



DRAFT ANNEX TO ISPM 28: COLD TREATMENT FOR *CERATITIS CAPITATA* ON *CITRUS RETICULATA* (2007-212)

Status box	
<i>This is not an official part of the annex to the standard and it will be modified by the IPPC Secretariat after adoption.</i>	
Date of this document	2016-11-28
Document category	Draft annex to ISPM 28
Current document stage	To CPM for adoption
Major stages	2007-09 Treatment submitted in response to call for treatments 2007-12 TPPT meeting revised draft <i>Cold treatment of Citrus reticulata</i> x <i>C. sinensis</i> for <i>Ceratitidis capitata</i> 2008-04 CPM-3 added subject under the topic <i>Fruit fly treatments</i> 2008-09 SC approved for member consultation via e-decision 2009-06 Sent for member consultation 2010-07 TPPT meeting revised draft and recommended to SC for adoption 2011-11 SC recommended to CPM-7 for adoption 2012-03 Treatment received formal objections 2012-09 TPPT virtual meeting drafted response to formal objections (no revision recommended with formal objections) 2012-12 TPPT meeting reviewed draft (no changes made) and recommended to SC for adoption 2013-06 SC did not reach consensus during the forum discussion and agreed to discuss draft at SC 2013-11 2013-11 SC agreed to request TPPT to address SC member concern 2015-11 SC assigned the status “pending” 2016-09 TPPT meeting (TPPT agreed that there are no fruit fly population differences in relation to cold treatment and no varietal/cultivar effects, thus TPPT recommended title change) 2016-09 TPPT recommended to SC for adoption 2016-11 SC recommended to CPM-12 for adoption via e-decision (2016_eSC_Nov_09)
Treatment Lead	2010-11 SC: Mr Antarjo DIKIN (ID) 2012-12 TPPT: Mr Mike ORMSBY (NZ)
Notes	2008-09 TPPT e-mail discussion 2010-10 TPPT e-mail discussion 2011-08 Formatted in basic template 2012-01 Formatted in CPM template and translated for CPM-7 2013-01 TPPT finalized response to formal objections 2013-05 Reformatted in new basic template 2015-05 Pending research results 2016-11 Edited

Scope of the treatment

- [1] This treatment describes the cold treatment of fruit of *Citrus reticulata*¹ to result in the mortality of eggs and larvae of *Ceratitis capitata* at the stated efficacy².

Treatment description

- [2] **Name of treatment** Cold treatment for *Ceratitis capitata* on *Citrus reticulata*
- [3] **Active ingredient** N/A
- [4] **Treatment type** Physical (cold)
- [5] **Target pest** *Ceratitis capitata* (Wiedemann, 1824) (Diptera: Tephritidae)
- [6] **Target regulated articles** Fruit of *Citrus reticulata*
- [7] **Treatment schedule**
- [8] 2 °C or below for 23 continuous days.
- [9] There is 95% confidence that the treatment according to this schedule kills not less than 99.9918% of eggs and larvae of *Ceratitis capitata*.
- [10] The fruit must reach the treatment temperature before treatment exposure time commences. The fruit temperature should be monitored and recorded, and the temperature should not exceed the stated level throughout the duration of the treatment.

Other relevant information

- [11] In evaluating this treatment the Technical Panel on Phytosanitary Treatments considered issues associated with temperature regimes and thermal conditioning, taking into account the work of Hallman and Mangan (1997).
- [12] This schedule was based on the work of Gastaminza *et al.* (2007) and Willink *et al.* (2007) and was developed using the cultivar “Nova” (*C. reticulata*) and using larval mortality.

References

- [13] The present annex to the standard may refer to international standards for phytosanitary measures (ISPMs). ISPMs are available on the International Phytosanitary Portal (IPP) at <https://www.ippc.int/core-activities/standards-setting/ispms>.
- [14] **Gastaminza, G., Willink, E., Gramajo, M.C., Salvatore, A., Villagrán, M.E., Carrizo, B., Macián, A., Avila, R., Favre, P., Toledo, S., García Degano, M.F., Socías, M.G. & Oviedo, A. 2007. Tratamientos con frío para el control de *Ceratitis capitata* y *Anastrepha fraterculus* para la exportación de cítricos. In Moscas de los frutos y su relevancia cuarentenaria en la citricultura del Noroeste Argentino: once años de investigaciones 1996–2007. E. Willink, G. Gastaminza, L. Augier & B. Stein, eds. Centro de Investigaciones Cuarentenarias, Sección Zoología Agrícola, Estación Experimental**

¹ Citrus species and hybrids are named according to the nomenclature in Cottin, R. 2002. *Citrus of the world: A citrus directory*, version 2.0. France, SRA INRA-CIRAD.

² The scope of phytosanitary treatments does not include issues related to pesticide registration or other domestic requirements for contracting parties' approval of treatments. Treatments adopted by the Commission on Phytosanitary Measures may not provide information on specific effects on human health or food safety, which should be addressed using domestic procedures before contracting parties approve a treatment. In addition, potential effects of treatments on product quality are considered for some host commodities before their international adoption. However, evaluation of any effects of a treatment on the quality of commodities may require additional consideration. There is no obligation for a contracting party to approve, register or adopt the treatments for use in its territory.

Agroindustrial Obispo Colombres, Las Talitas, Tucumán, Argentina. Available at <http://www.eeaoc.org.ar> (last accessed 1 September 2016).

- [15] **Hallman, G.J. & Mangan, R.L.** 1997. Concerns with temperature quarantine treatment research. In G.L. Obenauf, ed. *1997 Annual International Research Conference on Methyl Bromide Alternatives and Emissions Reduction*. San Diego, CA, 3–5 November 1997, pp. 79-1–79-4.
- [16] **Willink, E., Gastaminza, G., Gramajo, M.C., Salvatore, A., Villagrán, M.E., Carrizo, B., Macián, A., Avila, R. & Favre, P.** 2007. Estudios básicos para el desarrollo de tratamientos cuarentenarios con frío para *Ceratitis capitata* y *Anastepha fraterculus* en cítricos de Argentina. In *Moscas de los frutos y su relevancia cuarentenaria en la citricultura del Noroeste Argentino: once años de investigaciones 1996–2007*. E. Willink, G. Gastaminza, L. Augier & B. Stein, eds. Centro de Investigaciones Cuarentenarias, Sección Zoología Agrícola, Estación Experimental Agroindustrial Obispo Colombres, Las Talitas, Tucumán, Argentina. Available at <http://www.eeaoc.org.ar> (last accessed 1 September 2016).