIZATION OR PERSISTENCE OR LIGAND

L17 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L13 OR L14 OR L15 OR L16)
SAVE TEMP L17 FATE/Q

L18 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TOX? OR ECOTOX? OR ?TOXIC OR ?TOXICITY OR HAZARD OR ADVERSE OR ENDOCRINE DISRUPT? OR BIOACCUMULATE? OR BIOMAGNIFI? OR BIOCONCENTRATION OR POISON OR EFFECT OR INDIRECT EFFECT? OR DIRECT EFFECT? OR BIODIVERS? OR PROTECTION GOALS OR ECO?

L19 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON IMPACT OR POPULATION OR COMMUNITY OR WILDLIFE OR INCIDENT OR PEST OR BIRD? OR ACUTE OR CHRONIC OR LONG-TERM OR MALLARD OR DUCK OR QUAIL OR BOBWHITE OR ANAS? OR COLINUS? OR WILD OR DIETARY OR AQUATIC OR FISH OR DAPHNI? OR ALG? OR CHIRON?

L20 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SEDIMENT DWELL? OR BENTHIC OR LEMNA OR MARIN? OR ESTUARINE OR CRUSTA? OR GASTROPOD? OR INSECT OR MOLLUSC OR REPTILE OR AMPHIB? OR BEE? OR APIS OR APIDAE OR BUMBLE? OR COLONY OR HIVE OR POLLINATOR

L21 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON PLANT AND (SUBMERGE? OR EMERGE?)

L22 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SOLITARY OR ALG? OR AQUATIC OR FRESHWATER OR VERTEBRAT? OR MAMMAL? OR RAT OR MOUSE OR MICE OR RABBIT OR HARE OR PROTECTION OR MODEL? OR VOLE OR PEST OR ARTHROPOD? OR BENEFICIALS OR TYPHLODROMUS OR APHIDIUS OR PARASITOID

L23 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON PREDATOR OR CHRYSOPERLA OR ORIUS OR SPIDER OR WORM? OR ?WORM OR EISENIA OR SOIL OR COLLEMBOL? OR MACRO ORGANISM OR FOLSOMIA OR SPRINGTAIL OR DECOMPOS? OR MICRO ORGANISMS OR MICROORGANISMS OR MICROBIAL OR CARBON OR NITROGEN

L24 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON PLANT? OR VEGETATIVE VIGO? OR SEEDLING OR GERMINATION OR MONOCOT? OR DICOT? OR SEWAGE OR

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          ACTIVATED SLUDGE OR BIODEGRAD? OR BIOACCUMULATION? OR AMPHIB?
          OR REPTILE? OR AQUATIC PLANT OR BENEFICIAL
L25         QUE SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  (L18 OR L19 OR L20 OR L21 OR L22
          OR L23 OR L24)
          SAVE TEMP L25 ECO/Q

 SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 14:08:39 ON 06 JAN 2020

' Final search - publications from 11 July 2019 onwards:

    FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 17:48:32 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L1        3389 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L2         185 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L1 AND ED>20190710
L3         184 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L2 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L4           5 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L5           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L4 AND ED>20190710
L6           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L5 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT

    FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 17:51:29 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L7        6837 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L8         179 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L7 AND ED>20190710
L9         179 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L8 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L10          3 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L11          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L10 AND ED>20190710
L12          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L11 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT

    FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 17:52:39 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L13      10344 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L14        249 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L13 AND ED>20190710
L15        222 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L14 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L16          8 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L17          3 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L16 AND ED>20190710
L18          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L17 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT

    FILE 'CABA' ENTERED AT 17:54:08 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L19      18097 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L20        375 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L19 AND ED>20190710
L21        375 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L20 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L22          5 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L23          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L22 AND ED>20190710
L24          2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L23 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT

    FILE 'FSTA' ENTERED AT 17:55:25 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L25         485 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L26          26 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L25 AND ED>20190710
L27          26 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L26 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L28           4 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L29           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L28 AND ED>20190710
L30           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L29 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT

    FILE 'PQSCITECH' ENTERED AT 17:56:15 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L31        5023 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L32         106 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L31 AND ED>20190710
L33         100 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L32 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L34           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L35           0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L34 AND ED>20190710

    FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 17:57:14 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L36       14513 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L37         538 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L36 AND ED>20190710
L38         380 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L37 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L39          21 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L40           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L39 AND ED>20190710
L41           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L40 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT

    FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 17:58:52 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L42        4107 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L43         159 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L42 AND ED>20190710
L44         158 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L43 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L45           5 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L46           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L45 AND ED>20190710
L47           1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L46 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT

    FILE 'ESBIOBASE' ENTERED AT 18:00:01 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L48        4632 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L49         163 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L48 AND ED>20190710
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L50       162 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L49 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
            OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L51         2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L52         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L51 AND ED>20190710
L53         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L52 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
            OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT

    FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:04:42 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L54     23833 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L55       688 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L54 AND ED>20190710
L56       338 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L55 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
            OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L57        59 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L58         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L57 AND ED>20190710
L59         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L58 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
            OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT

    FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 18:07:02 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L60     10481 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY1/Q
L61       375 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L60 AND ED>20190710
L62       365 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L61 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
            OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT
L63         7 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  GLY2/Q
L64         4 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L63 AND ED>20190710
L65         4 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L64 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
            OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/DT

    FILE 'MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CABA, FSTA, TOXCENTER, EMBASE,
    ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 18:14:15 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L66         7 DUP REM L6 L12 L18 L24 L30 L41 L47 L53 L59 L65 (9 DUPLICATES RE
              ANSWER '1' FROM FILE MEDLINE
              ANSWERS '2-3' FROM FILE AGRICOLA
              ANSWER '4' FROM FILE CABA
              ANSWER '5' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
              ANSWERS '6-7' FROM FILE SCISEARCH
            SAVE L66 GLY2SUB/A

    FILE 'MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CABA, FSTA, PQSCITECH, TOXCENTER,
    EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 18:15:40 ON 07 JAN 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L67       1372 DUP REM L3 L9 L15 L21 L27 L33 L38 L44 L50 L56 L62 (1117 DUPLICA
              ANSWERS '1-184' FROM FILE MEDLINE
              ANSWERS '185-347' FROM FILE AGRICOLA
              ANSWERS '348-482' FROM FILE BIOSIS
              ANSWERS '483-762' FROM FILE CABA
              ANSWERS '763-777' FROM FILE FSTA
              ANSWERS '778-862' FROM FILE PQSCITECH
              ANSWERS '863-1005' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
              ANSWERS '1006-1073' FROM FILE EMBASE
              ANSWERS '1074-1112' FROM FILE ESBIOBASE
              ANSWERS '1113-1234' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
              ANSWERS '1235-1372' FROM FILE SCISEARCH
            SAVE L67 GLY1SUB/A
L68       1372 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L66 OR L67
L69       1111 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L68 AND TOX/Q
            SAVE L69 GLY12TOX/A
L70       1214 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L68 AND RES/Q
            SAVE L70 GLY12RES/A
L71        838 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L67 AND FATE/Q
            SAVE L71 GLY1FATE/A
L72       1288 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L67 AND ECO/Q
            SAVE L72 GLY1ECO/A
L73       1364 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L69 OR L70 OR L71 OR L72
            SAVE L73 GLY2020TOP/A
E007060C        PRINT WZULEGER@KNOELL.COM N ALL

 SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 19:37:21 ON 07 JAN 2020
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Appendix 7: ORIGINAL SEARCH QUERY - Part 4

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:25:23 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L1 31 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L2 12 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND 2010-2020/PY
L3 12 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 12:28:44 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L4 4 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L5 4 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 AND 2010-2020/PY
L6 4 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 12:30:18 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L7 29 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L8 11 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 AND 2010-2020/PY
L9 10 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T

FILE 'CABA' ENTERED AT 12:31:01 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L10 5 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L11 3 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND 2010-2020/PY
L12 3 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T

FILE 'FSTA' ENTERED AT 12:31:41 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L13 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L14 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 AND 2010-2020/PY
L15 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T

FILE 'PQSCITECH' ENTERED AT 12:32:38 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L16 24 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L17 6 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 AND 2010-2020/PY
L18 3 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T

FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 12:33:06 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L19 84 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L20 29 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND 2010-2020/PY
L21 19 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 12:34:03 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L22 48 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L23 22 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND 2010-2020/PY
L24 22 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T

FILE 'ESBIOBASE' ENTERED AT 12:35:13 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689

L25 15 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON
IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI
C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H
YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE
OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L26 10 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND 2010-2020/PY
L27 10 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:36:33 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L28 694 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON
IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI
C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H
YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE
OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L29 197 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 AND 2010-2020/PY
L30 83 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T
L31 28 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L30 NOT PREP/RL

FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 12:38:57 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L32 67 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2617-47-2 OR HYDROXYMETHANEPHOSPHON
IC ACID OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONATE OR HYDROXYMETHYL PHOSPHONI
C ACID OR METHANEHYDROXYPHOSPHONIC ACID OR PHOSPHONIC ACID(1W)H
YDROXYMETHYL OR PHOSPHONOMETHANOL OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONATE
OR HYDROXYMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID
L33 22 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 AND 2010-2020/PY
L34 22 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L33 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
T

FILE 'MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CABA, FSTA, PQSCITECH, TOXCENTER,
EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 12:43:26 ON 24 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L35 58 DUP REM L3 L6 L9 L12 L15 L18 L21 L24 L27 L31 L34 (76 DUPLICATES
ANSWERS '1-12' FROM FILE MEDLINE
ANSWER '13' FROM FILE AGRICOLA
ANSWER '14' FROM FILE BIOSIS
ANSWER '15' FROM FILE PQSCITECH
ANSWERS '16-25' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
ANSWERS '26-34' FROM FILE EMBASE
ANSWER '35' FROM FILE ESBIOBASE
ANSWERS '36-50' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
ANSWERS '51-58' FROM FILE SCISEARCH
SAVE TEMP L35 GLYHMPASUBST/A
D ALL 1-35
D 36-58

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 12:52:59 ON 24 FEB 2020

Appendix 8: ORIGINAL SEARCH QUERY - Part 5a & 5b

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 19:52:46 ON 26 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689

L1 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 35404-71-8 OR METHYLAMINO METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR METHYLAMINOMETHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR METHYLAMINOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID OR N METHYL AMPA OR NSC 244826 OR PHOSPHONIC ACID METHYLAMINO METHYL OR PHOSPHONIC ACID P METHYLAMINO METHYL
SAVE TEMP L1 MET1/Q

L2 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 2 3 DIHYDROXY 1 OXOPROPYL AMINOMETH YL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR 2 3 DIHYDROXY 1 OXOPROPYL AMINOMETHYLPHOS PHONIC ACID OR N GLYCERYL AMPA
SAVE TEMP L2 MET2/Q

L3 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 3 OXO 3 PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO PROPANOIC ACID OR 3 OXO 3 PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINOPROPANOIC ACID OR N MALONYL AMPA
SAVE TEMP L3 MET3/Q

L4 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 993-13-5 OR DIHYDROGEN METHYLPHOSPH ONATE OR METHANEPHOSPHONIC ACID OR METHYL PHOSPHONIC ACID OR METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID OR NSC 119358 OR PHOSPHONIC ACID METHYL OR PHOSPHONIC ACID P METHYL
SAVE TEMP L4 MET4/Q

L5 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TOX? OR HAZARD? OR ADVERSE OR HEALTH OR NOAEL OR NOEL OR LOAEL OR LOEL OR BMD? OR IN VIVO OR IN VITRO OR INVIVO OR INVITRO OR MODE OF ACTION OR SKIN? OR EYE? OR IRRIT? OR SENSI? OR ALLERG?

L6 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON RAT OR RATS OR DOG? OR RABBIT? OR GUINEA PIG? OR MOUSE OR MICE OR METABOLISM OR METABOLITE? OR METABOLIC OR DISTRIBUTION OR ADSORPTION OR EXCRETION OR ELIMINATION OR KINETIC OR CYTOCHROME OR ENZYM?

L7 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GEN? OR MUTA? OR CHROMOS? OR CLASTOGEN? OR DNA OR CARCINO? OR CANCER? OR TUMOR? OR TUMOUR? OR ONCOG? OR ONCOL? OR MALIGN? OR IMMUN? OR NEUR? OR ENDOCRIN? OR HORMON? OR GONAD? OR DISRUPT?

L8 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON REPRODUCT? OR DEVELOPMENT? OR MALFORM? OR ANOMAL? OR FERTIL? OR FOET? OR FET? OR MATERN? OR PREGNAN? OR EMBRYO? OR EPIDEM? OR MEDICAL? OR POISON? OR EXPOSURE OR OPERATOR? OR BYSTANDER? OR RESIDENT? OR WORKER? OR OCCUPAT?

L9 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON BIOMONITORING OR HUMAN EXPOSURE OR MICROBIOME OR OXIDATIVE STRESS OR APOPTOSIS OR NECROSIS OR CYTOTOXICITY OR POLYOXYETHYLENEAMINE OR POEA OR SURFACTANT OR RISK ASSESSMENT?

L10 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8 OR L9)
SAVE TEMP L10 TOX/Q

L11 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON UPTAKE OR TRANSLOCATION OR RUMEN OR STORAGE STABILITY OR STORAGE OR STABILITY OR METABOLIC OR METABOLISM OR BREAKDOWN OR NATURE OF RESIDUES OR RESIDUE? OR MAGNITUDE OF RESIDUES OR PROCESS? OR EFFECTS OF PROCESSING

L12 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON DESSICANT OR PREHARVEST OR PREEMERG? OR ?RESISTANT? OR ?TOLERAN? OR TRANSGENIC OR HYDROLY? OR ROTATION? OR SUCCEED? OR PLANT? OR CROP? OR FEED? OR ANIMAL? OR LIVESTOCK? OR HEN OR CATTLE OR RUMINANT?

L13 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON GOAT? OR COW? OR PIG? OR DIETARY OR ASSESSMENT OR RISK ASSESSMENT OR CONSUM? OR EXPOSURE

L14 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L11 OR L12 OR L13)
SAVE TEMP L14 RES/Q

L15 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SOIL OR WATER OR SEDIMENT OR DEGRADAT? OR PHOTO? OR SOIL RESIDUES OR SOIL ACCUMULAT? OR SOIL CONTAMINAT? OR MOBILITY OR SORPTION OR COLUMN LEACHING OR AGED RESIDUE OR LEACH? OR LYSIMETER OR GROUNDWATER

L16 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON CONTAMINAT? OR MICROB? OR EXUDATION OR RHIZOSPHERE OR DISSIPATION OR SATURATED ZONE OR HYDROLYSIS OR DRIFT OR RUN-OFF OR RUNOFF OR DRAINAGE OR VOLAT? OR ATMOSPHERE OR LONG-RANGE TRANSPORT OR SHORT-RANGE TRANSPORT

L17 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TRANSPORT OR MICRONUTRIENT OR PHOSPHATE OR IRON OR MANGANESE OR HALF-LIFE OR HALFLIFE OR HALF-LIVES OR HALFLIVES OR DT50 OR KINETICS OR OFF-SITE MOVEMENT OR REMOVAL OR DRINKING WATER OR WATER TREATMENT PROCESSES

L18 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON ATMOSPHERIC DEPOSITION OR TILE-DRAI NS OR SURFACE WATER OR MONITORING DATA OR DISINFECTANT OR OZONE OR TILLAGE OR INFILTRATION OR HARD SURFACE OR RAINWATER OR RAIN WATER OR CHELAT? OR COMPLEX? OR MINERALIZATION OR PERSISTENCE OR LIGAND

L19 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (L15 OR L16 OR L17 OR L18)
SAVE TEMP L19 FATE/Q

L20 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON TOX? OR ECOTOX? OR ?TOXIC OR ?TOXICITY OR HAZARD OR ADVERSE OR ENDOCRINE DISRUPT? OR BIOACCUMULATE? OR BIOMAGNIFI? OR BIOCONCENTRATION OR POISON OR EFFECT OR INDIRECT EFFECT? OR DIRECT EFFECT? OR BIODIVERS? OR PROTECTION GOALS OR ECO?

L21 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON IMPACT OR POPULATION OR COMMUNITY OR WILDLIFE OR INCIDENT OR PEST OR BIRD? OR ACUTE OR CHRONIC OR LONG-TERM OR MALLARD OR DUCK OR QUAIL OR BOBWHITE OR ANAS? OR COLINUS? OR WILD OR DIETARY OR AQUATIC OR FISH OR DAPHNI? OR ALG? OR CHIRON?

L22 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SEDIMENT DWELL? OR BENTHIC OR LEMNA OR MARIN? OR ESTUARINE OR CRUSTA? OR GASTROPOD? OR INSECT OR MOLLUSC OR REPTILE OR AMPHIB? OR BEE? OR APIS OR APIDAE OR BUMBLE? OR COLONY OR HIVE OR POLLINATOR

L23 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON PLANT AND (SUBMERGE? OR EMERGE?)

L24 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON SOLITARY OR ALG? OR AQUATIC OR FRESHWATER OR VERTEBRAT? OR MAMMAL? OR RAT OR MOUSE OR MICE OR RABBIT OR HARE OR PROTECTION OR MODEL? OR VOLE OR PEST OR ARTHROPOD? OR BENEFICIALS OR TYPHLODROMUS OR APHIDIUS OR PARASITOID

L25 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON PREDATOR OR CHRYSOPERLA OR ORIUS OR SPIDER OR WORM? OR ?WORM OR EISENIA OR SOIL OR COLLEMBOL?

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          OR MACRO ORGANISM OR FOLSOMIA OR SPRINGTAIL OR DECOMPOS? OR
          MICRO ORGANISMS OR MICROORGANISMS OR MICROBIAL OR CARBON OR
          NITROGEN
L26         QUE SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  PLANT? OR VEGETATIVE VIGO? OR
          SEEDLING OR GERMINATION OR MONOCOT? OR DICOT? OR SEWAGE OR
          ACTIVATED SLUDGE OR BIODEGRAD? OR BIOACCUMULATION? OR AMPHIB?
          OR REPTILE? OR AQUATIC PLANT OR BENEFICIAL
L27         QUE SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  (L20 OR L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24
          OR L25 OR L26)
          SAVE TEMP L27 ECO/Q

 SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 20:06:32 ON 26 FEB 2020


' Final search - publication year 2010-2020:

    FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:09:43 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L1          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L2          1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L1 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
L3          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L4          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L5        199 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L6        198 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L5 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L2 MEDLMET123/A
          SAVE TEMP L6 MEDLMET4/A

    FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 10:18:08 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L7          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L8          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L9          0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L10        91 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L11        91 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L10 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L11 AGRIMET4/A

    FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:20:50 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L12         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L13         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L12 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
L14         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L15         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L16       174 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L17       150 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L16 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L13 BIOSMET123/A
          SAVE TEMP L17 BIOSMET4/A

    FILE 'CABA' ENTERED AT 10:24:39 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L18         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L19         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L20         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L21        36 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L22        36 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L21 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L22 CABAMET4/A

    FILE 'FSTA' ENTERED AT 10:28:39 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L23         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L24         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L25         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L26         3 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L27         2 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L26 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L27 FSTAMET4/A

    FILE 'PQSCITECH' ENTERED AT 10:29:50 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L28         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L29         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L30         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L31        74 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L32        72 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L31 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L32 PQSCIMET4/A

    FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 10:31:16 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L33         6 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L34         4 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L33 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
L35         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L36         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L37       455 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L38       353 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L37 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
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          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L34 TOXCMET123/A
          SAVE TEMP L38 TOXCMET4/A

   FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 10:34:46 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L39         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L40         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L39 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
L41         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L42         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L43       427 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L44       426 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L43 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L40 EMBAMET123/A
          SAVE TEMP L44 EMBAMET4/A

   FILE 'ESBIOBASE' ENTERED AT 10:38:15 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L45         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L46         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L45 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
L47         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L48         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L49        58 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L50        58 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L49 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L46 ESBIOMET123/A
          SAVE TEMP L50 ESBIOMET4/A

   FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:46:20 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L51        11 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L52         4 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L51 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
L53         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L54         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L55      1187 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L56       616 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L55 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L52 HCAPMET123/A
          SAVE TEMP L56 HCAPMET4/A

   FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 10:49:48 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L57         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET1/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L58         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET2/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L59         0 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET3/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L60       329 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  MET4/Q AND 2010-2020/PY
L61       329 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L60 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
L62         1 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L57 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L62 SCISMET123/A
          SAVE TEMP L61 SCISMET4/A

   FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:56:13 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689

   FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, TOXCENTER, EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH'
   ENTERED AT 11:06:41 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L63         4 DUP REM L2 L13 L34 L40 L46 L52 L62 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
              ANSWER '1' FROM FILE MEDLINE
              ANSWER '2' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
              ANSWERS '3-4' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
          SAVE L63 MET123SUB/A

   FILE 'MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CABA, FSTA, PQSCITECH, TOXCENTER,
   EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 11:07:19 ON 27 FEB 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L64      1051 DUP REM L6 L11 L17 L22 L27 L32 L38 L44 L50 L56 L61 (1280 DUPLIC
              ANSWERS '1-198' FROM FILE MEDLINE
              ANSWERS '199-245' FROM FILE AGRICOLA
              ANSWERS '246-306' FROM FILE BIOSIS
              ANSWERS '307-314' FROM FILE CABA
              ANSWERS '315-340' FROM FILE PQSCITECH
              ANSWERS '341-476' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
              ANSWERS '477-722' FROM FILE EMBASE
              ANSWERS '723-726' FROM FILE ESBIOBASE
              ANSWERS '727-1011' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
              ANSWERS '1012-1051' FROM FILE SCISEARCH
          SAVE L64 MET4SUB/A

L65       759 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L64 AND TOX/Q
          SAVE L65 MET4TOX/A
L66       627 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L64 AND RES/Q
          SAVE L66 MET4RES/A
L67       752 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L64 AND FATE/Q
          SAVE L67 MET4FATE/A
L68       806 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L64 AND ECO/Q
          SAVE L68 MET4ECO/A
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L69 1018 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L65 OR L66 OR L67 OR L68
SAVE L69 MET4FINAL/A

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 11:45:12 ON 27 FEB 2020

' Database Registry (for identification of substance search terms):

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:31:27 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L1 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 24569-83-3
D IDE

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 15:33:34 ON 04 MAY 2020

Appendix 9: ORIGINAL SEARCH QUERY - Part 6

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 17:25:56 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L1 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 24569-83-3 OR 2 METHYL PHOSPHONOMET HYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR 2 METHYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINOACETIC ACID OR ACETIC ACID 2 N METHYL N PHOSPHONATOMETHYL AMINO OR GLYCINE N METHYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL OR GLYPHOSATE N METHYL OR METHYL GLYPHOSATE
L2 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON METHYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINO ACETIC ACID OR METHYL PHOSPHONOMETHYL AMINOACETIC ACID OR N METHYL N PHOSPHONOMETHYL GLYCINE OR N METHYLGLYPHOSATE OR N PHOSPHONOMETHYL N METHYL GLYCINE OR N PHOSPHONOMETHYL N METHYLGLYCINE
L3 QUE SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
SAVE TEMP L3 GLYNMG/Q
L4 10 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
L5 7 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 AND 2010-2020/PY
L6 7 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T
SAVE TEMP L6 NMGMEDL/A

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 17:30:51 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L7 7 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
L8 6 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 AND 2010-2020/PY
L9 6 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T
SAVE TEMP L9 NMGAGRI/A

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 17:32:38 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L10 22 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
L11 7 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND 2010-2020/PY
L12 6 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T
SAVE TEMP L12 NMGBIOS/A

FILE 'CABA' ENTERED AT 17:36:02 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L13 41 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
L14 16 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 AND 2010-2020/PY
L15 16 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T
SAVE TEMP L15 NMGCABA/A

FILE 'FSTA' ENTERED AT 17:37:34 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L16 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
L17 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 AND 2010-2020/PY
L18 2 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T
SAVE TEMP L18 NMGFSTA/A

FILE 'PQSCITECH' ENTERED AT 17:38:33 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L19 12 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
L20 6 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND 2010-2020/PY
L21 6 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T
SAVE TEMP L21 NMGPQSCI/A

FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 17:41:26 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L22 39 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
L23 27 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND 2010-2020/PY
L24 19 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T
SAVE TEMP L24 NMGTOXC/A

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 17:44:29 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L25 10 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
L26 7 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND 2010-2020/PY
L27 7 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T
SAVE TEMP L27 NMGEMBA/A

FILE 'ESBIOBASE' ENTERED AT 17:45:52 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L28 12 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
L29 8 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 AND 2010-2020/PY
L30 8 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D T
SAVE TEMP L30 NMGESBIO/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:47:33 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L31 120 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 OR L2
L32 57 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L31 AND 2010-2020/PY
L33 27 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION

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          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L33 NMGHCAP/A

    FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 17:50:06 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L34       28 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L1 OR L2
L35       12 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L34 AND 2010-2020/PY
L36       12 SEA SPE=ON  ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L35 NOT (COMMENT? OR DISSERTATION
          OR EDITORIAL OR MEETING? OR NEWS? OR PATENT OR PRESS RELEASE)/D
          T
          SAVE TEMP L36 NMGSCIS/A

    FILE 'MEDLINE, AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CABA, FSTA, PQSCITECH, TOXCENTER,
    EMBASE, ESBIOBASE, HCAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 17:53:27 ON 04 MAY 2020
CHARGED TO COST=108689
L37       46 DUP REM L6 L9 L12 L15 L18 L21 L24 L27 L30 L33 L36 (70 DUPLICATE
             ANSWERS '1-7' FROM FILE MEDLINE
             ANSWERS '8-11' FROM FILE AGRICOLA
             ANSWER '12' FROM FILE BIOSIS
             ANSWERS '13-22' FROM FILE CABA
             ANSWER '23' FROM FILE PQSCITECH
             ANSWERS '24-30' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
             ANSWERS '31-32' FROM FILE ESBIOBASE
             ANSWERS '33-46' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
          SAVE L37 GLYNMGSUBST/A
          D COST FUL
          D ALL 1-32
          D 33-46

 SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 20:54:50 ON 04 MAY 2020
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